GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, Feb. 22, 1905. VOL. XXXI, NO. 4

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT ONLY

Thursday, March 2nd.

A complete scenic production of

SHAKESPERE'S GREATEST COMEDY

The Merchant of Venice.

MR. JOSEPH DEGRASSE AS SHYLOCK

Supported by

a strong company magnificiently costumed.

Sale of seats opens at Daly and Church's on Tues. Feb. 28

Prices, $1.00, 75, 50, 35 and 25 cents.

1905 WASH GOODS.

The new wash goods shown this year are made up in particularly pretty designs and we can show you the prettiest line in the city. We call your attention to a special items:

New spring Percale 36 inches wide, 12 1-2c per yd.

Mohair Lustre for shirt waist suits only 18 and 20c

Pretty black and white effects for shirt waists and shirt waist suits at 22 cents per yard.

Dainty figured Organdies at 14 to 40c.

Cotton Voile Suiting, dark and light grounds with figures at 10 cents.

New Goods Coming in Daily.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

WANT GRAND RAPIDS

Some People who are Alive to the Advantage of This City for the Capitol.

Some of our neighbors, at least, are commencing to wake up to the advantages of Grand Rapids as a city for the location of the state capitol. Of course the people here have known right along that Grand Rapids is the best location in the state, but they have not said much about the matter, preferring in true democratic spirit to allow the office to seek the town. The following is from the Pittsville Times:

A suggestion concerning the removal of the capitol from Madison comes from an unexpected quarter—Marinette county. Mr. Barney Gissenaas, of Pound, points out to the Marinette Eagel-Star the fact that Grand Rapids is the most convenient point in the state for its location, and if it were the aim of the movers to locate the seat of the state government where it would be central and easily accessible from every corner of the state, that city would get it.

Grand Rapids is in about the geographical center of Wisconsin, has four big railroads and is a growing city in one of the fastest growing counties in the state. The United States census shows that this county has increased in populaion 42 per cent between 1890 and 1900 and the city of Grand Rapids shows also an astounishing increase.

Mr. Gissenaas says:

Now that the question of moving the State Capitol from its present location to some other city is up for consideration, the thought occurs to me that if a change is made it ought to be located in the most central spot, easy of access by rail from all parts of the state, and from a geographical center, and in fariness in view to the whole people. The city of Grand Rapids appeals to me as the ideal location for our capitol. A discussion of this question by the press would be most timely.

Milwaukee or Oshkosh, which has been proposed, are no better than its present location, and unless it is moved to a central location I think it might as well be left at Madison.

Respectfully, B. Gissenaas.

It is up to Grand Rapids to dip in its oars and if nothing else comes of it the talk thruout the state would do much to advertise the place.

Let us push for Grand Rapids—anything that helps a city in this county, helps us.

"Grand Rapids" spelled out in big black letters on the future maps of Wisconisn, with a big six-pointed star indicating the location of the capitol of the state would look good.

Who will Win the Automobile?

The capital prize in The Evening Wisconsin proverb contest is a Rambler automobile costing $850, along with 77 other handsome premiums, having a total value of $3200.

The contest opened on February 13 and is the most interesting ever conducted by a newspaper in the state. From day to day for fifty eigth days there will be published in the Evening Wisconsin a proverb picture. For the correct or nearest correct solution of these illustrations the Rambler automobile will be given away, the remaining prizes to be awarded according to the number of correct answers sent in at the close of the contest.

Buy a copy of the Evening Wisconsin from your newsdealer or newsboy and study the conditions of the contest. It is open to all readers.

All inquiries should be addressed to the Proverb Editor, Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee.

No Primary This Year.

It is probable that no primary election will be held in this city this year. The city administration is making an effort to avoid the matter, and those who are to run for office seem perfectly willing that it should be done. As our city officers are elected without regard to their part affiliations there is no call for a primary election, as the holding of it would only mean an added epxense to the city without any gain to its citizens. Many cities thruout the state are adopting the same plan.

Pansies Big as Sunflowers.

Did you ever see a pansy as big as a sunflower? If you come to the Lewis and Clark Exposition next year you will see thousands as large. The pansy, will for the first time in exposition history, form an important part of the decorative scheme of the Fair.

Experience has shown that the climate of Oregon, which grows wheat and other farm products in wonderful prodigality, is equally well adapted to the more ornamental, if less valuable, flowers. Roses bloom in rictous profusion the year around in Oregon, and Portland has gained the name of the Rose City on this account.

But the development of the pansy is more recent. An energetic Portland florits, thinking that the climate and soil conditions should favor the development of the plant, imported from all parts of the world the choicest specimens of the flower. These different varieties were improved by artificial cultivation, and it was found that some few were especially adapted to life in Portalnd. The florist has devoted his attention to the choicest of these for several years, and the pansy has improved wonderfully under his care. Last summer there were any number of blossoms four inches across, and even better results are expected for the exposition year. There will be 5,000 pansy plants set out in beds in various parts of the exposition grounds, to complete in popularity with the ever-popular Oregon rose.

Captured.

Contributed.

Mrs. Frank Wagner requested the ladies of the W. R. C. to meet with her last Friay evening at 7 o'clock p. m. sharp., which they rpoceeded to do and were very eagerly discussing the merits of molasses candy, when Commander Packard and past post Commander Porter were introduced to the ladies saying that the presence of the ladies was requotsed at once at the G. A. R. hall on a matter of great importance. So Mrs. Wagner kindly excused the ladies and they were escorted to the G. A. R. hall and were ushered up stairs to lay aside their wraps. After a few moments spent in greeting the old comrades, the ladies were requested to choose partners and proceed to the dining room below, where the tables were beautifully laid, ready for a bountiful dinner which all proceeded to do justice to.

After satisfying the inner man all returned to the hall up stairs when a short literary program was carried out. Commander Packard's remarks were strong, forcefull and Christian like. Remarks by Rev. Staff were greatly enjoyed by all. And Brother Pratt gave a rather humorous recitation. Miss Pratt, Mrs. McGlynn, Mr. and Mrs. Stamm rendered several fine selections of music, also a recitation by little Johnny Burgett, son of a veteran.

Well boys your surprise was a great success. Come again, we had just as soon be captured in that way again.

Mrs. Wagner played her part well on the ladies of the W. R. C. and the old boys made good table waiters and were very attentive to the ladies to see that all had enough of the good things to eat.

Fight with Tramps.

When the evening passenger on the St. Paul road pulled out on Thursday evening Baggageman Shregg discovered two tramps on the train. He made an effort to put them off when one of the bums tackled him with a piece of iron, striking him across the knee and nearly putting him out of business. He had a lantern in his hand which he used as a weapon, striking the tramp several good thumps over the head, demolishing the lantern and inducing the tramp to get off. About this time conductor Moran appeared on the scene of conflict and the other fellow was hustled off without further damage. The tramp which had done the fighting afterward went to a local physician and had his wounds dressed, when a good sized piece of glass was taken from a cut in his head. Tramps have been giving considerable trouble at various places in this locality, and they seem to have plenty of nerve to help them along.

Held to Circuit Court.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Johnson were taken before Justice Brown on Thursday to have their hearing on a charge of keeping a house of ill fame but they waived examination and were bound over to the circuit court with bonds at $750 each. The six girls that were arrested at the place were held as witnesses in the case.

A New Orchestra.

Prof. R. F Ellis of Nekoosa has organized an orchestra in this city, and expects to make regular trips here to rehearse the new combination. The members are: R. F. Ellis, first violin; Bert Chose, second violin; A. P. Hirzy, flute; Charles Halvorsen, clarinet; Walter Demroe, cornet; Max Sewatsky, trombone; A. H. Colcord, bass; Miss Kathryn Galligan, piano.

Fraud Exposed.

A few counterfeiters have lately been making and trying to sell imitations of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, and other medicines, thereby defrauding the public. This is to warn you to beware of such people, who seek to profit, through stealing the reputation of remedies which have been successfully curing disease, for over 35 years. A sure protection, to you, is our name on the wrapper. Look for it, on all Dr. King's, or Bucklen's remedies, as all others are mere imitations. H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, Ill., and Windsor, Canada. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

ATHLETES TO MEET.

Coming Field Meet Day Promises to be the Largest in the History of College.

[Special to the Tribune.]

Appleton, Wis., Feb. If Grand Rapids athletes, who will represent Grand Rapids high school in the coming Northeast Wisconsin Interscholastic athletic meet to be held in Appleton the latter part of May, expect to take home the $100 silver trophy which is awarded the team scoring the hihgest number of points, they will have to be conquerors of about forty high school teams of this state, for nearly that many have already given the Lawrence University Athletic association assurance that they will be represented in the third annual meet. Promoters of the mammoth meet now confidently believe that no less than 250 high school athletes will participate.

Among the schools that already have consented to enter teams are Grand Rapids, Marinette, Peshtigo, Oconto, Green Bay, (east and west side) Depere, Kaukauna, Appleton, Neenah, Menasha, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Omro, Berlin, Weyauwega, Seymour, New London, Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Sturgeon Bay, Stevens Point, Merrill, Wausau, Waupaca, Waupun, Tomahawk and Rhinelander. Negotiations are now pending with a number of other schools within the radius of 150 miles from Appleton and every indication points to the above number being increased to forty.

As has been the case during the two years previous, the expense incurred by sending athletes to Appleton falls entirely upon the Lawrence University Athletic association, which organization realizes sufficient funds from gate receipts and incidentals to defray railroad fares and hotel bills of all competing athletes. Each high school this year will be limited to a team of seven men, any three of whom will be eligible in any and all events on the program.

West Milwaukee Shops.

Here are a few facts worthy of careful consideration by Milwaukee people, if there are any, who think the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company is not doing its part in the industrial line in supporting the population of this city. During the last year the company spent nearly $1,000,000 in enlarging its shops and increasing their capacity generally for doing the constructive and repair work for the rolling stock of its entire great system of railroad. While the work of the last year shows conspicuously as an industrial feature for consideration, these enlargements to the capacity of the shops will make possible a large increase in the number of persons employed, the money paid in wages, and the work done the coming year and in years to follow. During 1904 the average number of men employed in these shops for the entire year was 3,289 and the bundle of money paid for their services rendered amounted to the snug sum of $1,944,989.94. This bunch of money was paid to men whose homes are in Milwaukee, and its dissemination into the various channels of trade in the city, in the support of these men and their families, was certainly not without an influence in increasing the monthly receipts of a great many concerns doing a retail business. There are probably plenty of people in Milwaukee who think these great shops are devoted chiefly to repairing the rolling stock of the road. Doubtless many would think that when this force of over 3,000 men employed had given thorough repairs to the 56,559 freight cars brought to them in crippled and dilapidated conditions, and sent out again practically as good as new, there would be little time left to devote to new work, yet the following list shows there was a good deal else going on there besides repairing crippled freight cars. Here is the list of products for the year 1904:

Nine six-wheel switch engines.

Ten consolidation freight engines.

Eight ten-wheel freight engines.

Eight baggage cars.

Six mail and express cars.

Nine mail cars.

Ten box cars, 60,000 pounds capacity.

One thousand box cars, 80,000 pounds capacity.

Three hundred and thirty gondola cars, 100,000 pounds capacity.

Ten flat cars, 60,000 pounds capacity.

Fifty-six thousand five hundred and fifty-nine freight cars repaired.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

New Shylock for Theatre-goers.

Mr. Fred A. Hayward proffers for the commendation of the local playgoers, a talented young star in the person of Mr. Joseph De Grasse in the character of "Shylock" in Shakespeare's masterpiece, "The Merchant of Venice." The presentation will be made at the Grand Opera House on Thursday, March 2, and the company is one of the strongest ever gathered together for a Shakespearean production. Seats on sale next Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock.

Basket Ball Saturday.

There will be two games of basket ball at the high school gymnasium on Saturday evening. The boys and girls teams are coming from Sparta and will play the home teams. People who like this sort of amusement should make it a point to be at the high school gymnasium that evening, as they are promised two good games.

Eagles' State Meeting.

The Green Bay Aerie of Eagles are making great plans for the annual state meeting of that order, which will be held at that place in June, and have sent the following invitation in the paraphrased form of a warranty deed to the thirty seven aeries in Wisconsin:

"Fraternal Brother: Know all men by these Presents, That we, God's chosen few, have taken unto ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of June 20, 21 and 22 Ab Domino 1905, as and for the Third Annual Wisconsin State convention of the Fraternal Order of Eagles.

"To have and to hold the same, the whole thereof, and each and every hour thereof, for the promotion of Good Fellowship and the promulgation of the virtues of our creed.

"And know ye further:

"That notice is hereby given to the World that said days belong to us by pre-eminent right of discovery —we saw them first—keep off the grass—no trespassing!

"And it is further covenanted and agreed by and between Green Bay aerie and the rest of the faithful that whosoever shall separate himself from so much of the coin of the realm as will bring him within the borders of our sacred city during said days shall be given title to such days and said City free and clear of all legal liens and incumbrances and the title to said city in the quiet and peaceable possession of the ever faithful Green Bay aerie will forever warrant and defend.

"In Witness Whereof Green Bay aerie has hereunto set her hand and foot and caused these presents to be signed by its president, attested by its secretary, and its official seal to be hereunto affixed all as of the date of February 13, in the year of Our Lord, 1905.

"A. B. Fontaine, President.

"Attest:

"W. S. Ladewig, Secretary.

"And in witness and attestation of which the Mayor of the City of Green Bay had hereunto set his official sanction the day of and year above mentioned.

"Robert E. Minahan, Mayor."

Woodmen Circle Meeting.

The State Convention of the Woodmen circle, auxiliary to the Woodmen of the World was held in this city Friday, Feb. 20th. Owing to the snow blockades and uncertainty of running of trains, many of the delegates did not come. Delegates from Milwaukee, Racine, Babcock etc. were present. This being the first convention of this order in this state, Mrs. Magdalene Henning of Omaha, Sov. deputy, called the convention to order.

The following officers were elected to the next convention to be held at Milwaukee in 1907:

Grand Guardian—Jennie Loring of Milwaukee.

Grand Advisor—Francis Edward of Babcock.

Grand Clerk—Louise F. Kruger, city.

Grand Banker—Mary Griffith of Babcock.

Delegates to the National convention to be held at Chattanooga, Tenn. in May, 1905, Mrs. Luetta Ellman of of Milwaukee.

Travel Class Entertains.

The members of the Travel Class entertained their friends on Thursday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. MacKinnon, and the result was a very pleasant evening. The forepart of the entertainment consisted in the showing of a large number of lantern slides of prominent and historic places in Scotland which were thoroly appreciated by those present. The class has been studying Scotland during the past year, so that the slides were especially interesting to the members, who were in a way familiar with the historic places. At the conclusion of this part of the evening's entertainment tables were brought out and those present engaged in playing military euchre. At this Mrs. Arthur Ramsey proved herself the most skillful among the ladies, while W. J. Conway carried off the prize among the gentlemen. At the conclusion of the card game refreshments were served, and all departed for home with the kindliest of feelings toward the Travel Class, and their host and hostess, Mr. and Mrs. MacKinnon.

Broke a Leg.

George Andrews, son of John Andrews of the town of Sigel, broke his left leg on Saturday afternoon while engaged in a friendly wrestling bout with his uncle, Steve Green, in the saloon of Lawrence Shadkowsky on the west side. Surgical aid was at once summoned and the injured man taken to Riverview hospital, when an examination showed that both bones of the leg had been broken. The fracture was reduced and he has since been getting along as well as can be expected.

It is Impossible to give any idea how I suffered from rheumatism writes Mrs. F. Helm, of Bible Grove, Ill. Since using "Gloria Tonic" I am in better health than I was for ten years and I recommend this remedy to all. Sold by John E. Daly.

Don't Forget to ask anyone who has ever used Warner's White Wine of Tar for a bad cough or cold and hear what they have to say. For sale by F. L. Steib & Co.

—Wanted—Cash for a $1,300 mortgage. Good real estate security. See Bauman & Davis, Loans and Real Estate.

WILL HAVE A TIME.

Catholic Order of Foresters Preparing to Entertian a Large Number of Visitors.

The second annual meeting of the Side Rank Council of the Catholic Order of Foresters of the Wisconsin valley will be held in this city next Tuesday evening at the Opera house. The local lodge is preparing for a big time and there is no doubt but what they will have it. The last meeting was held at Wausau, and there was a large attendance there from surrounding towns, but it is probable that the coming meet will eclipse last year's meeting by a large majority.

Invitations have been extended to the lodges at Wausau, Merrill, Tomahawk, Stevens Point, Marshfield, Nekoosa, Tomah, Junction City and West Grand Rapids. All of these lodges have replied to the invitation and signified their determination of sending a delegation, and the local members expect to have about three hundred in attendance. Wausau will bring down their delegation in a special car, which would indicate that there will be a large attendance from that city.

The affair will occur at the opera house, and besides the regular work of the order, a banquet will be served and a general good time indulged in. The affair, of course, will be private, only members of the order being present.

"Merchant of Venice" Coming.

Shouldering gracefully the mantle of "Shylock", Mr. Joseph De Grasse, will be seen at the Grand Opera House in this city next Thursday, March 2 in "The Merchant of Venice", under the direction of Mr. Fred A. Hayward. The production is a massive one in every respect and the artistic triumphs scored elsewhere by this clever and interesting star may be duplicated here without fear of disapprobation. The production is one of the most complete ever sent on tour and it should be the most noteworthy event in the local theatrical season.

Death of Colin McNicol.

Colin McNicol of Vesper died very suddenly on Saturday as the result of an attack of apoplexy. He had gone to his mill and when he returned to his home, suddenly dropped on the floor in an unconscious condition, and died in a few minutes. Deceased was 58 years of age and had been a resident of Vesper during the past two and a half years. He is survived by his wife and two grown children, a boy and a girl. The remains were brought to this city today for burial, the funeral services being in charge of the Masonic fraternity.

2-8 4t **Notice of Application.**

State of Wisconsin—County Court for Wood County—In Probate.

In the Matter of the Will of William Wilgen, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, That at the regular term of the county court to be held in and for said county at the county judge's office in the court house, in the city of Grand Rapids in said county, on the first Tuesday (being the 7th day) of March, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of Nicholas Wilgen for the admission to probate of the will of William Wilgen, deceased, late of the town of Lincoln, in said county, and for the granting and issuing of letters testamentary thereupon to Thomas Morsch, the executor named in the will, or for the granting and issuing of letters of administration with will annexed to John Marx of Neillsville, Wisconsin.

Dated February 7th, 1905.

By the Court, W. J. CONWAY, County Judge.

Your Money

cannot be more safely invested than in some good piece of property.

We Can Help You

to secure thoroughly good Real Estate at attractive figures and to dispose of any of your present holdings most advantageously.

Lots in Cloverdale Addition at $100, payable $10 down and $5 each month.

Taylor & Scott, Agents

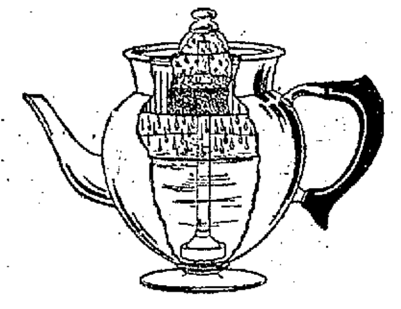
Phone 396

We are always waiting at our end of the line

When you have a drug store need and are unable to come to our store for it, telephone us and we will promptly deliver it. We will send to your home for prescriptions and deliver the remedy after it is compounded.

Get the habit of remembering 'Phone 396 whenever you have occasion to think of drugs. An emergency may arise when our service will be of the utmost value to you.

JOHNSON & HILL CO., Drug Dept.



Do You Like Good Coffee?

If so, you should use a Dunlap Percolator. They make the best that can be made. Will save their cost three times in one year. Look them over at Purnell's Hardware store, then take one home and try it and you will be convinced that they are all right.

GEO. W. PURNELL

Are You in Trouble

About getting good Lumber?

About getting well made doors?

About getting straight grained shingles?

About getting seasoned material?

About getting odd sizes?

About getting prompt delivery?

If so, we can relieve you. We carry the best.

Kellogg Bros. Lumber Co.

East Grand Rapids, Tel. 357. West Grand Rapids, Tel. 356. Nekoosa, Tel. 20.

Subscribe for the Tribune.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

GRAND RAPIDS. - WISCONSIN.

WORLD'S NEWS TOLD IN PARAGRAPHS

T. V. Law, police magistrate at Rossville, Ill., was found dead hanging by the neck from a rafter in a woodshed at his home.

In a saloon affray at Perry, Ill., Aaron Frailey stabbed Joe Nowlin, penetrating the left lung. The wound, it is thought, will be fatal.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed at Springfield, Ill., by Harrison B. Walter, a contractor of Danville. He schedules his liabilities at $40,244; assets, $22,869.

J. N. Holsapple, who until recently lived in Chicago and Rock Island, Ill., killed himself at Kansas City, Mo., because his former wife would not remarry him.

Claude S. Snively, an attorney in the office of Washburn, Mitchell and Bailey, pitched head long from the fifth-story window in the Lonsdale building, Duluth, and was killed.

The Orient line steamer Orizaba, with passengers and mails for Sydney, New South Wales, is ashore off Garden island, Australasia. The passengers and mails were landed.

Federal Judge Anderson enjoined the city of Indianapolis from enforcing an ordinance recently passed to compel the Indianapolis Gas company to sell fuel gas at 50 cents per thousand.

Richard Kyle and Porter Laird, the 12-year-old Hoopeston, Ill., boys accused of throwing a switch and wrecking an Eastern Illinois train at that town last August, causing the death of Fireman Frame, were found not guilty.

When Chuck Stewart, a coal miner, chased Elmer Winters, who had cut him with a knife, behind the bar of William Warren's saloon ten miles north of Terre Haute, Ind., Warren shot him several times and he will die.

Bishop Spalding of Peoria is improving in health and will be taken south.

Former Governor Horace Boies of Iowa, who is ill at Hot Springs, Ark., is much improved.

Amedee Joullin, an artist of San Francisco, has been made an officer of public instruction in France and honored with a decoration from J. Chaumie, the minister of instruction.

Judge William Douglass of Providence, R. I., was elected chief justice of the supreme court of Rhode Island by the general assembly.

Mrs. Ethel De Mitkiewitz, widow of the Count De Mitkiewitz, and Dr. Arthur Lawrence Holland of New York were married near Cambridge, Md.

Susan B. Anthony was 85 years old Feb. 15. Many gifts and congratulations were received by the pioneer advocate of woman's suffrage from all parts of the world.

The Rev. C. E. Haas, pastor of the Newark, N. J., German Evangelical church, who disappeared mysteriously on Feb. 2 and appeared in Chicago, has tendered his resignation to the trustees of the church.

Two men met death from falling rock in the Lake Superior copper mines.

Walter W. Modlin of Richmond, Ind., shot his wife and slashed her throat with a razor.

Adolphus J. Illnes, a former policeman of Fort Wayne, Ind., hanged himself with a halter strap in his barn.

Fred Stearly, 17 years old, of Brazil, Ind., accidentally shot himself in the stomach, inflicting a fatal wound.

Mrs. Caspar Stuessy of Brodhead, Wis., was shot and instantly killed by the accidental discharge of a rifle in the hands of a cousin.

Charles Bieger, aged 57 years, of Kansas City, fatally stabbed his invalid wife, after which he severed his own jugular vein, dying instantly.

T. J. Keating of Chicago was elected president at Pittsburg of the International Tile Decorators' association.

Charles Heller and his wife, their daughter, May Nolan, and the latter's husband, George Noland, were killed in Cleveland by escaping natural gas.

Jeanne Charcot, granddaughter of Victor Hugo, has filed a petition for divorce in the Paris courts against Dr. Jean Charcot, son of the famous nerve specialist.

The thirteenth annual banquet of the Lincoln club and the Young Men's Republican club of Grand Rapids was addressed by Luther Laflin Mills of Chicago.

A naval apprentice on the battleship Ohio at San Francisco has perfected a wireless telegraph apparatus costing $2. The apparatus on the Ohio cost $500.

The Illinois Trust and Savings bank has asked for a receiver for the Olympia, Wash., waterworks pending foreclosure.

James J. Hill received a message calling him from New York to St. Paul, where his daughter lies dangerously ill with diphtheria.

The portrait of President Roosevelt which is being pained by Otto Von Krumhaar, to whom the president gave a sitting at the home of Douglas Robinson at New York, is intended to be placed in the state capitol at Albany.

At a meeting of the grand trustees of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks in Buffalo, N. Y., the Iroquois hotel was chosen as the headquarters of the grand lodge during the national convention in July.

A lodge of the Eagles was organized at Kewanee, Ill., with 100 members.

William Allen White, author and editor of the Emporia, Kan., Gazette, is seriously ill in Manitou, Col.

Edwin H. Conger, American minister to China, will sail on Feb. 15 for Japan, where he will complete his vacation.

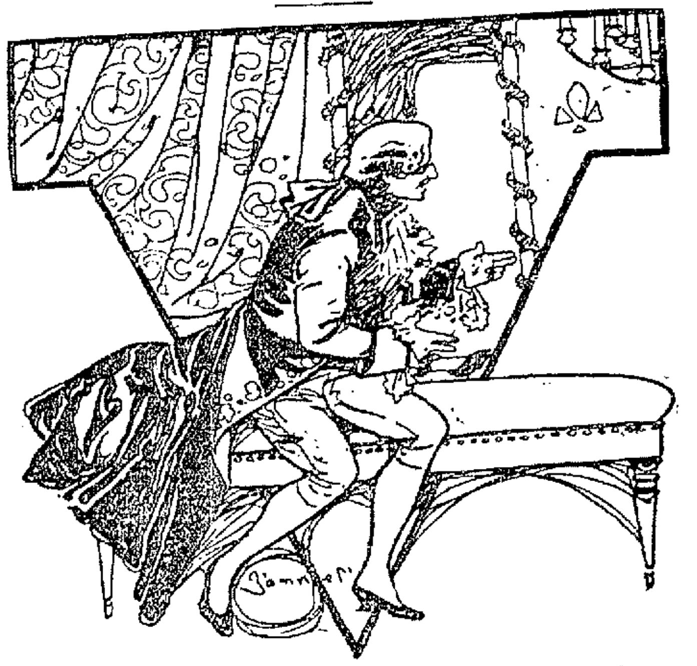
G. B. Lindsay has been appointed general agent of the mail department of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway.

The United States army transport Logan arrived in San Francisco from Manila with the Eighteenth infantry, en route for Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

Levin Brothers' large department store at Danville, Ill., was closed by bankruptcy.

Earl Bennett of Evansville, Ind., son of former Postmaster H. S. Bennett, is adjudged insane. His father is in a dying condition.

HIDDEN PUZZLE PICTURE.



A flatterer seems absurd; the flattered always takes his word. Who is he flattering?

NATIONAL SOLONS

Monday, February 13, 1905.

The senate heard ten witnesses in the Swayne impeachment trial and devoted the remainder of its time to the consideration of the agricultural appropriations bill. An amendment suggested by Mr. Bacon providing for semi-monthly reports on the condition of the cotton crop was amended so as to cover the last five months of the year and adopted. Mr. Hansbrough presented an amendment intended to meet the condition caused by the recent rulings of the treasury department on tariff rebates on wheat.

In the house Mr. Sullivan of Massachusetts and Mr. Hearst of New York engaged in a controversy in which personalities of the gravest character were exchanged, and the other members of the body were stirred to indignation. Mr. Sullivan heaped upon Mr. Hearst a tirade of denunciation in answer to an attack in one of Mr. Hearst's newspapers, and the latter by implication charged Mr. Sullivan with complicity in a murder. Speaker Cannon finally shut off the debate. Mr. Sullivan announced later that he would take the floor Tuesday to answer Mr. Hearst's charges. Bills relating to the District of Columbia were considered. Mr. Payne (N. Y.) reported from the committee on ways and means the bill to revise and amend the Philippine tariff laws.

Tuesday, February 14, 1905.

The senate passed the agricultural appropriation bill after adopting the Hansbrough amendment which prevents the granting of a drawback in the duty on wheat imported into the United States for manufacturing flour for export. The District of Columbia appropriation bill was taken up. A bill defining the boundary lines between South Dakota and Nebraska also was passed. The usual three hours were given to the Swayne impeachment hearing.

The second chapter of the Hearst-Sullivan episode took place in the house today, when Mr. Sullivan related the circumstances leading up to the indictment and conviction of his father and himself for manslaughter. He avoided any further attack on Mr. Hearst. He declared that he had been guilty only technically, and had never served one minute imprisonment or paid one cent in fines. Later evidence, he said, had created a grave doubt of his father's guilt and he had been pardoned. The naval appropriation bill was considered, Mr. Littlefield urging the necessity for keeping appropriations within the limits of the country's revenues. Resolutions were adopted calling on the secretary of the navy for information as to the reasons for cancelling a certain contract and rejecting a certain bid of the Midvale Steel Company and giving the orders to another company.

Wednesday, February 15, 1905.

The senate continued, but did not conclude, consideration of the District of Columbia appropriations bill. Mr. Elkins objected to an item of $30,000 for a local bridge as in the interest of speculators, and it was stricken out. He also made a plea for economy. The Swayne impeachment held the attention of the members for two hours. Memorials from the legislatures of Indiana and Arkansas praying for the enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission were presented. The conference report on the omnibus claims bill was agreed to. A bill was passed authorizing the establishment of a leprosy hospital in the United States or the Philippines; also 375 private pension bills.

The house spent almost the entire session in considering the naval appropriation bill, the debate developing much opposition to the proposed addition of two battleships to the naval establishment. The Philippines again played an important part in the discussion. Bills were passed to amend the act prohibiting the passage of special or local laws in the territories to limit territorial indebtedness and amending the revised statutes so as to classify the inspectors of the steamboat inspection service. A resolution was adopted requesting the secretary of commerce and labor to investigate the cause of the low price of crude oil, especially in the Kansas field, and the unusually large margins between the price of crude oil and the selling price of the refined product.

Thursday, Feb. 16, 1905.

The senate went into executive session shortly after convening, on motion of Senator Cullom, who said he wanted the San Domingo treaty made public. Upon reopening the doors the District of Columbia appropriation bill was taken up and the amendment increasing the appropriation for the municipal building $500,000 was discussed. At 2 o'clock the Swayne impeachment trial was resumed, the greater portion of the time being taken up with arguments on the admissibility of a statement made by Judge Swayne before a committee of the house, involving the construction of a statute which provides that a statement made by a witness before a congressional committee cannot be used against him in a criminal proceeding in a court. Bills were passed authorizing a dam across Rainy river, Minnesota, and regulating the bonds of contractors on public works.

The house adopted a resolution declaring the senate amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill, which abolishes the drawback clause in the Dingley bill on wheat imported and afterward exported as flour, an infringement of the privileges of the house, inasmuch as the house has the sole right to initiate revenue legislation, and ordering the bill returned to the senate. The vote on the resolution was 263 to 5. The naval appropriation bill was then taken up for the discussion of amendments. Bills were passed to provide a government for the canal zone and making applicable to the canal zone all laws affecting imports and the entry of persons.

Blocks Drawback on Wheat.

Washington dispatch: Secretary Shaw's plan for a drawback in the duties on wheat imported for the purpose of manufacturing flour for export received a setback in the senate when the agricultural appropriation bill was passed with an amendment attached which specifically prohibits such a drawback. The amendment was introduced by Senator Hansbrough and caused an extended debate in which it was held by Hansbrough that the drawback would result in fixing the price of American wheat at the figure paid for the imported grain. "We hear much about tariff revision," he said, "but if the practice of the treasury department in accordance with the ruling of the attorney general is to go on such revision will be unnecessary because the treasury department will make its own revision."

Anti-Option Is Doomed.

Washington special: Senator Clay's anti-option bill, now pending in the senate, is a renewal on new lines of the old fight between the American farmer and the man he calls the gambler in the necessities of life. The bill prohibits the use of the mails and the telegraph between states to any person or corporation for the purpose of entering into contracts known as options or futures. Senator Clay will attempt to get the bill through as an amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill, but many senators contend that it contains so much matter not germane to this bill that it will be impossible to pass it as a rider. On this account the Clay measure has little chance of passage at this session.

Attacks Act of President.

Washington special: A subcommittee of the senate judiciary committee adopted a report holding that the president had done an illegal thing in appointing General Wood to be major general, in promoting 170 officers and in appointing Dr. Crum to be a collector of the port of Charleston, S. C., during a "constructive recess," when no recess, in fact, had occurred.

This really is the most serious event that has occurred during the entire discussion of the powers of the president, and the senate. The report was written by Senator Spooner, and the other members of the subcommittee are Messrs. McComas, Nelson, Bacon and Pettus.

Indian Information.

Washington special: Senator Bard introduced a resolution asking the secretary of the interior to furnish the senate a statement showing all contracts made since Jan. 19 for the care and education of Indians in sectarian or denominational schools, with "copies of all petitions and applications for said contracts," also copies of opinions rendered by the department of justice relative to the authority of the executive department for "granting contracts to sectarian schools for the care and education of Indians and for using trust funds belonging to Indian tribes."

Ask Collector to Resign.

Washington dispatch: James U. Sammis, internal revenue collector for the northern district of Iowa, has been requested to resign because he permitted one of his deputies to divide his salary contrary to law with Sammis' brother, who was also a deputy.

Postal Saving.

Washington dispatch: An estimated saving to the government of $100,000 is expected to result from an order issued by Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden directing that hereafter postmasters give amounts in accounting for the revenues from the sale of stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers. Heretofore they have been required to account for the schedule value only and have retained the fractions of cents from sales of odd quantities.

Fire Destroys College.

Winchester, Ky., special: The Kentucky Wesleyan college, the official school of the Methodist Episcopal church in the South, burned, causing a loss of about $75,000, with insurance of one-third that amount.

Anarchist Is Sentenced.

Madrid cablegram: The court sentenced the anarchist Gil, who was arrested last September for plotting against the life of Premier Maura, to twelve years' imprisonment.

John O'Connor Chosen to Commons.

Dublin cablegram: John O'Connor, Nationalist, has been elected, unopposed, to represent North Kildare in the house of commons. The vacancy was caused by the death of Edmund Leamy.

Lose County Records in Fire.

Towner, N. D., dispatch: The McHenry county courthouse burned. The records of the superintendent, clerk of court and county judge were destroyed.

Favor Armor Resolution.

Washington dispatch: The house committee on naval affairs authorized a favorable report on the armor resolution of Representative Rixey, calling on the secretary of the navy "for the reasons for canceling the contract of Dec. 13, 1903, with the Midvale Steel company and the transferring of the contract at a higher price to another company or companies, and for rejecting the bid of the Midvale company Feb. 7, 1905, and accepting the bid of other companies at a higher price."

Hearse Too Small for Corpse.

Pine Grove, Pa., special: Mrs. John Wolf of Keffers, buried at Tremont, was the heaviest woman in Schuylkill county, weighing 420 pounds, and the hearse being too small to hold her body, a sleigh was substituted.

Battleship Sponsor.

Washington special: The secretary of the navy has invited the governor of Minnesota to select a sponsor for the battleship Minnesota, to be launched April 8.

Workmen Coming to America.

Madrid cable: It is learned that 100 workmen will shortly be sent to America by the department of public works to make a two years' study of the methods of public works in American cities.

Descendant of John Alden Dead.

Janesville, Wis., dispatch: Mrs. Catherine Alden, aged 93 years, said to be seventh in line of direct descent from John and Priscilla Alden, died here.

PREPARE TO GIVE UP MUKDEN

Russian Residents of the Town Are Said to Speak of the Early Occupation of the City as a Foregone Conclusion.

A dispatch to the London Times from Pekin quotes an Englishman who has just returned from a three days' stay in Mukden as saying there is immense confusion in that city. The predominant feeling among Russian civilians and military men is one of discouragement. Everybody spoke of the early Japanese occupation of the place as a foregone conclusion.

This discouragement of the military officers is intensified by the fact that Gen. Kouropatkin keeps his headquarters on a train, seemingly ready to retreat northward at any time.

Moreover, extensive preparations are going on at Tieling to resist the enemy, implying retirement from Mukden. The Russians are treating and paying the native residents of Mukden well, and the latter are doing a roaring business. Train loads of supplies reach the Russians daily over the Chinese railway by way of SinmintING. One of the most serious consequences of Russian defeat would be the cutting off of this source of supply.

Blow Up a Bridge.

A raiding party of 300 Japanese cavalrymen Sunday morning wrecked a railway bridge near Fengtsekong and tore up thirty yards of tracks on the line between Mukden and Harbin. The damage has been repaired.

It is asserted at St. Petersburg that the Japanese raiders came from Chinese territory, although this fact is not stated in that part of Gen. Kouropatkin's report given to the public.

The Japanese bombarded Poutiloff hill and Sekheyan with siege guns Feb. 11. One officer was killed and several were wounded.

According to corrected returns the Japanese prisoners captured from Jan. 25 to 29 total 343, of whom 221 were unwounded.

Russian Guns Kept Busy.

The Russians continued to bombard portions of Field Marshal Oyama's center and right on Saturday last, Feb. 11. The Russians continue the construction of defensive works on their right to the southwest of Mentapan, where they are erecting an epaulement for a battery of twenty-four guns. The Japanese recently surrounded a Russian cavalary detachment near Hsienchang, killing three of the enemy and wounding eleven.

Anti-Jewish Riot at Gomel.

It is reported at Berlin, but without confirmation, that there has been another serious anti-Jewish riot at Gomel, Russia. It is said that a thousand peasants, maddened by liquor, attacked and wrecked a synagogue, flogged 300 Jews, some of whom, including a girl, died from the effects of their injuries. A hundred of the victims were seriously injured. It is alleged the police looked on passively while the rioting was in progress.

Moscow for Freedom.

A dispatch to the London Standard from Moscow says that at the annual ball of the Engineering institute, held Sunday night in the hall where the assembly of nobles meets, the preliminary concert ended with the playing of the national anthem, whereupon the assembly rose and drowned the orchestra with its singing of "The Marseillaise."

Following this a succession of revolutionary speeches were made which evoked wild applause and shouts of "Stop the war" and "Down with autocracy." Revolutionary leaflets were distributed in sheaves.

The scenes continued unchecked and increasing in intensity for two hours. The police formed a cordon around the hall, but were powerless to interfere, as the nobles' assembly hall possesses an ancient privilege against arrest.

The proclamations, which were admirably printed, declared that the war of the working classes is not against Japan, but against Russia's worst foe —namely: the emperor's government.

Planning Scheme of Reforms.

The committee of Russian ministers has decided to instruct the finance minister to forthwith frame a scheme for the improvement of the lot of workmen; the solution of outstanding questions, including the endeavor to decrease the working hours; the alteration of existing laws as affecting economic strikes not accompanied by public disturbance; medical assistance for workmen, and the limitation of the rights and duties of factory inspectors.

The strike situation, according to reports from the interior, is everywhere improving, evdn in Poland. Here all danger of a renewal of an acute stage seems to have passed. All the works with the exception of the Putiloff iron works and two others have resumed work.

The government has increased wages at all the government shops and also the pay of the railroad employes by 15 to 20 per cent. In addition the minister of finance has taken a bold step in recommending to the committee of ministers the formation of labor associations for protecting the interests of the workmen.

North Sea Case Ends.

At Paris Monday Great Britain and Russia made their final summaries of fact before the international commission in the North sea affair and rested their cases.

Nothing remains but to wait for the decision of the commission, which is not expected for several days.

The British summary of facts is under four main heads:

"First—That no torpedo boats or torpedo boat destroyers were in the vicinity of the incident, as shown by the declarations of the fishermen and the official statements of various governments that no torpedo boats belonging to their fleets were in that neighborhood, and that therefore the Russians made a mistake largely as the result of apprehension that an attack was about to occur.

"Second—That fire was opened without sufficient reason and was continued for an unreasonable time after the mistake had been detected.

"Third—That no effort was made to succor the sinking ships or wounded.

"Fourth—That not the slightest irregularity was shown in the conduct of the innocent fishing fleet."

The Russian summary, after setting forth the justification under four heads, concludes as follows:

"The imperial Russian government therefore maintains that the fire of the Russian squadron was ordered and executed in the legitimate accomplishment of the military duties of the commander of the squadron. Consequently no responsibility whatever is chargeable against Vice Admiral Rojestvensky or any of the officers of the squadron.

"The imperial government sincerely deplores that the incident resulted in innocent victims and therefore the admiral's responsibility being eliminated the Russian government expresses its readiness to make material reparation by indemnifying the innocent victims, deferring the amount and partition of the indemnities to the permanent tribunal of arbitration at The Hague."

Rumors of Peace.

The air is full of rumors that peace will be made soon between Russia and Japan. So there will be no further effort for the moment to float any part of the new Russian loan in France.

The steady rise in the market price of Russian bonds is due to the popular belief that peace is not far away. Whether this belief is well based or not, it must explain the failure to put the Russian loan on the French market, for if peace is to be made soon Russia will not need more money.

The Credit Lyonnais at Paris has the loan entirely in its hands. The head official of that bank's statistical department said that $160,000,000 worth of Russian bonds, which had been distributed to the bank's branches throughout the provinces to be sold, had been ordered back to Paris.

Raffalovitch, the Russian treasury agent in Paris, says he "believes" the loan has been abandoned momentarily with Russia's acquiescence.

Deny Peace Is at Hand.

"Peace talk is like Washington weather—variable," said Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, at Washington as he was leaving the state department after a long talk with Secretary Hay. The visit of Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, half an hour later brought reassurances that the war was to "go on to the end."

Although diplomats do not even speculate as yet about the beginning of the end of the war in the far east, there is a well-defined belief that Washington stands a good chance of being the capital at which Russia and Japan will adjust their differences.

It is believed that Russia would welcome the selection of Washington because of the presence of Count Cassini, who knows the eastern question thoroughly and who, because of his long acquaintance with Secretary Hay and the fact that he is dean of the diplomatic corps, enjoys a prestige not shared by every Russian ambassador. Japan's minister, too, is popular and has enjoyed an intimate friendship with Secretary Hay.

Sick Soldiers at Che-Foo.

A steamer with 117 noncombatants arrived at Che-Foo from Port Arthur. Convalescent soldiers totaling 2,500 will begin arriving at Che-Foo Feb. 20. Russians at Che-Foo are indignant, claiming they are unable to care for the healthy, let alone invalids.

Princess Will Give Up Baby.

Berlin cablegram: Countess Montignoso, former Crown Prince Louise of Saxony, says that, driven by desperation, she has decided to hand to King George of Saxony her child born since her elopement with M. Giron.

Discover Big Diamond.

Johannesburg cable: A diamond weighing 334 carats has been discovered in the vicinity of the place where the largest diamond ever unearthed was found recently.

Opposes Sectarian School.

Washington special: Senator Bard introduced an amendment to the Indian appropriation bill providing that no funds appropriated by the bill, nor any Indian trust fund, shall be used for any sectarian school.

Legislature Upholds Senator Warren.

Cheyenne, Wwo., dispatch: Both houses of the legislature have adopted a resolution indorsing Senator Warren and declaring charges against him untrue and malicious.

Wooden Legs Out of Landmark.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., special: The old willow tree which for some seventy-five years has been a landmark along the banks of Solomon's creek, near Ashley, was cut down to be made into artificial legs.

Commander E. B. Underwood, United States navy, who for two years has been commandant of the naval station at Tutuila, Samoa, where he also acted as civil governor, arrived at San Francisco, accompanied by his wife.

Kills Herself on Son's Grave.

Belleville, Ill., dispatch: Mrs. Margaretha Koehr was found dead and frozen on her son's grave, where she had committed suicide. Her son was mysteriously killed and the mother's mind became deranged.

Lands by Railroad Contract.

New York special: The New York Contracting and Trucking company has landed the $6,000,000 contract for six-tracking the New Haven road from New York to New Rochelle.

Charge Election Fraud.

St. Louis, Mo., special: Jeremiah J. Reardon, Democratic ward politician, was arrested following an indictment which charged him with "doing an unlawful act to secure opportunity for another to vote."

Gas Fumes Kill Two.

Kansas City, Mo., dispatch: J. P. Hampton, a stockman, and O. P. Barrons, a restaurant man of Braymer, Mo., were asphyxiated by gas in a rooming house here.

Fire Imperils Twenty Pupils.

Birmingham, Ala., dispatch: St Mark's Colored Episcopal school, a three-story building on Avenue D and Eighteenth street, burned. Twenty girl pupils sleeping in the building narrowly escaped.

Cardinal Gibbons, accompanied by Rev. Dr. W. A. Fletcher, rector of the cathedral in Brooklyn, departs for Cincinnati to take part in the ceremonies connected with the conferring of the pallium upon Archbishop Moeller.

GENERAL LEW WALLACE DEAD AT CRAWFORDSVILLE, IND., HOME

Surrounded by his family, Gen. Lew Wallace, author of "Ben-Hur," died at his home at Crawfordsville, Ind, February 15.

The deathbed scene was one of calmness. Beside his physician, only his wife, his son, Henry Wallace of Indianapolis, were present. Two grandchildren had been taken to the sick chamber to bid their beloved grandfather the last good-by. The scene was singularly pathetic. In the summer time they were the companions of the general and took almost daily excursions with him to the country place, "Water Babble."

As they left the room, not knowing the significance of this farewell, they waved him a good-by as they left the bedside, attired in their night clothes.

When told by his physician that he was dying Gen. Wallace was calm. His last words were expressions of cheer to his grief stricken family. Bidding them farewell, he said:

"I am ready to meet my Maker."

After this he lapsed into unconsciousness.

The direct cause of the general's death was exhaustion, resulting from starvation. For weeks Gen. Wallace has been unable to take and assimilate food of any kind. His stomach refused to perform its functions. All nourishment was given hypodermically.

Has Had Varied Career.

Gen. Lew Wallace was 78 years old, author of "Ben-Hur," "The Fair God" and "The Prince of India," a gallant soldier in the Mexican and civil wars, a member of the diplomatic corps of two nations, and a charming American gentleman.

But his fame will rest upon a book. The names of "Ben-Hur" and Lew Wallace are inseparable. The first is known in almost every American household, and with it is conected that of its author.

Lew Wallace was a "Hoosier" first, last, and all the time. He was born in Brookville, Ind, in 1827. In the state he practiced law, tried his hand at painting, became a soldier, and, the war over, went back home to his books, his forests, and his writings. Under an Indiana tree "Ben-Hur" was begun and seven years later was finished.

While Gen. Wallace was stationed at the sultan's court, 1881 to 1885, he gathered the materials for "The Prince of India." While governor of New Mexico, in 1878-1881, the basis for "The Fair God" was laid.

"Ben-Hur" Leads to Appointment.

It was the writing of "Ben-Hur" that made Gen. Lew Wallace minister to Turkey. This is how it occurred, as told by the general:

"President Garfield and I had been friends for years, and when he was elected president he sent for me. Our relations were such that he usually called me Lew, or Wallace. As I entered his room he said that he was anxious to have me in the diplomatic service, and that he thought of making me minister to Uruguay or Paraguay.

"I replied that I knew but little of South America, and did not think that my going there would help either the government or myself. He then replied that he would send me to Constantinople on condition that I would write a book during my stay. Said he:

"'I want you to give the world another novel as good as 'Ben-Hur.'"

"'But, Mr. President,' said I, 'if I am minister to Turkey I shall have precious little leisure to write books. My time will be taken up in diplomatic work.'

"'That matter will arrange itself,' said President Garfield. 'If you will take the appointment we will see that you have plenty of time.'

"Well, I thought it over, and decided to go, and shortly afterward received my commission, with the words and initials 'Ben-Hur, J. A. G.' in the lower left hand corner. I then sailed for Europe, and when I reached there received a cable saying that Garfield had been shot."

How "Ben-Hur" Was Written.

Gen. Wallace's work on "Ben-Hur" lasted seven years. He started the book as a novelette, but became more interested in it as he went on with his studies of Christ. One of the remarkable things about it is its vivid pictures of Palestine, notwithstanding its was published before Gen. Wallace had visited that country. Gen. Wallace once said:

"I doubt if any novel has ever had more careful studies for its background and life than those made for 'Ben-Hur.' I knew that the novel would be criticised by men who had devoted their life to biblical lore, and I studied Palestine through maps and books. I read everything in the way of travel, scientific investigation, and geography. I had scores of maps and worked with them about me.

"My best guide was a relief map of Palestine made in Germany. This was hung on my wall, and by means of it I took my characters through the passes of the mountains and up and down the hills, measuring their daily travel by the scale of miles. I also made studies of the bird and animal life of the time and place. Indeed, my work of this kind was so thorough that I have, I believe, made only one mistake in the book."

THE LATE GEN. LEW WALLACE.

Library Is Unique.

The library where Gen. Wallace did his writing is unique. It is a one story structure of brick and stone, with a roof of glass and bronze plates. It is lighted from the top, and its surroundings are such that its owner can close the door and be as far away from the noises of modern civilization as though he were in the heart of the Rocky mountains.

Rocky mountains: The structure is fireproof and it contains the general's treasures in fine editions and valuable manuscripts. It has but one room.

Gen. Wallace once had accompanied some women from Baltimore to Washington to see President Lincoln. When they entered the room occupied by Lincoln Wallace noticed an unusual expression of despair on the countenance of the president.

On inquiry the president informed Wallace that he was not ill, but confronted by a serious situation of the utmost importance to the American government.

On further solicitation of Wallace President Lincoln said:

"General, I have just thirty minutes to wait for a boat to take me to Harrison's landing. My mission there is to persuade McClellan not to surrender the union army."

Gen. Wallace had never announced this fact until many years later.

Shoots Large Bald Eagle.

E. A. Hale shot a large bald eagle at his home, five miles north of this city. While attending to his work his attention was attracted to the actions of two young lambs that came running into the sheep shed. He then noticed that they were followed by an eagle in swift pursuit. Hurrying into the house Mr. Hale secured his rifle, and, returning to the sheep pasture, located the big bird and shot it. The eagle measured seven feet from tip to tip.—Brownsville (Ore.) Times.

Immense Output of Cotton.

"The cotton factories of Lancashire, England," says Edward Irving, "at present spin about 155,000,000 miles of thread a day, so that in six seconds they make enough to go around the earth. In one month they spin enough to reach from here to the moon. The product of eighteen days would reach from the sun to Neptune. Counting 310 working days in a year, it would take them, at this rate, 500 years to spin enough thread to reach the nearest star."

Follow American Trade Schemes.

As a recent instance of the "Americanization" of Germany, a Berlin journal mentions the fact that a local department store has opened rooms in which free advice on legal and other matters is dispensed daily from 4 to 8 o'clock.

Gunsights Are Defective.

It has been found that all the gunsights on the King Edward VII, England's most powerful battleship, are incorrect. She will go to Portsmouth to have them adjusted.

Washington's New Senator.

Senator-Elect Piles, chosen in Washington to succeed Mr. Foster, lives in Seattle. He was born in Kentucky forty-four years ago, but when quite young went west. At first he worked as a laborer, but ere long began to study law, and now is regarded as one of the leading lawyers of his state. He has represented the interests of J. J. Hill and has also acted for several other large corporations, notably the Pacific Coast company. As an orator he ranks high.

Supply Milk to Dogs.

Some of the saloons in New York city keep a pitcher of milk on the side for dogs that happen to come in. The dog is called around behind the bar and gets a dish of the milk while his master orders across the bar. One of the saloons uptown has a big mastiff which is a regular patron. He visits the place every day, once with his master and once alone. In the recent stormy weather he missed two days, but hastened to make it up later.

Motor Boats for Canals.

The network of canals in Flanders, which terminate at the seaports of Neuzen, in the Netherlands, and Ostend and Zeebrugge, in Belgium, offers an opportunity to use motor boats, the demand for which is increasing from year to year.

Word from Br'er Williams.

W'en you see old Lady Trouble comin' down the big road, bes' thing you kin do is ter take ter de woods, jump on a hurricane an' ride away fum her.—Atlanta Constitution.

As Bodily Nourishment

is one of life's necessities, so cuticle nourishment is essential to the health of the outer-self.

JOHN H. WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP TRADE MARK FOR THE SKIN SCALP AND COMPLEXION

WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP.

builds up and nourishes while cleansing. Its mission is curative, and lathering into a most effective shampoo, it forms a true scalp tonic. 25 cents A CAKE.

There may be a more delightful face balm than Woodbury's Facial Cream but try it before you decide.

INITIAL OFFER.

In case your dealer cannot supply you send us his name and we will send prepaid, to any address for $1.00 the following toilet requisites:

1 Cake Woodbury's Facial Soap,
1 Tube " Facial Cream,
1 " " Dental Cream,
1 Box " Face Powder.

Together with our valuable Booklet Beauty's Masque, a careful treatise on the care of the "outer self."

Booklet free on application.

THE ANDREW JERGENS CO., CINCINNATI, O.

Farmers Buying Automobiles.

The farmers are buying automobiles! The great demand for cars from farmers of the middle West and Southwest is the surprise of the auto show at the Coliseum.

"For the first time in the history of the business," said W. E. Metzger of the Cadillac Company of Detroit, "there is an active demand for motor cars by farmers in Iowa, Nebraska and other Western states. Farmers are generally prosperous throughout the West and they are spending their money on what they have in the past regarded as a luxury, but which, they find, has its utilitarian side. Roads in these states are generally good and farmers no longer look on the automobile as an experiment."—Chicago American.

Millions of Vegetables.

When the Editor read 10,000 plants for 16c, he could hardly believe it, but upon second reading finds that the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., than whom there are no more reliable and extensive seed growers in the world, makes this offer which is made to get you to test Salzer's Warranted Vegetable Seeds. They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 rich, juicy Turnips,
2,000 blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers,
ALL FOR BUT 16c POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c in postage, they will add to the above a package of famous Berliner Cauliflower. [W. N. U.]

Frenchman on American "Comfort."

The value of languages was the topic of discussion between Irving Bacheller and a young French author who is now visiting America. "It is a singular fact," said Mr. Bacheller, "that you have no such word as 'comfort' in your language." "I am glad of it," replied the Frenchman, "for you Americans are slaves to your comforts only in order that you may master them. Comfort, in the American acceptance of the word, as near as I can discover, seems to consist in those little luxuries and conveniences the want of which makes an American miserable, while their possession does not make him happy."

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in ¾-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ozs." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

"The Secret Woman," by Eden Phillpotts, is a well constructed narrative. It has a plot, a good one, but there is nothing in it that is morbid or artificial. The note in it is one of sincerity and truth, of veritable men and women moved by genuine passion. Mr. Phillpotts has never written a better book." (The Macmillan Co., New York.)

When Your Grocer Says

he does not have Defiance Starch, you may be sure he is afraid to keep it until his stock of 12 oz. packages are sold. Defiance Starch is not only better than any other Cold Water Starch, but contains 16 oz. to the package and sells for same money as 12 oz. brands.

Common sense is more or less uncommon.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

POTATOES $1 gets book showing a crop of 3,000 bu. per acre can be grown. Address F. SPRAGUE, D. M., 471 Washington Boulevard, Chicago, Ill. Photo of 16 in a half hill sent free on request.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

JOHN BURT

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS

Author of "The Kidnapped Millionaires," "Colonel Monroe's Doctrine," Etc.

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CHAPTER XXX—Continued.

"How much L. & O. have you?" he demanded.

"Thirty-five thousand shares," replied Mr. Mason.

"How many have you sold?" addressing his son.

"About seventy-five thousand."

"Hu-m-m-m. Fine outlook! Forty thousand shares short on a stock, with only a hundred thousand shares in all," growled Randolph Morris. "By God, if I pull out of this thing with a dollar I'll place it where you can't find it with a set of burglar's tools!"

Randolph Morris glared at his son, fumbled for his glasses and bent over the tape.

"Fifty-five bid for L. & O.," it read. "Bid sixty for any part of ten thousand shares. Gimme that telephone! Go to the exchange, Mason, and get on the other end of this wire, and I'll give you the orders."

Shortly before noon a news agency made public a statement which hastened the crisis. It read:

"The deal in L. & O. was engineered by Mr. James Blake, the dashing young operator whose advent in New York was signalized by the recent upheaval in prices. For several weeks Mr. Blake has quietly been absorbing blocks of L. & O. To-day he secured ten thousand shares from General Marshall Carden, which, with the holdings of Mr. John Hawkins, gives the syndicate of which Mr. Blake is the head absolute control of this valuable property. Another railroad company has been a bidder for control, but the Carden stock gives Mr. Blake the coveted advantage.

"It is rumored that a well-known and powerful banking house is short this stock to the amount of nearly forty thousand shares. It opened at 29½ and rapidly advanced to 75, and then by leaps and bounds reached 125. It is believed that only a few scattered shares are yet in the market, and that the stock is cornered.

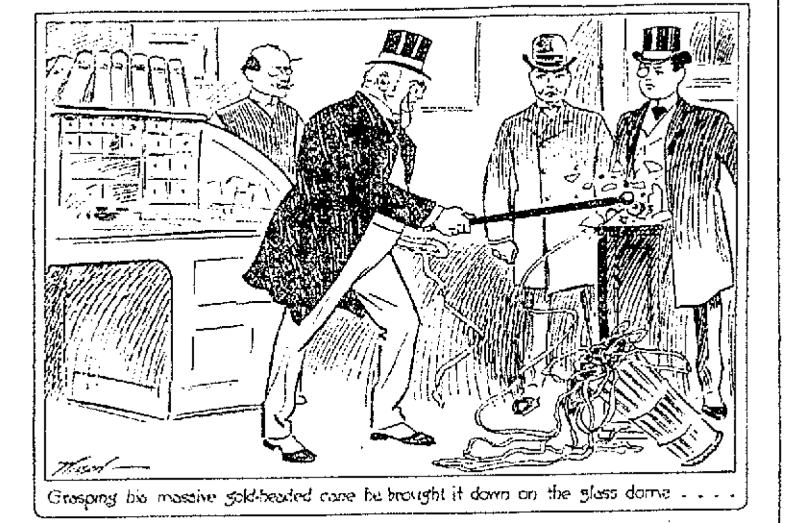
"Later.—It is rumored that the banking house of Randolph Morris & Company has suspended."

CHAPTER XXXI.

Father and Son.

One by one the directors of the bank had entered the room where Randolph Morris was making his fight against overwhelming odds. Some he recognized by an almost imperceptible bow, but no words came from his lips as he bent over the tape. The faces of the directors were pale and drawn from tension.

When L. & O. had mounted to eighty dollars a share, Randolph Morris changed his tactics and attempted to check the rise by throwing all his holdings on the market. In less than an hour he hurled thirty-five thousand shares into the speculative whirlpool.


Grasping his massive gold-headed cane he brought it down on the glass dome . . . .

It was like stemming Niagara with a straw. The price did not sag. The powerful interests back of L. & O. pledged three millions of dollars for this stock and clamored for more.

In response to a demand for margins, Randolph Morris deposited several millions cash and valid securities. Alarmed by rumors, patrons of the bank formed in long lines and demanded their deposits. There was no gleam of hope, but grim in defeat the old banker stood by the wheel and watched the ship of his fortunes as she swiftly neared the reefs of ruin.

A clerk entered and handed to Randolph Morris the yellow slip of paper containing the bulletin. He read it slowly, crumpled it in his hands and threw it on the floor.

Grasping his massive gold-headed cane, he brought it down on the glass dome which covered the delicate mechanism of the ticker. One of the flying fragments cut his cheek and a few drops of blood slowly trickled down his face.

"The corporation of Randolph Morris & Company is bankrupt!" he said, rising to his feet and looking into the faces of his astounded associates. "The Board of Directors will convene at once and take formal action to that effect. Be seated, gentlemen, and come to order. You may make the motion for suspension, Mr. Mason."

When Randolph Morris adjourned the directors' meeting he looked about for his son, but he was not in the room. He found Arthur Morris within the caged enclosure occupied by the paying teller. In his hands were several packages of money.

"What are you doing there?" demanded Randolph Morris.

"Cashing a check," was the sullen reply.

"You are a thief as well as a fool," roared Randolph Morris, his hand on the door and his features convulsed with passion. "No officer of a bank on the point of suspension has a right to accept or withdraw funds, and you know it."

He grabbed Arthur Morris by the shoulder and dragged him through the narrow doorway.

"My curse goes with that money!" he shouted, his face convulsed with rage. "You have dragged me down to shame and poverty in my old age. I hope, by God, that everything you buy with that money will give you pain! I wish to God——"

His voice was choked, the blood surged to his temples, his hands clutched at his throat, and with a gasp for breath he fell heavily to the floor.

Before Arthur Morris realized what had happened, others were by his father's side. The stricken old financier partially recovered consciousness before a physician arrived, but again sank into a most alarming condition.

"Apoplexy," said the physician, in answer to a question. "Is this his first attack?" he asked Arthur Morris.

"I don't know," was the reply. "I've seen the governor so mad he couldn't speak, several times, but never so bad as this."

As he spoke Randolph Morris opened his eyes and they rested on his son.

"Take him away," he said, averting his eyes. "Take him away, and give me a chance to live."

"You're all right, governor," said Arthur Morris, as the doctor gave him a signal to stay out of sight. "Keep cool and you'll come out on top. I feel as bad as you do about it, but there's no use in kicking. Brace up and take your medicine like a man; we may win out yet."

To which encouraging advice Randolph Morris made no reply, and the son left the room.

As Randolph Morris was tenderly carried down the steps, through an angry crowd, and placed in an ambulance, he opened his eyes and looked longingly at the building which bore his name. Thus he made his last journey away from the roar and turmoil of Wall street; a mental, physical and financial wreck, cast on the shores of oblivion by a storm terrific and unforeseen.

Arthur Morris, stripped of all power by the action of the directors, stood amid the wreck of his fortunes.

He was a witness to the compromise by which a representative of James Blake & Company agreed to terms, which, while protecting the depositors, called for the sacrifice of the millions which once stood in his name. The fifty thousand dollars he had succeeded at the last moment in drawing from the bank was all that was left to him.

* * * * *

Through the long hours of that eventful day General Carden's eyes were fixed on the stock board. Few of the excited customers of James Blake & Company recognized the ex-banker, and none knew the reason for his absorbing interest in the fluctuations of the stock labeled L. & O.

Who was this man Blake, and why had he offered to place a fortune in his hand? Why had this stranger come from out the West, and by the magic of his touch, transformed a worthless stock into one of so great value that millionaires struggled madly for its possession?

When he took his last look at the stock board L. & O. was quoted at 105. He nervously drew a slip of paper from his pocket and made a rapid calculation. If Blake chose to realize at the quotation, General Carden's share of the profits would be nearly eight hundred thousand dollars. The figures puzzled him, and he made the calculation anew, only to find it accurate. This represented more than the fortune he had lost.

A wild impulse came which urged him to demand of Blake the sale of his stock. What right had he to imperil that which would insure the happiness of his daughter and the repose of his old age? Hurriedly he retraced his steps until he reached Broadway, and again he entered Blake's office.

An hour had passed, and he hardly dared look at the quotations. Perhaps the deal had collapsed? Perhaps——

"L. & O. 145, 145½, 146½," called out the man who was reading the ticker. "Two thousand L. & O. at 150!"

An exultant shout went up from the crowd of men who surrounded James Blake. His handsome face was aglow with pleasure as they slapped him on the back.

"My congratulations, general," Blake said, grasping the old soldier's hand. "Our little pool is working splendidly. Do you feel like getting out at 150, general? I wouldn't advise you to do so, but if you wish it can be arranged. I have a customer who will take the stock off your hands at that figure."

"I—I am entirely satisfied to let it alone," said General Carden, drawing himself up proudly. "Handle my stock according to your judgment. The subordinate should not question the policy of a victorious commander."

"Mr. Burton wishes to see you," whispered a clerk to Blake, and the famous head of the firm turned and left General Carden.

He heard the shouts of victory and found himself shaking hands and laughing with strangers. He felt a strong grasp on his shoulder and turned to see James Blake.

"We settle with Randolph Morris & Company at 175," he whispered. "Your share of the profits is nearly a million and a half. I'll call at your house this evening and give you a check for the exact amount."

"I can find no words to express my feelings," said General Carden, deeply affected. "I do not think that I am entitled to so large a share of these profits. I—I—really I do not know what to say to you, Mr. Blake. God bless and reward you."

"Don't thank me," replied James Blake.

A strange expression came over his face and a look of pain to his dark eyes. "I am not—I should not——" He paused, released General Carden's hand and turning abruptly, rushed across the room and vanished into an inner office.

In the turmoil of his own feelings General Carden paid little attention to this strange action. Six hours before he had entered these rooms all but penniless. He left them more than a millionaire.

In a darkened room in a remote quarter of the city, a gray-haired man gasped for breath and moaned in his delirium. A great financial battle had been fought. Randolph Morris was one of the stricken victims, and Marshall Carden was one of the victors. In this age of commercial and industrial barbarism, man must climb to glory over the dead and mangled bodies of the losers. Commercial competition has all the horrors and none of the chivalry of physical warfare.

Thoughts such as these came to John Burt when the news circulated that Randolph Morris had been stricken in his office. The blow aimed at the son had fallen with crushing force on the father. In the hour of victory John Burt was silent and sad, and John Hawkins was not slow to glean the reason.

"I wouldn't worry over Randolph Morris," he said, with a gruffness which was assumed. "The old man will recover. One stroke of apoplexy won't kill him."

"Write to Randolph Morris," said John, addressing Blake, "and say that his personal property is exempt in this settlement. He has scheduled it as having a value of nearly a million dollars. I shall not take it from him. He's an old man, with daughters and others dependent on him."

"Good for you, Burt!" exclaimed John Hawkins. "It isn't business, but business is hell—as old Sherman said about war. I'm going to my hotel to take a nap. Where can I see you this evening? Dine with me at the hotel at nine o'clock. What d'ye say? You, too, Blake."

(To be continued.)

YACHT COST HIM NOTHING.

How Commodore Monroe Was Made Eligible for Position.

Just what the Larchmont Yacht club will do, now that Gus Monroe is dead, the members are wondering. With Mr. Monroe the Larchmont Yacht club was a hobby. He worked harder to make that organization succeed than many men work at their business. He was identified with the club for more than twenty years, and all that time he was an officeholder.

In 1883 he was chosen commodore. He did not own a yacht then.

"Bill," he said to his friend, W. S. Alley, "they want me to be commodore, but I can't be, because I haven't a boat."

"Is that all that prevents you from accepting the nomination?" asked Mr. Alley.

"That's all," was the reply.

"Then I'll give you my yacht, the Schemer. I'll have the boat properly transferred to you in consideration of $1. You can keep her as long as you like, but when you want to get rid of her you must give me the opportunity to take her back again for $1."

"That's a go," said the commodore.

The Schemer, which was the most famous sloop in her day, was duly transferred, and Mr. Monroe paid Mr. Alley $1.

"Now, I'll match you for the dollar," said the commodore.

They matched, and Mr. Alley lost, so the commodore got his flagship for nothing.

He kept the Schemer for two years, retired from office, and then had the yacht transferred back to Mr. Alley. When Mr. Alley paid the dollar he suggested that they should match for it.

"Not on your life," said Commodore Monroe. "That dollar is going to be a souvenir of the flagship I owned that never cost a cent."—New York Sun.

Causes of Nervous Prostration.

"Believe me," said a Spruce street physician who makes a specialty of treating nervous disorders, "it isn't overwork that superinduces nervous prostration. The men who succumb to nervous strain are not the men who work continually under high pressure. The man who has no relaxation has no time to brood over his health, and brooding is fatal to a man whose nerves are highly strung. If a man is constantly busy in mind from morning until night he isn't in any danger of nervous trouble. It's only when he relaxes and gives himself a certain amount of leisure that he is danger. A man is a good bit like a piece of machinery. It's the relaxation that tells. Take Russell Sage, for instance. He celebrated his 88th birthday to-day, and he is in the harness all the time. Should he give up even a part of his daily routine the probabilities are that he would be a dead man in six months. The man whose nerves trouble him is the man of comparative leisure."—Philadelphia Record.

Has Collection of Teapots.

A Washington woman has a collection of teapots large enough to fill a whole room. There are in this collection over 300 pots of china, copper and earthenware. Some of them are in the form of dolls, monkeys, elephants and tigers. Others are in the form of houses, temples and towers. Others still are in the form of fans, walking sticks, bracelets, birds and flowers. One is a puzzle teapot. In appearance it is like a solid ball of green metal. On the pressure of a spring, however, a small round opening appears, whence the tea may be poured.

Another pot, of gold, is from a Chinese temple. It only holds a quarter of a pint and the five tiny gold cups that go with it only hold a thimbleful apiece.

To Protect Mexican Birds.

W. W. Canada, consul at Vera Cruz, Mexico, writes that an agitation has been on foot for some time looking to the passage of a law to prevent the wanton destruction of birds throughout Mexico: In fact, a proposed law has already been presented to the government by the Association for the Protection of Birds, and it is confidently expected that it will meet the approval of the executive. This law is intended to prevent the killing of birds useful to the agriculturists. Other kinds, such as, for instance, game birds, may be killed only at stated periods of the year. All birds of prey and others destructive to the interests of the farmer may be killed at any time by anybody.

Dr. Hillis Has Fruit Ranch.

Dr. Hillis, pastor of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, has been lecturing and preaching on the Pacific coast. He has purchased a valuable ranch near Hood River station, on the Columbia river, in Oregon, and it is understood that he means to go into the business of fruit rasing.

Reports Seeing Rare Fox.

A Waterville, Me., man while on a drive through the woods near Petties pond in Winslow, Me., saw a coal black fox. The animal did not appear to be disturbed by the presence of human beings, but gazed about for some time in apparent unconcern.

Wisconsin Legislature

WATER POWER MEASURE.

A business project, the magnitude of which can only be surmised, is involved in the bill introduced by Senator Wipperman of Grand Rapids, and should it receive legislative sanction a system of water powers along the Wisconsin river would result and the use and regulation of these powers through an elaborate system of reservoirs would materially add to manufacturing possibilities in that section of the state.

The bill grants to R. B. Twerdy, W. L. Edmunds and Frank Garrison the right, subject to existing rights, to build, maintain and erect suitable reservoirs along the Wisconsin river and its tributaries to control the flowage for power purposes and to own, sell and lease additional powers created. The bill confers the right of eminent domain upon the parties named and provides that they shall receive the per cent upon all power furnished over the amount used before the improvements were made.

This plan has long been considered by the paper mill men and manufacturers along the Wisconsin river, and it is more than likely that the bill is the outgrowth of a concert of action among the owners of water power rights at Grand Rapids, Stevens Point, Mosinee, Wausau, Merrill, Tomahawk and Rhinelander. By the construction of dams in the lake region of Vilas, Oneida and Iron counties it is proposed to control the supply of water so that its flowage can be made uniform throughout the entire season. The bill provides safeguards for rights already vested, and, if it passes, will authorize one of the biggest undertakings ever receiving legislative sanction.

State Money to Be Guarded.

A bill introduced jointly by E. E. Winch of Wood county and George E. Scott of Barron provides for safeguarding the state's funds by providing that the secretary of state must countersign all checks, drafts or other orders for any state money. At present the secretary of state audits all state accounts, and the state treasurer signs all checks, drafts and similar orders for state money. Messrs. Winch and Scott also introduced a bill creating the office of state examiner, who is to examine the fiscal affairs of all state departments and institutions at least four times a year.

Tax for University.

A bill presented by H. L. Ekern of Trempealeau changes the system of state aid for the university from a certain appropriation each year to a state tax of two-thirds of a mill on the assessed valuation of the taxable property of the state. The bill carries special appropriations as follows: For chemical laboratory, $50,000; tool house and agronomy building, $23,000; hydraulic laboratory, $25,000; current expenses, $20,000; total, $128,000.

Would Abrogate Franchises.

In the assembly E. J. Berner of Milwaukee, one of the Social Democratic members, introduced a joint resolution providing for a constitutional amendment declaring all unlimited and exclusive franchises heretofore granted by cities and villages to public service corporations null and void, and providing that hereafter cities and villages cannot grant franchises for a longer period than twenty years.

Change in Liquor License.

A bill by Senator Stout includes the carrying out of a unique plan covering the control of the sale of intoxicating beverages. It is an adaptation of what is known as the Guttenberg system, which authorizes the sale of all liquor license privileges to a corporation, this authority being granted by a vote of the people of the municipality issuing the licenses.

May Condemn Park Lands.

A bill presented by J. S. Bletcher of Milwaukee gives railroads the right to condemn park lands for right of way and terminal purposes and gives the park commissioners authority to pass upon the necessity of the condemnation. Another bill provides that money received for the sale of city park lands shall be reinvested in other lands for a like purpose.

"Mental Anguish" Bill.

The so-called "mental anguish" bill has made its regular biennial appearance. It provides that a telegraph company shall be liable to damages ranging from $10 to $500 for mental anguish caused by failure to deliver a message within a reasonable time.

Aims at Farm Implement Trust.

Assemblyman Julius Beer of St. Croix county presented a joint resolution declaring that farm implement trusts exist which operate in Wisconsin, and demand excessive prices for their goods, and directing the Wisconsin members in congress to use their best efforts to secure a congressional investigation and such corrective legislation as may be deemed necessary.

County Government.

A joint resolution presented by Thomas Roycroft of Chippewa Falls provides for the appointment of a committee of five members of the legislature to investigate the present system of county government, and recommend any changes that may be deemed advisable to the next legislature.

Militia Appropriations.

Senator Frear introduced a bill carrying the appropriations for the Wisconsin national guard which this year amounts to $150,000, an increase of $15,000 over two years ago, and accounted for by the authorization of an eight-day service for the state troops at Camp Douglas instead of a seven-day duty as at present. Other features of the bill provide for a school at the officers' convention and arranges for per diem pay for those in attendance. The appropriations also include the pay of a state rifle team while attending the national rifle competition.

RICH LAWMAKER.

One of the most diligent and careful members of the Wisconsin legislature, as well as one having the longest experience in the work of making laws, is Henry F. Hagemeister of Green Bay, representing for the second term the Second senatorial district. He is one of the wealthiest members of the legislature, being owner of a large brewery at Green Bay and having extensive interests in other similar plants. He is president of the Kellogg National bank of Green Bay and has the reputation of being a conservative and successful financier. Senator Hagemeister is the heaviest man in the Wisconsin law-making body, weighing 283 pounds.

HENRY F. HAGEMEISTER

Tobacco Taxation.

Senator Munson introduced a measure designed to afford a law for the uniform taxation of tobacco throughout the state, and provided that tobacco is to be graded and assessed according to grade. Under present conditions owners and buyers of warehouse tobacco list it where the most favorable rates can be secured. An Edgerton tobacco buyer, for instance, purchasing a crop at Viroqua, will list it for taxation at Edgerton, where the assessment may be much lower than at Viroqua.

Provides for Day Labor.

A. W. Strehlow of Milwaukee, another of the Social Democratic members, presented a resolution providing for a constitutional amendment to enable the state, cities and villages to have their public improvements made directly under the supervision of public officers and not by contract.

Flood of Bills.

The final day for the introduction of new business in the legislature brought a veritable deluge of resolutions and bills Tuesday. The total number of bills introduced for the session was 685, as against 613 two years ago. This breaks all previous records.

Aids Small Companies.

Mr. Ekern introduced a bill requiring telephone companies to furnish long distance service to connect with other telephones. The measure is intended to enable the smaller companies of the state to use the toll lines of the Bell company.

Prohibits Giant Crackers.

The bill prohibiting the sale of giant firecrackers was favorably reported in the house.

To Purchase Public Services.

E. J. Berner introduced a resolution for a constitutional amendment empowering cities to issue bonds to the amount of 25 per cent of the assessed value for the purpose of purchasing public utilities.

Cruelty to Animals.

A bill presented by R. E. Tarrell of Lafayette increases the penalty for cruelty to animals, making unusually brutal acts punishable by imprisonment in the state penitentiary.

Bars Public Service Employes.

If a bill presented by H. L. Ekern of Trempealeau becomes a law, no person in the employ of a public service corporation will be eligible to election or appointment to any public office, except a non-remunerative one.

Not to Discharge on Sight.

W. J. Aldridge of Milwaukee introduced a bill requiring employers to give three days' notice to employes before discharging them. Employes must give similar notice before quitting work.

Street Railway Assessment.

Speaker Lenroot presented a bill providing that the property of street railways shall be assessed by the state board of assessment and that each county in which the property is located shall receive its proportionate share of the taxes paid on the property.

Convicts to Make Twine.

Assemblyman A. P. Jerdee introduced a bill providing for the manufacture of binding twine by the inmates of the state prison.

Would License Pool Selling.

Gard Miller of Green Lake introduced a bill repealing the anti-pool selling law, and permitting pools to be sold on horse races by persons securing state licenses. The period for such pool-selling is to be from three to ten days.

Taxation of Elevators.

W. W. Wallace of Douglas introduced a bill providing for the taxation of elevators and terminal property of railroad as local property.

National Delegates.

George E. Beedle of Waupaca introduced a bill providing for the election of all delegates to national conventions in the spring of the year in which such conventions are held. The election is to be in April, at the same time as the judicial election.

Liens on Gravestones.

William R. Turner presented a bill making a claim for any unpaid part of the purchase price of monuments, tombstones and other grave marks a lien upon such articles.

Favors Torrens System.

A bill providing for the adoption of the Torrens system for the transfer of titles of real estate was presented by A. H. Dahl of Vernon.

No Child Labor in Assembly.

Practically by unanimous vote the assembly adopted rules doing away with child labor in the assembly.

To Repeal Barbers' License.

John B. Hagerty of Taylor presented a bill to repeal the law providing for the licensing of barbers.

JAY COOKE DIES AT RIPE OLD AGE

Famous Financier of Generation Ago Suddenly Called to His Reward.

HELPED TO SUSTAIN THE UNION

Raised $830,000,000 for the United States Government in Five Months During the Civil War—Lost and Regained Fortune.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 17.—Jay Cooke, who financed the federal government in the war of the rebellion, raising over $2,000,000,000 in cash, died Thursday night at the home of his son-in-law, Charles D. Barney, at Ogontz, a suburb of this city. He was 83 years of age.

Mr. Cooke had been complaining of general debility, the result of old age, for several years. His condition was not considered serious, however, and his death came rather suddenly. Last Monday he entertained as his guests 125 young women pupils of the Ogontz school and their friends. On that occasion he appeared to be in good spirits and was the last to leave the reception room.

Mr. Cooke was known the world over as the famous financier who, through his financial failure in 1873 pulled the United States down with him and caused the great panic of that year.

Mr. Cooke was born in Sandusky, O., in 1821. He moved from the sugar counter of a country grocery to Philadelphia to become a banker's clerk and at the age of 18 was made the confidential and financial representative of E. W. Clark & Co. Within three years he became a partner in the firm.

In 1868 he retired from the banking business and became interested in large railroad enterprises, some of them in the western part of the United States and some in the great northwest, one of his schemes being the inception of the Northern Pacific railroad.

Aids the Government.

Mr. Cooke founded the firm of Jay Cooke & Co. before the civil war and it raised the money necessary to carry on the operations of the government in the rebellion. In one year, during which it was the sole financial agent of the government, the house of Jay Cooke & Co. transacted a business of $3,000,000,000. This was in the year in which the great 7-30 government loans were floated.

Within less than five months of that year Jay Cooke & Co. paid to the United States government $830,000,000 in gold.

At the pinnacle of success there came disaster, black ruinous and complete. This disaster was caused indirectly by the Franco-Prussian war of 1870. As early as 1867 Mr. Cooke had been invited to go into Northern Pacific railroad construction. He ventured into it, but before doing so sent surveyors over the proposed route with instructions to find out exactly what difficulties were to be surmounted. It was upon the report of these surveyors that he finally embarked in Northern Pacific.

Ruined by French War.

He promptly set to work several agencies which he thought would bring foreign capital to his support. His plans were successful. Capitalists in England, Holland and France agreed to place $5,000,000 to the credit of Northern Pacific, and negotiations were within exactly two days of consummation when the crash came.

One morning there came a cablegram saying that Louis Napoleon had declared war against Germany. Mr. Cooke's foreign plans went by the board at once. The affair slumbered. Finally Mr. Cooke undertook the task of constructing the road with American capital. The plan looked successful and construction was begun. Money was eaten up by millions. It went so fast that in 1873 the crash came and Jay Cooke & Co. failed for millions.

When Mr. Cooke closed the doors of his banking house he was practically stripped of every dollar that he had gained in thirty years of an extraordinary career. To use his own words: "I lost $5,000,000 in one day." He went into a small office and started life anew as a broker. Before 1900 all his firm's debts had been paid and Mr. Cooke was again a millionaire.

Gives Up Good Place to Clerk.

Shenandoah, Pa., dispatch: P. J. Ferguson, president of the First National bank of this city, general solicitor for the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, and for thirty-eight years an express agent here for different companies, has resigned. He had his former clerk, John McDonald, succeed him as agent for the Adams Express company.

Constable Freezes in Snow.

Tremont, Pa., dispatch: Frank Eckhart, aged 60 years, a constable, was found lying in the snow at Peoples not far from his home, frozen to death. It is presumed he was overcome by the cold and fell exhausted.

Assistant Pension Chief.

Washington special: The president has signed the commission of Maj. Alexander O. Brodie, now governor of New Mexico, as assistant chief of the pension office.

Policeman to Umpire.

South Bend, Ind., special: It is reported from Laporte that ex-Chief of Police Philip Bongerz has accepted an appointment on the staff of umpires in the Central league. Bongerz is now on the Pacific coast.

New Cotton Mills.

Manchester cable: A cotton trade circular says thirty new cotton spinning mills are being built in Lancashire. Seven thousand operators will be employed.

Can't Smoke, Quits Job.

Carbondale, Pa., dispatch: George Clark, who recently took charge of the Delaware & Hudson shops here has resigned, because General Foreman Kells objected to him smoking while on duty.

Trade on American Basis.

Washington special: C. A. Orr, the American consul at Barranquilla, reports that American money is now the basis for nearly all transactions in Colombia.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS

STATE BAR MEETING PROGRAM

Executive Committee Makes Announcement for Annual Event.

The following program has been issued by the executive committee for the annual meeting of the State Bar association of Wisconsin, to be held at Madison Feb. 28 and March 1:

Feb. 28, 8 p. m.—Opening address by President Judge George H. Noyes.

March 1, 9 a. m.—Reports of committees; paper by Judge James O'Neill on "Nonunanimous Verdict in Civil Actions"; paper on [illegible] by Judge [illegible]; discussion of papers.

March 1, 2 p. m.—Address by Justice Emlin McClain of the supreme court of Iowa on "Law and [illegible]"; paper by Prof. Howard L. Smith on "Codification of the Law"; paper by Charles Quarles in reply; [illegible] of papers; election of officers; miscellaneous business.

The annual banquet of the association will be held at [illegible] on the evening of March 1. The justices of the state supreme court and the judges of the federal courts of Wisconsin are expected to attend as guests of the association. The banquet will be in honor of Justice [illegible].

Heads State Yeomen.

J. R. Murray of La Crosse was elected state president and H. O. [illegible] of Madison state secretary at the Wisconsin conclave of the Brotherhood of American Yeomen, and La Crosse was selected as the place for holding the next conclave, in 1906. The following were elected delegates to the national conclave, to be held at Colorado Springs, Colo., on Dec. 12 next: Dr. H. G. Winters, La Crosse; R. B. Jackson, [illegible] Center, and S. J. Morris, Richland Center.

Accidentally Kills His Cousin.

Mrs. Casper Stussie, who resided with Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Smith, a few miles from Brodhead, was shot and instantly killed by Fred Blumer, a cousin, who was visiting her. Mr. Blumer was cleaning his shotgun, not knowing it was loaded, when it was discharged. Mrs. Stussie is a native of Switzerland, having come to America about four years ago. Mr. Blumer has disappeared.

Whitehead Halts Swearing.

State Senator John M. Whitehead, who is deacon of the Congregational church at Janesville, has caused the arrest of Albert Dorsey, who was using vivid language when met by the senator, who was on his way to the annual home gathering of the church. Dorsey is now doing ten days' sentence.

Says Scars Are Permanent.

Marlan Whittaker, secretary of the state barbers' board, has begun suit for $10,000 damages from Mayor Gorman of Kenosha. Whittaker recently received rough handling from Gorman while attempting to enforce the state barber law, and claims he will be scarred for life from the bruises he received.

Lad Is Crushed to Death.

Richard Barlow, the 16-year-old son of Frank Barlow, electrician at the Northern hospital, was killed by a northbound Wisconsin Central freight at Oshkosh. With a Normal school companion he mounted a moving train but fell off and under. Parts of the body were carried two miles away.

Madison Presbytery.

The Madison Presbytery has held a special meeting at Poynette, at which the Rev. W. E. Atchinson of Poynette was granted a letter of dismissal from the Poynette Presbyterian church, retiring March 1. The Rev. John [illegible] of Beloit was also granted a letter of dismissal.

Normal School Attendance.

The attendance at the seven normal schools for the semester ended Jan. 27, normal grades only, was as follows: Oshkosh, 165; Milwaukee, 286; River Falls, 280; Platteville, 278; Stevens Point, 262; Superior, 262, and Whitewater, 252; a total of 2,185.

Accepts Carnegie Library.

The Cumberland city council has accepted Andrew Carnegie's offer of $10,000 to build a public library building, voting an appropriation of $1,000 a year to maintain a library. The building will be erected this spring.

Farmers Attend College.

One hundred and seventy-five farmers have now registered for the farmers' course at the state agricultural college. More are reported on the way, being delayed by the snow and cold weather.

College Societies Honor Lincoln.

Ecolian and Athenian societies of Ripon college celebrated Lincoln's birthday with a joint session.

Housekeepers' Conference.

The first annual housekeepers' conference, held under the auspices of the department of home economics at the University of Wisconsin, opened on Tuesday at Madison, with an address by Miss Caroline L. Hunt.

Taxpayers Settle.

Union Grove, with 800 inhabitants, has not returned a single cent of delinquent taxes on real estate and only $1.37 on personal property, and this amount was that of a man absent from the village.

Drinks Half Pint Kerosene.

Howard Reichenbach, a boy living in the town of Somers, drank a half pint of kerosene. The child suffered with spasms for more than four hours, the roads making it impossible for physicians to go to Somers. It is said he will recover.

Molders Are Fined.

Two nonunion molders, Phil Blaire and Rokey Farlane, participants in the riot and battle at the State street boarding house in Racine, were fined $10 and costs.

Traffic Is Blocked.

A heavy engine on the Burlington and five loaded cars were derailed three miles below Prairie du Chien and blocked traffic twelve hours.

Valhalla Festival.

The annual Valhalla festival will be observed at Marinette, with Speaker Lenroot making the principal address.

Artificial Stomach Man Dies.

Max Sigl of Seymour, the man who for some time has lived with an artificial stomach, is dead.

MAIL CHECKS TO EXHIBITORS

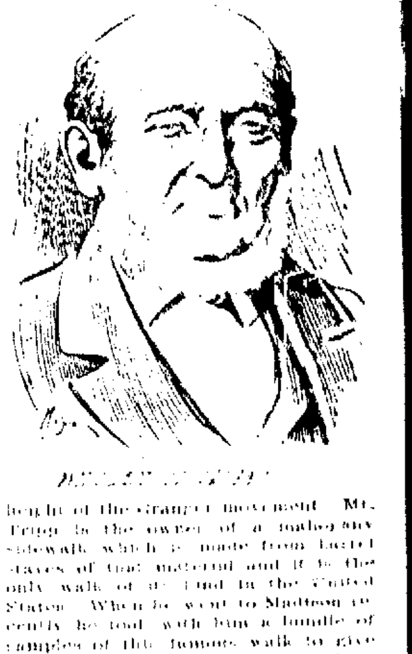
George McKerrow Announces Payment of World's Fair Awards.

Supt. George McKerrow, live stock commissioner for Wisconsin at the St. Louis exhibition, has been in correspondence with the authorities at St. Louis for some time to get the payment of awards, and [illegible] Chief Clerk [illegible] of the live stock department wrote to Mr. McKerrow explaining [illegible] as follows:

[illegible]

OLD TIME LAWMAKER.

Among the interested spectators at the senatorial election in Madison was William H. Tripp of the town of Rock. Mr. Tripp was a member of the legislature of [illegible], forty-eight years ago, that elected the first Republican United States senator from Wisconsin. He was also behind the scenes in [illegible] when Matt Carpenter was defeated for re-election [illegible] the height of the Granger movement. Mr. Tripp is the owner of a mahogany sidewalk which is made from tested staves of that material and it is the only walk of its kind in the United States. When he went to Madison recently he took with him a bundle of samples of this famous walk to give to all the true Republican members of the legislature. Each presidential year since Fremont was the nominee of the party Mr. Tripp has swung a flag on top of a high pole at his farm with the Republican candidate's name on it. He has one ready now, he says, for John C. Spooner in 1908.



New Power Plant.

The power plant for the Sheboygan-Elkhart Lake Railway and Electric company has been completed. The fuel used in the gas engines which are after the pattern of those furnishing power for the Tyrolean Alps at the world's fair in St. Louis is crude oil and is said to be 80 per cent cheaper than gasoline. The cost of the plant is $200,000. As soon as the weather opens the construction work will be begun. The grading has been completed between Elkhart Lake and Plymouth.

Few Candidates at Racine.

On account of the new primary election law the utmost difficulty is being experienced in prevailing upon citizens to become candidates for office. Up to date there are only three petitions out, and they are for Republicans: C. H. Nelson for mayor, W. H. Armstrong for clerk, and C. Fred Bliss for justice. Neither the Democrats nor Social Democrats have been able to get a single candidate interested.

Object to Assembly Bills.

Both the Sheboygan Falls and the Sheboygan dairy boards passed unanimously the following resolution: "Whereas, assembly bills 182A and 183A and 184A do not seem to be for the best interest of the cheese industry, therefore be it resolved that these bills be amended to remove their objectionable features, or be reported against by the committee having them in charge."

Normal Representatives.

Oshkosh Normal representatives to the state internormal oratorical contest will be: Zardee Boyce of Iron Mountain, "Robert Louis Stephenson"; Laberque Wood of Brandon, "Nathan Hale," and Howard Thackeray of Glen Beulah, "The Way of Life."

To Visit Insane Asylum.

Members of the state board of control are expected to visit Racine to inspect work thus far completed on the new insane asylum building and will be asked to settle all disputes regarding expenditures and if the present water system is adequate.

Farmers' Course Begins.

The second annual course for farmers opened at the agricultural college at the state university Tuesday morning. Over 100 farmers from various parts of the state were in attendance.

Accepts Call From Church.

The Rev. Herbert Cheesal Bolsier of Mauston has accepted a call to Trinity Episcopal church at Janesville to succeed the Rev. J. A. M. Richey, who resigned to accept a call to a Los Angeles parish.

Leith Lectures in Chicago.

Prof. Charles Kenneth Leith of the state university department of geology begins this week a six weeks' course in pre-Cambrian and structural geology at the University of Chicago.

Chinese New Year.

About thirty neighboring Chinamen assisted Chippewa Falls celestials in celebrating the Chinese new year festival on Monday.

Fire Destroys House.

The home of Mrs. A. G. Leland of Whitewater was destroyed, the loss being $3,000.

Smallpox Closes Schools.

Many schools near Plainfield have been closed because of a prevalence of smallpox.

Men Growing Weaker

Strenuous Life is Using Up Their Vital Forces and Energy Faster Than Nature Replaces Them.

As a result many are being stricken with paralysis, locomotor ataxia, and nervous prostration. To overdo anything is harmful, and a continuation of it will wear out the strongest man. Overwork, worry, brain-tire, high living, dissipation and other excesses and abuses waste away the most vital elements of the blood, brain and nerve forces, and disease sets in. At first there will be a general indisposition, poor appetite, indigestion, severe headache, wakefulness and weakness in the back and spine, the temper irritable, the spirits depressed, the memory poor and the mind weakened, ending in premature decline or decay. Dr. Chase's Blood and Nerve Food is composed of the same elements that have been wasted and worn out in the blood, brain and nerves. By making new blood it turns weakness into strength and forces new life and the vigor of youth into every portion of the body, restoring the patient to perfect manhood. Weigh yourself before taking it. Price 50 cents.

Sold and guaranteed by

John E. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co

The "HUB"

SAMPLE ROOM.

G. W. MASON, Prop.

Dealer in Fine Wine, Liquors and Cigars.

West side, Grand Rapids.

ALL KINDS OF

COAL

PRICES RIGHT.

E. C. KETCHUM.

TELEPHONE:

Office, 164. Residence, 351

Do you Want A Piano?

I handle some of the best, the Cable goods. Among them are the

Conover,
Mason & Hamlin
Cable,
Kingsbury,
Wellington,
Mason & Hamlin Organ,
Chicago Cottage Organ,

I can give you a low price and easy terms. If you want an instrument, talk the matter over with me.

MRs. F. P. DALY.

Building Lots

I have a number of lots in the Daly addition on the east side, also in the Daly & Ring addition on the west side which will be sold cheap, on easy monthly payments. A chance for a cheap home.

MRS. F. P. DALY

ISAAC P. WITTER, PRESIDENT.
GEO. W. MEAD, VICE-PRESIDENT.
F. H. JACKSON, CASHIER.

[Established 1888]

Bank of Grand Rapids

[WEST SIDE]

CAPITAL, $50,000.
SURPLUS, $6,000.

"It's what you save, not what you earn, that makes wealth." Investigate our system of Home Savings Banks."

YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

Patronize Home Industry
by having your work done at the
Riverside Steam Laundry.
All work guaranteed.
GEORGE BOYER, PROP.
West Side, Near Commercial House

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Why not Get It

when you can get sure relief from a violent cough? Gloria Lung Balsam ll do this every time. It is made of ey, tar, wild cherry, etc., and is the t for children. Sold by John E. ly.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Feb. 22, 1905

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year	$1.50
Six Months	75

Advertising Rates.—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns in The Tribune are 21 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost $2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

Our old friend, Nic Romanoff, Czar of Russia, is having quite a time these days. While we are worrying over the low price of potatoes and cordwood and the high price of coal, he is wondering what method he can adopt that will keep his imperial skin in an unpunctured condition for a few hours longer. Such trivial matters as the price of farm products are not bothering his majesty, but a much more serious problem confronts him. He never knows when he gets up in the morning and breaks the ice in the water pitcher to wash his kingly face, whether he will have any face left to wash when the next night rolls around. Dynamite and death are staring him straight in the eye at every street corner, and no doubt he often wonders whether the game is worth the candle. Nic has a salary considerably in excess of most of us ordinary mortals; in fact he could buy a town like Grand Rapids every Monday morning and make a bonfire of the whole works just for fun and still have enough left to buy smoking tobacco and some of the other necessities of life. Still it is doubtful if he has any more fun out of it all than some of us whose income is hardly half as large. This matter of dodging bombs from morning till night, as one has to do in order to run things properly over in Russia, must be like passing a ward school during recess on a day when the snow packs well. You never know when you are going to get it in the neck. As one sizes up the situation he is impressed with the fact that being an emperor is not such a snap after all, and it is doubtful if the royal families get any more out of life than some of the ordinary citizens who, though they cannot live and as high have had their pictures in the newspapers quite as often, can take a stroll about town without being in imminent danger of having their remains brought home to their sorrowing family in a cigar box.

Our assemblyman, E. E. Winch, has introduced a bill in the legislature to create a new county office, that of supervisor of country roads. We do not know how the new officer gets his position, but if it is an appointive office it would be a good one for some fellow who is a good political organizer, for in his duties of supervising the country roads he would be able to get around among the faithful with great regularity, provided he kept the country roads in good enough shape so that he could get over them on schedule time.

Judge Swayne, who was impeached by the house of representatives, says that he can show that three-fourths of the federal judges have been padding their expense accounts, and that they have also been accepting favors from railroads. This ought to be evidence enough not only to acquit him, but also to re-establish him in office. If you are arrested for thievery and can show that your neighbor is just as big a thief as you are, we can see no reason why you should not both be acquitted.

One thing there is that ought to be said, and said with emphasis. No one ought to patronize the traveling dentists who migrate to and fro over the state, stopping here and there, perhaps to come again and perhaps not to reappear. They are irresponsible, do not pay taxes or in any way contribute to upbuild the city. Local practitioners are where they can always be found and make good their guaranties, and ought to be given your work.—Neillsville Times.

Nomination papers have been circulated in this city during the past week for Albert Salisbury of Whitewater for state superintendant of schools. Mr. Sailsbury has been president of the Whitewater Normal school during the past 20 years, and is a prominent educator. He is said to be eminently fitted for the office.

Now they propose to create a new county up in the northern part of the state and name it LaFollette. Another half-breed outrage.

The people of this county are now offered a Chicago daily for $1 a year. The Chicago Daily Review is sent to subscribers for $1 a year, 75 cents for six months, 50 cents for three months, and stopped when the time is out. The Daily Review is a delightful family daily with all the news of the day condensed into four pages, hence the low price. It is printed in large, clear type easily read by young and old, and publishes a brilliant magazine feature by a popular author every day, besides much good poetry and interesting departments devoted to science and invention, art, literature, music, education, hygiene, home management, fashions, humor, sports and recreations, travels, matters of interest to women and children, etc. It is clean family paper and admits nothing to its reading or advertising columns that cannot be read aloud in th family circle. The Daily Review has subscribers in every State in the Union and every county and township in this and surrounding states. It is just the daily paper for busy farmers and business men, professional men and their families. Subscribe for the Daily Review today. Send one dollar to Chicago Review Co., Room 499, No. 1322 Wabash ave., Chicago, Ill., and receive this fine paper every day except Sunday for a whole year.

A Remarkable Storm.

One of the most remarkable and widespread storms of recent years traversed the United States from the Pacific to the Atlantic during the last week of December, 1904.

This storm was first noted on the north coast of California on the morning of the 24th and by the 25th had crossed the coast range and was central over Colorado. It continued to move in a southeasterly direction until it reached central Texas, when it curved to the northeast, passing up the central valley on the 27th, thence eastward over the Lakes, reaching the Atlantic coast 24 hours later.

It was a storm of unusual intensity, as is shown by the extremely low barometric pressure at the center, the high winds and the heavy and widespread precipitation which attended it throuut its entire course.

The storm retained its identity from the time it first appeared on the Pacific coast until it passed out the Gulf of St. Lawrence four days later.

It was a storm of such marked intensity and presented all the characteristics of the cyclone in such a concentrated and intensified form that it would seem that, if storms on our earth result from certain positions or influences exerted by the planetary bodies, as is claimed by some, we should certainly expect to find an unusual state of affairs among the heavenly bodies at this time to account for so remarkable a disturbance.

In turning to the so-called forecast for December, issued by one who makes large claims to knowledge of planetary influence on terrestial weather, we find that although his "storm periods" cover 24 out of the 31 days, the 27th—the day on which this storm was central between St. Louis and Chicago, with an intensity scarcely equaled by the historic Galveston Hurricane, after it reached the middle latitudes—is not included among the 24 days of December on which storms are predicted to occur. It is, therefore, fair to presume that he expected the 27th to be a fair day, when in fact practically the entire country from the Rocky Mountains to the Atlantic coast was under the influence of one of the most destructive and widespread storms of recent years.

There were a few other occasions during 1904, when the meteorological conditions were of such a pronounced and unusual character as to attract attention, and in comparing the "Things to be expected," as published by the so-called forecaster above mentioned, with the actual events, it is worthy of note that no more emphasis is given, in his statements, to the dates on which these unusual conditions actually occurred than to a hundred or more "storm periods", said to have been indicated by the peculiar positions of the planetary bodies during the year.

Of the "Things to be expected" from January 9th to 12th, he says: "The western to the central states will be in the grasp of a high barometer and cold wave before the storm center has reached or cleared the eastern states." In turning to the weather maps of these dates we find that the temperature over the western and central states was actually above normal and no cold of an unusual character was experienced in any portion of the country at this time.

On the other hand, when the most severe cold wave of the season occurred over the northwest, January 25th, he says: "This period (January 25th to 27th) is comparatively free from disturbing causes."

Again he says of February 2nd to 4th, "There will be general rains south with thunder and lightning," when in fact that section was actually under the influence of a high pressure area with fair weather and moderate temperature.

We look in vain for some mention of the unusually cold period on August 8th when killing frosts destroyed about 50 per cent of the cranberry crop of Wisconsin.

Failures of this kind might be multiplied but those instances are cited to show that if the planetary bodies fail to give any indication of the occurrence of such [pronounced and markedly unusual meteorological conditions, little reliance can be placed on predictions of ordinary changes based upon their supposed influence.

For County Judge.

Nominaion papers have been circulated for W. J. Conway for county judge of Wood county, and they have been numerously signed by our business men and others in the city. Mr. Conway has held the office one term and during that time he has proven himself to be a man not only thoroly competent to fill the office but has made an effort and has succeeded in making himself an obliging official, one that was always willing to go out of his way to accommodate those who had business before the probate court. Up to the present time no other aspirants have announced themselves for the office. The Triibune heartily endorses the candidacy of Mr. Conway and trusts that the people of Wood couuty will see fit to elect him to preside over the office for another term.

Valentine Exhibit.

There was a large exhibit of valentines at the library building, the result of work among the school children. Some of the boys and girls displayed considerable skill both in designing and decorating and the exhibit was well worth the time necessary to examine it. There was also a display of baskets, there being some very fine samples of this work.

MILLADORE.

G. W. Baker has sold his Milladore farm, located on the east side of the county line, to George Dille of Oakfield for $11,294.

The Wood county farmers' institute will be held at Lang's hall, Milladore, March 2nd and 3rd. A program comprising both vocal and instrumental music will be rendered.

The Borth saw mill located about six miles north of Milladore, was burned to the ground Saturday evening. The fire is supposed to have originated from flying sparks.

BEET SUGAR HISTORY.

The International Situation In Its Past and Present Aspects.

By FRANK R. RUTTER, Bureau of Statistics.

The growth of the beet sugar industry during the last half century has been remarkable. From 200,000 long tons in 1853-54 the European beet sugar product steadily and rapidly increased to nearly 6,700,000 long tons in 1901-02. In 1902-03 the production amounted to 5,500,000 long tons and in 1903-04 to 5,800,000 tons. This falling off, while doubtless traceable in part to the Brussels convention, was mainly due to industrial and trade conditions. By the Brussels convention in 1901-02 the principal sugar producing countries of Europe, Russia excepted, agreed to abolish all export bounties, special advantages and exemptions from tax.

The relative increase in beet sugar production is even more conspicuous than the actual increase. In 1853-54 cane sugar constituted 86 per cent of the world's commercial sugar crop, beet sugar only 14 per cent. Half a century later cane sugar contributed 42 per cent, while beet sugar, including the United States crop, furnished about 58 per cent.

High Prices In Europe.

A marked characteristic of the beet sugar industry has been the extremely high range of prices paid in the continental countries as compared with prices in England and the United States. The average wholesale price of refined sugar, excise paid, in Germany during the sugar year 1902-03 was 6¼ cents per pound, in Belgium 6½ cents, in Russia and Austria 7¾ cents and in France over 8 cents. In Spain the average price of sugar during 1901-02 was 9 cents per pound and during 1899-1900 over 10 cents per pound.

In the United States the average price of granulated sugar at New York during the calendar year 1903 was 4.64 cents per pound and during 1902 only 4.46 cents. In 1902 and 1903 the average price of British refined sugar was 3.87 cents per pound. The high prices on the continent have resulted partly from the excise collected on domestic sugar and partly from the combination of sugar producers.

Strong national combinations of producers have been not infrequent in the continental beet sugar industry. Of these the cartels of Austria-Hungary and Germany were probably the most conspicuous. The higher profits derived from domestic sales of sugar led to the apportionment of such sales among the various producers by private agreement in order to increase prices by limiting the supply.

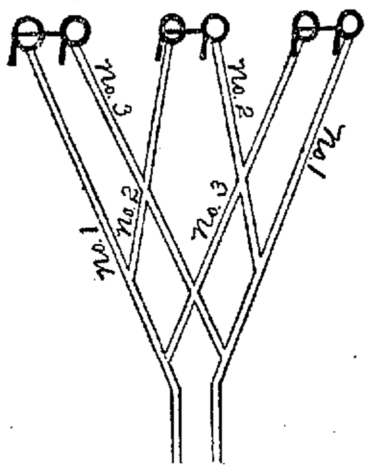
Recent Decrease In Acreage.

The large stocks of sugar had the natural effect of restricting materially the acreage devoted to sugar beets. The decrease in three years has been nearly 19 per cent. The Brussels convention probably contributed somewhat to the restriction in acreage.

The new sugar year opens with prospects for a reduced beet sugar output in Europe that will probably wipe out the accumulated stocks and perhaps necessitate a considerable decline in consumption. General drought throughout the beet growing sections, together with a reduction of 7 per cent in the plantings caused a falling off in the beet crop estimated at 20 per cent as compared with 1903.

To Drive Three Horses Abreast.

I send you a diagram of lines that work all right to drive three horses abreast, writes a correspondent to National Stockman. I have been using them myself for two years. For driving three in a binder they are very convenient. The lines are made the same as for two horses, only the No. 3 must be added, which must be ten inches longer than the No. 2. The way the lines are crossed is the way they must be put on the horses. The bits in the diagram represent the horses.



LINES FOR THREE HORSES ABREAST.

One Thing and Another.

A rapid development of the wheat industry is going on in Argentina. The export movement has grown in magnitude in the past few years.

It is announced by the live stock agent of the Santa Fe road that reports show about 43,500 head of cattle on feed along this road in Texas and the territories, about 25,000 less than last year.

According to German statistics, the total hop crop of that country in 1904 amounted to 49,136,174 pounds, of which Bavaria, the great hop producing center of Germany, furnished very nearly half.

In a test at the Canadian experimental farm in fattening steers those kept confined in the stable all the time made better gain than those turned out a part of each day.

Beerbohm says of the Australian wheat crop of 1904-05 that a total crop in the commonwealth of 50,000,000 bushels is considered to be certain against 75,000,000 bushels last year.

WANT COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be published in this column at the rate of 5 cents per line; no ad taken for less than 10 cents. If you want to buy, sell or trade anything, try the want column.

WANTED—An office table, 3x6. Apply to D. W. Hitchcock.

TO LOAN—$5,000 on approved farm security at 5 per cent. Frank L. Rourke.

FOR SALE—One new Mosler safe, at a bargain. J. R. Ragan.

FOR SALE—A Smith Premier typewriter, new. Going cheap. Inquire at this office.

ORDER BOOKS—Town and School Order Books always on hand at the Tribune office. 100 orders bound in book, 25 cents.

TYPEWRITER PAPER—A large supply always on hand at the Tribune office. Everything from a first class linen down to the cheaper grades. The price tells the quality. Also manuscript covers.

Advertised Letters.

Miss Bertha Harris, Mrs. Aug. Hannamon, Mrs. Jennie Hall, Mrs. H. McKenzie, Alice St. Clair, Mrs. Frank Turnell, Miss Anna Weinturter, Mr. W. J. Birdick, Mr. Anton Bakowski, foreign, A. J. Culver, Mr. Carl Fichel, Mr. Otto Jorgensen, foreign, Mr. J. McRaith, Mr. Ernest Marth, Mr. Wm. D. Reed, A. H. Schumaker, Mr. Henry Slater.

Wausau Pilot.—Robert M. La Follette will now have as much to say about the postoffices and other federal offices as Spooner will, hence the Half Breed element of the party will have an even chance. We learn that several more prominent La Follette followers in Wausau have run up their lightning rods.

The Spanish Way.

Some years ago an Englishman when traveling in Spain fell in with a member of the national parliament who opposed the government. There had been a dissolution of parliament, and the Englishman asked the Spaniard if he would be re-elected. "Oh, no," he said, "there is not a chance of it." Presently they arrived at the principal town of this gentleman's constituency, and he received a regular ovation on his way to the hotel. "Surely," said the Englishman, "you are mistaken. You seem extremely popular here." "Oh, yes," was the reply. "I am very popular, but I won't get in nevertheless." "How will the government prevent your getting in?" was the rejoinder. "Oh, they have all kinds of methods. I will tell you one. They will fix a polling place in such and such a barn. A large and very fierce mastiff is kept there, and when any one likely to vote for me makes his appearance they will let the beast loose."

HAIR!

I allow my picture published for the benefit of any one who may be annoyed with dandruff. My head was simply covered with it, and my hair came out dreadfully. My head itched continually. I was advised by my doctor to try Germ-a-Kila. I did, and since have stopped the itching, cured the dandruff, and as to my hair, it shows for itself. I shall never be without a bottle of Germ-a-Kila.—Mrs. N. Allen, 1425 West Ohio st., Chicago.

I make this sworn statement for the benefit of other people who are bald or getting that way. I have been bald for 14 years, and on the 14th of July one year ago I commenced the use of Germ-a-Kila. The picture without hair is a correct one of myself as I have been, and the one with the hair on it as I am now since I used Germ-a-Kila. My hair first came out after I had worn a sealskin cap, which I think was the cause. In 3 years after I was entirely bald. I may say in 90 days after using Germ-a-Kila I noticed a new growth of hair.

People addressing me will please inclose stamp for answer. August Frederick Schultz, 486 Cass Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Does your head itch? If so, this germ is lurking in your scalp. This germ you see here is 28,000 times its natural size. However, this is just as it looks under a powerful microscope. It can be found on any scalp that has dandruff. Some people have as many as two or three thousand. Germ-a-Kila destroys this germ and causes the hair to grow; besides cures any case of dandruff, stops hair falling out in a very short time. Put up in 50c bottles only. This bottle is as large as most dollar bottles. We give no free samples. One 50-cent bottle will show for itself. Address all mail orders to The Germ-a-Kila Medicine Co., Milwaukee, Wis. For sale by all druggists.

CUT THIS OUT AND GIVE IT TO SOME FRIEND. YOU MAY NOT SEE IT AGAIN.

—For Sale—Coal and wood. For prices and particular inquire of Bossert Bros. & Ebert, phone 54.

Notice of Application.

State of Wisconsin.—In County Court for Wood County.

In the Matter of the Estate of Casper Elmer, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ida Elmer, administratrix of the estate of Casper Elmer, deceased, representing among other things that the said deceased died seized of certain real estate therein described and that it is necessary to sell the same to pay the debts of said deceased and praying for license to sell the same and it appearing to the court that it is necessary to sell said real estate for that purpose.

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard at a special term of said court to be held in and for said county, at the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, on the fourth Tuesday, being the 28th day of March, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is Further Ordered, That this order be published at least three successive weeks before said day fixed for hearing of said petition in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, and that a copy thereof be served personally on all persons interested in said estate and residing in this county at least twenty days before such day.

Dated February 21st, 1905.

W. J. CONWAY,
County Judge.

A New Stock

Have added a new stock Shoes, Ladies' Gents', Misses and Children.

Repairing is my Specialty.

G. Neiman & Son.

Drs. Wallace & Klugherz,
OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS

Office in MacKinnon Block, west side. Phone 150.
Residence - Oak St. and College Ave. Phone 186. Grand Rapids, Wis.

HARVEY GEE & CO.

For Imported Wines and Brandies for Medical Purposes. Highest grade whiskies and cigars.

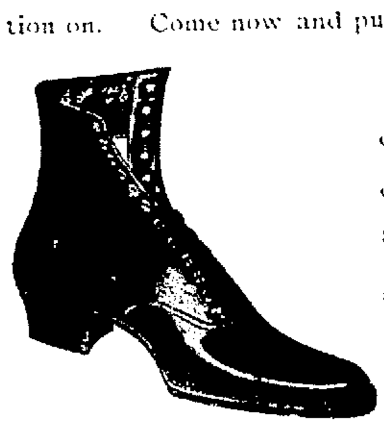
Prices right.

A GOOD WATCH

makes everybody happy all along the line, the workman is justly proud of his achievement when he turns it out, the manufacturer laughs with satisfaction when it leaves his renoun, the Jeweler is as happy as a baby with its first rattle when he realizes and thorough appreciates the satisfaction it gives his customers and the man who wears it and tests it by daily use finds that the best may not always be the cheapest.

When you want a good watch call on

A. P. Hirzy,
Jeweler and Optician.



"A Smart Line"

That is the opinion of those who buy shoes. Right prices, right styles, reliable wear, those are the reasons we use the reliable line to build a reputation on. Come now and purchase shoes for sping that will keep your feet dry and keep away the dreadful grip. Health is wealth and good shoes keep health.

Yours for business,

GROSS & LYONS CO.

WOOD COUNTY NATIONAL BANK.

Capital $50,000. Surplus $25,000.

Commenced Business November 1st, 1901.

FRANK GARRISON, President, F. J. WOOD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS: F. Garrison, L. M. Alexander, Thos. E. Nash, E. Roenius, J. Wood.

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Good Lumber

dressed or undressed, in large or small quantities. Our prices are sure to interest you. The necessity for first class Lumber in

Proper Condition

cannot be overestimated. We will gladly furnish estimates.

WEST SIDE LUMBER CO.

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VICTORIA, DEWEY, SUNBEAM

A WISE WOMAN

Knows that one of the first requisites in making good bread is to have first-class flour, and she will generally have it if it is obtainable.

A WISE MAN

Will always see to it that his wife has good flour and to make sure of it the matter he will order VICTORIA, DEWEY or SUNBEAM.

GRAND RAPIDS MILLING CO.

AFTER USING.

HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S
NERVERINE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box. 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by Daly Drug and Jewelry Company.

...SOFT COAL...
The Poor Man's Fuel.

One Ton of soft coal equals 2 cords of hard maple wood. I offer the trade my celebrated ***Mohawk***, which has no superior. All kinds of coal on sale. Telephone No. 305.

F. E. KELLNER.

A chance to clean up.

Come to our Soap Sale.

Do it Now.

Anybody who is at all interested in soap, and everybody should be, cannot afford to miss this sale. 1000 CAKES OF PURE WHITE TOILET SOAP to be sold at the rediculous low prices of

2 cents per cake---3 for 5c.

We also have a large line of Armour's Buttermilk, Cucumber and Glycerine soaps that we will close out at 5c per cake, 13c per box

A complete stock of highly perfumed soaps in all the standard odors at 10c per cake or 3 for 25c.

Better ones at 15 and 25c. Note the display in one of our show windows.

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Every Day Except Sunday.

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Attorney at law.
MacKinnon Block, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

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Physicians and Surgeons
Office in Wood county bank building. Residence Tel. 263. Office Tel. 274.

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Money loaned. Real estate bought and sold. Offices in Court House, East Side, and MacKinnon Block, West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

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Attorneys at Law.
Office in the MacKinnon Block on the West side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

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Law, Loans and Collections. We have $20,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Office over First National Bank, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

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Specialty of eye, ear, nose and throat. Glasses accurately fitted. Office over Otto's drug store west Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

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Telephone No. 92. Residence 'phone No. 23 Office over Church's Drug Store on West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

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Loans and Collections. Commercial and Probate Law. Office over Gross & Lyons.

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High grade service at reasonable fees. Office in Rablnd building on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

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at the
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All Kinds
PHONE 84

BRIEF LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Frank Sweeney made a business trip to Stratford on Monday.

Will Pouse is confined to his home with an attack of scarlet fever.

Miss Ida Halvorson, who teaches at Vesper, spent Sunday at home.

Miss Mabel Marceau visited friends at Wausau several days last week.

The W. C. T. U. will meet next Friday afternoon with Mrs. R. A. McDonald.

St. Catherines Guild will meet with Mrs. I. P. Witter on Friday afternoon.

Miss Cora Vaughn of Marshfield visited friends in this city several days last week.

Mrs. W. N. Kernin is spending the week in Wausau visiting her daughter, Mrs. Fred Genrich.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Erdman of Wausau were guests of Otto Erdman and family the past week.

E. A. Hannon departed last week for Clinse, Michigan for a several weeks' visit with his parents.

Miss Belle Thorn returned last week from Merrill where she spent the past week visiting friends.

Miss Fern Miller who is teaching near Babcock, spent Saturday and Sunday here with her mother.

The Modern Brotherhood initiated eight new members into their order on Saturday night at Bandelin's hall.

O. B. Kaross, with the Singer Sewing Machine Co. at Wausau was a business visitor in the city on Friday.

Max Cohen and daughter, Miss Tillie of Wausau, spent several days the latter part of last week with Joe Cohen.

Mrs. Jessie Love and Miss Ida Carman went to Milwaukee on Saturday to spend a few days visiting among friends.

Henry Gaulke of Vesper was a business visitor in the city on Thursday, and during his stay favored this office with a social call.

Miss Annie Bamberg, who is teaching at Sherry this winter, came down on Saturday to spend Sunday with her folks in this vicinity.

Miss Maggie Nash expects to leave this week for Thiensville, Wis., where she will spend several months visiting her sitser, Mrs. James O'Brien.

James Nash went to Madison last week to attend the junior prom of the university. Miss Edith Nash was also in the Capital city to attend the event.

Plainfield has seven cases of chicken pox and three cases of smallpox at present. The smallpox cases are mild and have been quarantined.

James Hamilton leaves for Manitowoc today to attend the annual meeting of Wisconsin Clay Workers. James has a paper before the meeting.

Miss Bessie Brace, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Geo. P. Hambrecht for some time past, left for her home in Tomah on Saturday.

—We have opened a wholesale and retail Kentucky Liquor store in the Bandelin building. Those in need of goods of this kind will do well to see us. Jas. Kirschling & Co.

Mrs. Chas. Eberhard spent Sunday with Mrs. Kempfert at Biron.

Silas Payne of Fond du Lac is in the city visiting his sons here.

Miss Belle Akey is the guest of Mrs. E. M. Allerton in this city.

Misses Frances Uehling and Amanda Voelkert of Watertown, sister and cousin of Mrs. Otto Roenius, are in the city visiting.

—The Modern Brotherhood will give a dance at Possley's hall, Biron, on Thursday evening, March 2. All the dancers of the city are extended a cordial invitation.

C. F. Kellogg and T. A. Taylor were in Stevens Point Thursday evening last to attend annual inspection of the Crusade Commandery held at the Masonic temple.

John Graither, the cooper, has just finished an order for 475 beer kegs for the Grand Rapids Brewing Co., which were manufactured at his cooper shop on the west side.

Garry Mason and Thos. Grignon went to Oshkosh last Thursday to take in the sparring match. The match failed to occur, however, so they were disappointed.

The many friends of Wm. Downing in this city will be pained to hear that he suffered a stroke of paralysis several weeks ago and since has lost the use of both his legs.

Since the dissolution of partnership between Ed Daly and Ed Wheelan, Mr. Daly has continued in the insurance business. He has his office in the rear of Steib's drugstore.

John Thomas, who has been with the Consolidated Water Power & Paper copmany for some time past as machinist, has resigned his position and goes to Calumet, Mich.

Herman Wipperman, jr., who holds the position of engrossing clerk in the senate, was in this city over Sunday to visit his friends and relatives. He returned to his duties Monday noon.

John Boles of Kellner was in the city on Tuesday and favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call. Mr. Boles reports matters rather slow out his way since the deep snow came.

—The Modern Brotherhood promise even a better time at their next dance than they had at the last one. The coming event occurs on March 2d, when all are given a cordial invitation to be present.

Levi Genett, one of the oldest settlers of Wausau, was run over in that city Saturday by an engine and almost instantly killed. At the time of the accident Mr. Genett was acting as flagman for the St. Paul Ry.

Andrew Erickson of Dexterville was a business visitor in the city yesterday. During his stay Mr. Erickson found time to favor this office with a social call. He reports things very lively at Dexterville this winter.

A party of about twent-five ladies of the Woodman Circle had a sleighing party to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Voight and gave that lady a pleasant surprise and birthday parry. Refreshments were served by the ladies and a jolly good time was enjoyed by all. Before leaving the ladies presented Mrs. Voight with a token of remembrance.

Mrs. L. A. Padgham is confined to her home this week by a severe cold.

County Judge W. J. Conway made a business trip to Marshfield this morning.

Steib's orchestra has been engaged to furnish the music for the Modern Brotherhood ball at Possley's on the second of March.

Richard Wipperman returned this morning from a business trip to Wausau and Marshfield.

Mrs. Guy Getts has been very sick for a couple of weeks past, but is considerably better at this writing.

Steib's orchestra furnished several choice selections at the Baptist church meeting on Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Benson are the guests of Mrs. Benson's brother, George Reimer, at Rudolph this week.

Mrs. G. R. Gardner and daughter Mabel and Mrs. O. T. Hougen are in Milwaukee this week attending the session of the Grand Lodge of Eastern Star.

Miss Irene Gilkey entertained a party of friends at her home on Friday evening. There were cards and other amusements for the young folks and they reported a very pleasant time.

Report has it, that N. J. Boucher, formerly of this city, has opened up a harness shop at El Paso, Texas. When Mr. Boucher left here it was his intention to locate in the south provided the climate agreed with him.

Miss Margaret Ryan, Miss Cramer, Mrs. C. Harger and Mrs. Kunder returned home this morning from Grand Rapids, where they were in attendance at the Bicknell-Young lecture on Christian Science.—Wausau News.

Henry Carlson made a trip to Cairo, Ill., last week with two carlonds of potatoes. He says that while he was there mercury registered 12 degrees below zero, which was very cold for that country and caused a great deal of suffering.

Julius Kruger of Vesper was in the city on Monday getting out bills for an auction to be held at his place on March 8th, at which he will sell all his personal property. Mr. Kruger recently traded his farm for city property in Beloit.

Henry Pagel, one of the solid farmers of the town of Rudolph, was a pleasant caller at the office on Thursday. Mr. Pagel reports the roads bad out his way and that in some places the snow is higher than the farmers fences.

Michael Cahill, who is logging in the vicinity of Park Falls came down Saturday and spent Sunday and Monday with his family. Mr. Cahill reports a good winter's work and says he has logged a large amount of ties, hub timber and piling.

There will be a social ball at Derrick's hall tonight, Feb. 22nd. Music by the Bright Star orchestra. John Wheir will run a roundabout to and from this city, which will accommodate 20 couple. Parties figuring on going should see him.

The Chambers Creamery Co. is paying 34 cents per pound for butter fat at the present, this being the highest price that dairymen have received for a number of years. The farmer who has cream to sell at this price is making a good thing out of it.

—For Sale Cheap or Rent—1 story house and lot near Polish church, 4 room house. John Kleppin, town of Seneca. Parties wishing to see me can find me at Joe Monian's old stand every Sunday from 12 to 2 o'clock.

A large number of farmers in this vicinity took advantage of the mild weather last Saturday to come to town and do their trading. During the deep snow and cold weather of the past few weeks, but very few of our country neighbors have been in the city.

John Patrick, who resides west of the city, has been quite sick the past week with an attack of grip. He had nearly recovered from his sickness when he had a relapse and it was feared at one time that he could not recover. He is some better at this writing.

Emil Rasmussen, who has been at Pittsville for some time past, where he had charge of Dr. Ed Hougen's drug store during the latter's illness and convalescence, has returned to this city and accepted a position with the Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. as druggist.

Twenty members of the Rebekah lodge surprised Mrs. E. W. Lawler on Wednesday evening of last week and spent a very pleasant evening. Refreshments were served and the visitors departed for home vowing that they had never been more royally entertained.

John Lindahl has contracted to furnish fifty cords of stone for the new building which the Grand Rapids Foundry company will erect on the west side the ensuing season. The stone will be used only for the foundations, the upper part to be of concrete blocks.

The members of St. Lawrence congregation had a full house at their play given in Bandelin's hall last Sunday evening and cleared about $25 by the entertainment. The play was given in the Polish language and was probably the first of the kind ever held in this city.

Geo. E. McDill, a prominent citizen of Stevens Point, died suddenly at his home Saturday. Mr. McDill was born in Plover in 1856 and was a son of the late Thomas H. McDill, a former assemblyman of Portage county. Mr. McDill was a member of the board of Normal regents

Miss Alvina Finup entertained a party of sixteen of her friends on Saturday evening at the home of her brother, Herman Finup, on the west side. The evening was spent in dancing, games, etc. Light refreshments were served. The guests report having spent a must enjoyable evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Heindel were the victims of a surprise party on Thursday evening, about thirty of their friends swooping down on them and taking the place by storm. The evening was very pleasantly spent and the guests departed for home well pleased with their entertainment.

A real thaw set in in this section Sunday morning, and since that time we have experienced some quite mild weather. The warm weather did not improve the roads any, but it put the snow in such a condition that it will not drift any more until some more falls, which is one thing gained. Railroad men were glad to see some warm weather again, as life has been a burden to them for several weeks past.

E. B. Garrison has been suffering from a partial stroke of paralysis since Saturday. The attack was confined to his lower limbs and he has since improved sufficiently to be able to get about with the aid of crutches. Emil's many friends will hope to see him fully recovered in the near future.

The key that opens the money box at Johnson & Hill Co's. store has not shown up as yet. They gave out some 16,000 keys to the box, and their are still outstanding about a thousand keys. As there are twenty-five dollars in the box it stands those in hand who have a key to take it to the store and try it.

V. D. Simons, who has been head electrician at the plant of the Consolidated Water Power & Paper Co. since the electrical work commenced there, has resigned his position, and left last week for Chicago. Mr. Simons is an enthusiast on electrical transmission and the work that was done under his supervision here is evidence that he was able to carry out his ideas in a practical manner.

A number of the friends of Master James Lavigne surprised him on Monday evening and enjoyed a very pleasant time for several hours. James has been suffering from a spinal complaint for some time past, and he left on Tuesday morning for Green Bay where he will enter St. Vincent's hospital for treatment. His many friends here hope to see him back again soon entirely restored in health.

Settlers' one-way second class rates to Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota (including Black Hills District), Wyoming, Manitoba, Western Ontario, Saskatchewan and Assiniboia, via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western line, on Tuesdays, March 7, 14, 21 and 28, and April 4, 11, 18 and 25, 1905. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

The Wisconsin Central Ry. will sell one way colonist, rate of $22.50 from March 1st to May 15th and Sept. 15th to Oct. 31st from St. Paul and Minneapolis, Omaha and Kansas City to all Washington and Idaho points as far west as Ellensburg, Wash., and a rate of $25.00 to all Puget Sound and Pacific coast points. For further information please call at Wisconsin Central depot. J. W. Hancock, agent.

Marshfield Times—Station Agent W. A. Engel of the Wisconsin Central road has made application to his company for an additional clerk at the depot, whose duties it will be to inform the inquisitive public the time number one will arrive. If he is successful in securing a new clerk he has decided to leave the depot telephone receiver down and place before it a phonograph, which will announce every two seconds the time of arrival of all passenger trains.

Very low rates to the Mardi Gras at New Orleans, to Mobile, Pensacola and winter resorts, via the North-Western line. On account of the Mardi Gras, excursion tickets will be sold to New Orleans, Mobile and Pensacola, March 1 to 5, inclusive, also to New Orleans on March 6, for trains arriving at New Orleans by noon of March 7, with favorable return limits. Excursion ticktes are also on sale daily, at reduced rates, to the principal winter resorts in the United States and Mexico. For full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Very low rates to the Mardi Gras and winter resorts Via the North Western Line. On account of the Mardi Gras, excursion tickets will be sold to New Orleans, March 1 to 5, inclusive, also to New Orleans on March 6, for trains arriving at New Orleans by noon of March 7, with favorable return limits. Excursion tickets are also on sale daily, at reduced rates, to the principal winter resorts in the United States and Mexico. For full information apply to agents Chicago & North Western R'y.

On Thursday, the 16th, the legislature held memorial services for Frank A. Cady of this city; T. F. Tinlin of Milwaukee, and D. G. Williams of Cambria, all prominent members of the assembly two years ago, who have since died. The deaths of Messrs. Cady and Williams were unusually tragic. In a fit of mental aberration Mr. Cady plunged to his death in the rotunda of a hotel at Hot Springs, Ark. Mr. Williams died from blood poisoning caused from the bite of a rat. Mr Tinlin died from pneumonia.

—Go to Bruderli for shoes. He gives the greatest value for the least money.

Mrs. Hiram Slussar, an old resident of this county, died at the home of her son, John, at Grand Rapids Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock after an long illness with tuberculosis. The deceased had lived in the town of Linwood for many years previous to three or four years ago, when she went to Grand Rapids. She is survived by her husband and five children, Mrs. Hebard of Fosston, Minn., Mrs. Brandon of Winona, Frank Slussar of this city, and John and Stephen Slussar of Grand Rapids. The body will be brought here Saturday afternoon on the Green Bay & Western train arriving at 3:45. The interment will follow immediately after the arrival of the train. Stevens Point Journal

It makes no difference how many medicines have failed to cure you, if you are troubled with headache, constipation, kidney or liver troubles, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well.

Colonist low one way second class rates to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Boise City, Spokane, Walla Walla, Ogden, Salt Lake City, Butte and other points in Montana, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, and the Pacific coast, via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western line, March 1st to May 15, 1905, inclusive. Daily and personally conducted excursions in Pullman Tourist sleeping cars, only $7.00 for double berth from Chicago (accommodating two people), thru to the Pacific Coast without change of cars. Choice of routes. Excellent train service. Dining cars, (meals a la carte). For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

13 Years of Intense Suffering.

Thirteen years I suffered intensely from rheumatism writes Mrs. Mina Schott, of Marion, Ohio, but Gloria Tonic cured me after using morphine and other worthless drugs for years. Sold by John E. Daly.

In Dire Distress.

Misery and torture without parallel was the fate of Mr. Chas. Weaver, of Darlington, Wis. He writes: "After taking three boxes of Gloria Tonic my rheumatism entirely disappeared. Previous to taking this remedy I could not sleep nights." Sold by John E. Daly.

Entre Nous Entertains.

[Contributed.]

The Entre Nous club of the we side held their Valentine party at t home of Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Ridgma on Friday, Feb. 17th, at which th entertained the gentlemen.

The house had been very attractively decorated with quantities of [illegible] hearts of various sizes and cupid giving the rooms a most pleasing a pearance and quite in keeping w the spirit of the day. The guest were received by Misses Georgia an Edna Ridgman.

The following dinner course men was served to forty five guests:

Bouillon
Salted Wafers Olives and Pickl
Roast Veal
Mashed Potatoes Brown Gravy
Creamed Rice
Warm Parker House Rolls Coff
Lemon Sherbet
Ice Cream Assorted Cakes and Wa

The entertainment committee had arranged a most enjoyable program. The first number, each guest had to write a valentine and deposit it in the postoffice, each guest receiving one when the mail was collected and obliged to read it aloud. This caused much merriment. A musical comedy consisting of twenty three numbers was also very much enjoyed. Miss Edna Ridgman rendered several solos which were very much enjoyed and Mr. Morse and Mr. Kellogg favored them with vocal solos.

The guests departed at a very late hour all agreeing this one of the most successful and delightful social evenings of the Club. Following were present:

Messrs. and Mesdames Brown, Harvey, Goggins, Kyes, Conway, Pomainville, Otto, Church, [illegible], Brundage, Lyons, Natwick, Chandler, Denis, Rockwell, Rossman, Mc[illegible], Cleveland, Kellogg, Schimbel, Vaces, McMillan, Park, Smith, Tr[illegible], Wakefield, Georgia and Edna Ridgman; Messrs. Morse, Turner, Edwards, Thompson, Hanson, Kellogg, Smith, Fratzsinger, and Drs. Ridgman, Waters and Smith.

City Club Banquet.

The members of the City Club held one of their periodical banquets at their rooms over Taylor & Scott's office on Saturday evening. The club now has about twenty members and one of the chief objects of their organization is to amuse themselves during the long winter evenings. If reports of Saturday night's affair can be believed, they succeeded on this one occasion at least. The invitations and menus for the occasion were gotten out by T. A. Taylor and were quite characteristic.

Branch Libraries.

The library board has appropriated $50 for the establishment of three branch libraries in the west side schools. Two of these are in the second grades and one in the third grade. Miss Rablin has been getting the books in readiness and they are now ready for distribution.

Poisons in Food.

Perhaps you don't realize that many pain poisons originate in your food, but some day you may feel a twinge of dyspepsia that will convince you. Dr. King's New Life Pills are guaranteed to cure all sickness due to poisons of undigested food or money back. 25c at Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. drug store. Try them.

FREE STANDAND GRAPHOPHONE **FREE**

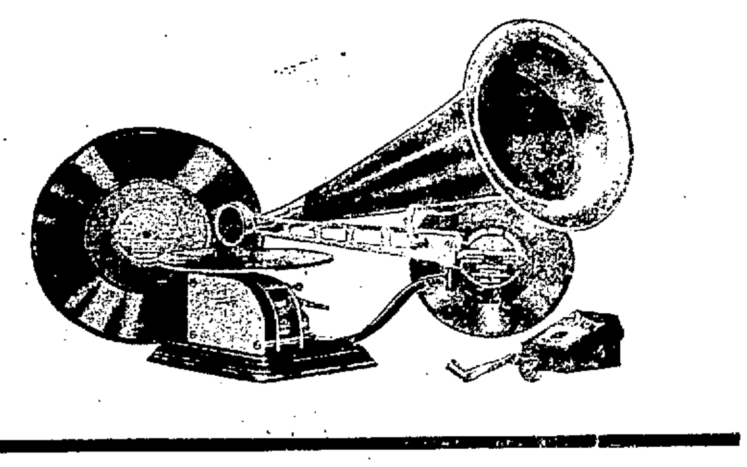
Besides the Great Bargains we are constantly offering to our customers we have decided to give away

FREE, A HIGH GRADE TALKING MACHINE WITH EVERY $15 WORTH OF GOODS BOUGHT.

CALL FOR TICKETS. With every purchase you get a ticket and when the totals amount to $15, present the tickets and get a Graphopone Free.

Call at our store and hear this wonderful Graphophone and learn full particulars and take advantage of this rare opportunity to secure a talking machine free.

We have a complete line of General Merchandise at the lowest prices to had in Grand Rapids and vicinity. ONE PRICE AND THAT THE LOWEST.



This is a disk Talking Machine, not a toy with a squeaking record, but is mechanically perfect with a full natural tone and is the most satisfactory instrument on the market. It's yours with a little purchase

You Only Have to buy Records.

This offer is an extraordinary opportunity to every family in Wood county to secure a high grand standard Talking Machine.

AS A HOME ENTERTAINER IT HAS NO EQUAL.

The best talent of the country is brought right up to your fireside to while away the long winter evenings with song and comical recitations. An impromptu dance may be gotten up a moments notice and here you have the best orchestra of the county to play the dance music. Or if you wish to learn a song what better instructor can you have than one of these peerless singers to phrase a song over and over again if need be. The possibilities of this wonderful little machine for instruction and amusement are endless

Free demonstrations every day at our store.

COHEN BROTHERS

Department Store, East Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

LONG-SOUGHT GRAVE OF JOHN PAUL JONES BELIEVED FOUND

John Paul Jones, better known as Paul Jones, whose grave, it is said, has just been discovered in Paris, died in that city Sept. 18, 1792. He was born in Scotland in 1747, and was the son of a gardener named John Paul. Coming to America in 1773 he was a few years later appointed a first lieutenant in the navy. In 1779, in command of the Bonhomme Richard, he won the famous victory over the Serapis. Within a short period Jones abandoned the American naval service and then entered successively the French and the Russian navy. He achieved the rank of rear admiral while in the latter service, but quitted the czar's colors in 1790 and went to live in Paris.

John Paul Jones had been in controversy with the Parisian authorities, and was not popular. He was living apart from his old friends, and the story of his death came to America while Paris was in the storm of revolution. It is not strange that in such a period trace was lost of his burial place. But it would be strange if the government and the people of the United States did not now support Ambassador Porter in his efforts to recover the body lost for over a hundred years.

AMERICA'S GREAT NAVAL HERO.

John Paul Jones One of the First Figures in Our History.

Again it is reported that the burial place of John Paul Jones in Paris has been found. Americans have been looking for the grave of the great naval commander for nearly a hundred years. Our naval officers have hunted up every scrap of evidence relating to his death and burial. Our historians and historical novelists have published a dozen different versions of events that succeeded the funeral, yet the grave of John Paul Jones has not been found.

Four years ago those interested in the investigation found references in old documents that located the small cemetery in which the body of Admiral Jones was buried. The site of the cemetery was covered with old buildings, and the inference was that all the bodies in the cemetery had been removed. Now Ambassador Porter has received information to the effect that many of the graves, among them that of John Paul Jones, were not disturbed, but that the buildings were erected over them.

This is tradition rather than matter of record, but it affords ground for the belief that the remains of the great sea captain may be found and brought to America. At all events, Congress is to be asked for an appropriation to defray the expenses of tearing down the buildings erected on the site of the old cemetery or of excavating under them.

There is every reason why Congress should take action in the matter. John Paul Jones is one of the most romantic and heroic figures in American history. He raised the first Colonial flag that ever floated over a war vessel. His ship carried the first national flag that went to sea. He won the first signal victory of the Revolutionary war in foreign waters. He fought always like a master spirit of battle. Novelists and painters have portrayed in vivid colors his greater exploits at sea, but after all the record of facts was more wonderful than the romancing of the fictionist.

Hundreds of anecdotes have been related to illustrate his eccentricities of character, but the world has not cared for these. The men of this generation, as did those of a hundred years ago, care for what John Paul Jones did for the first American navy, care for the deeds that made him one of the master spirits of naval warfare.

The Americans of the decade that followed the Revolutionary war lost sight of John Paul Jones because he took service in France and Russia, but they did not forget his service under our own flag. He died in Paris in August, 1792, when the revolution was at its worst. A few days before his death thousands of persons were massacred and four days after his death the prisons were broken open and 1,200 persons were slain.

NEW GERMAN COURT DENTIST.

Chicagoan Has Position Formerly Held by Dr. Sylvester.

Dr. Arthur N. Davis, who, as stated in a cablegram from Berlin, has been appointed court dentist to Emperor William of Germany, formerly resided in Chicago and was graduated from the Chicago Dental college with the class of 1902. Afterward he became a member of the college faculty. Then he practiced during one year, when he went abroad and became assistant to Dr. Sylvester, the German emperor's dentist, who committed suicide a few weeks ago.

DR. ARTHUR N. DAVIS

Physicians to Gather at Portland.

Portland, Ore., where the Lewis and Clarke Fair is to be held this summer, is to be the gathering place of the annual session of the American Medical Association, July 11 to 14, and physicians from all over the United States are now arranging to take their vacations at Yellowstone Park, Puget Sound, the Canadian Rockies, California, Honolulu, Alaska and other places which they can reach in connection with the trip to Portland in July.

Municipal Electric Service.

The corporation of Norwich, England, has reduced the cost of its electric light service about 16 per cent and advertises in the local papers to wire premises free of initial cost to the consumer.

New York Judge an Optimist.

Thirty-five thousand prisoners have faced Judge Rufus B. Cowing, senior judge of the general sessions court in New York city, since he took his seat on the bench in 1877. The judge, notwithstanding his vast experience in that tribunal, still has an optimist's faith in human nature and holds that crime is not on the increase. He disapproves of indeterminate sentences and thinks that anyone who appears in court after having been punished twice should be imprisoned for life.

Justice of Great Weight.

Alderman Charles Kaltenhauser of Pittsburg probably is the world's heaviest justice of the peace, tipping the scales at 585 pounds. When inducted into office fifteen years ago he weighed 365 pounds. Under medical instruction he took exercise of all sorts some time ago and managed to get down to 400 pounds, but lapsed for a few days and took on flesh again rapidly. Then he gave it up and for several years has constantly weighed about 560. His health is good.

Permanent Monument to Livingstone.

Poulett Weatherley, the English explorer, who has lately returned from the heart of Africa, where he has been buried for eleven years, often not seeing a white man for two years at a stretch, rediscovered the spot where the heart of Livingstone is buried and raised a permanent monument in place of the decaying tree that marked the site.

Irrigation Changes Temperature.

Irrigation is said to be lowering the temperature of Egypt appreciably.

President's Niece His Favorite.

About the only person outside President Roosevelt's family who is bold enough to interrupt him when he is at work is his pretty niece, Miss Corinne Douglas Robinson. She is not the least bit afraid of "Uncle Theodore" and the younger Roosevelt boys long ago learned the wisdom of getting her to intercede for them when they had transgressed any of the few but strict rules laid down by their resolute father. If "Cousin Corinne" couldn't beg them off nobody could.

President's Coming Western Trip.

All arrangements have been made for President Roosevelt's hunting trip in Colorado. He will arrive in Colorado Springs about April 1, immediately after leaving the rough rider reunion in Texas, and will leave for the mountains at once. There will be no receptions, no speech-making—nothing, in fact, that will interfere with the president's plan of recreation. It is understood the party will go to Routt county, but the exact destination is unknown.

Circulating Bibles in Japan.

The American Bible Society has recently received a number of interesting communications from its agent in Japan, the Rev. Mr. Loomis, who says: "We have donated more than 32,000 testaments and gospels among the 45,000 wounded Japanese soldiers."

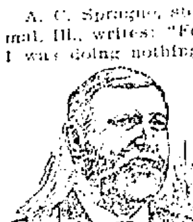
Ship's Crew Weakens.

The steamship Olympia sailed from Seattle for Vladivostok, but returned to port soon afterward, her crew having reconsidered their determination to become blockade runners.

TORTURING PAIN.

Half This Man's Sufferings Would Have Killed Many a Person, but Doan's Cured Him.

A. C. Sprague, stock dealer, of Normal, Ill., writes: "For two whole years I was doing nothing but buying medicines to cure my kidneys. I do not think that any man ever suffered as I did and lived. The pain in my back was so bad that I could not sleep at night. I could not ride a horse and sometimes was unable even to ride in a car. My condition was critical when I sent for Doan's Kidney Pills. I used three boxes and they cured me. Now I can go anywhere and do as much as anybody. I sleep well and feel no discomfort at all."



A. C. SPRAGUE.

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cts.

Why the Hermit Kingdom.

Oppressed by her neighbors for centuries and overrun with war; her people decimated; her cities, her temples and her libraries sacked and destroyed; her nobles and maidens driven off to China and her artisans to Japan; the most ambitious and unscrupulous of her subjects constantly stirred to intrigue and conspiracy by foreign powers. It is small wonder, says W. F. Sands in the Century, that Korea has endeavored to shut herself off from the world, and, by becoming the "Hermit Kingdom," has effectually barred the way to all progress.

SALT RHEUM ON HANDS.

Suffered Agony and Had to Wear Bandages All the Time—Another Cure by Cuticura.

Another cure by Cuticura is told of by Mrs. Caroline Cable, of Waupaca, Wis., in the following grateful letter: "My husband suffered agony with salt rheum on his hands, and I had to keep them bandaged all the time. We tried everything we could get, but nothing helped him until he used Cuticura. One set of Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills cured him entirely, and his hands have been as smooth as possible ever since. I do hope this letter will be the means of helping some other sufferer."

Flash of Humor on Senate.

While presiding over the grave deliberations of the United States senate Mr. Frye of Maine occasionally allows himself to indulge in a flash of humor. One day last week an unimportant amendment was offered to a measure under consideration. On the question being put a single "Yea" came from the Republican side, followed by a lone "Nay" from the opposition. "The yea has it," said Senator Frye gravely.

Millions in Oats.

Salzer's New National Oats yielded in Mich., 230 bu., in Mo., 255 bu., in N. D., 310 bu., and in 30 other states from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. Now this Oat if generally grown in 1905, will add millions of bushels to the yield and millions of dollars to the farmer's purse!

Homebuilder Yellow Dent Corn grows like a weed and yields from 157 to 200 bushels and more per acre! It's the biggest yielder on earth!

Salzer's Speltz, Beardless Barley, Macaroni Wheat, Pea Oat, Billion Dollar Grass and Earliest Cane are money makers for you, Mr. Farmer.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples. [W. N. U.]

"The Arena," in commenting on Stanton Kirkham Davis' work, "Where Dwells the Soul Serene," says: "The author has succeeded in an eminent degree in bringing his philosophic discussions within the easy grasp of the busy man of affairs who has little time for calm and serious contemplation. It is an appeal to all that is best in man's nature, and seldom have I read so rational a presentation of the ethical needs of to-day as is here presented. (Upland Farm Alliance, Oscawana-On-Hudson, N. Y.)

"Synonyms," by John H. Betchel, is an invaluable aid to anyone having the least desire to add to his vocabulary. It is designed mainly to meet the wants of the busy merchant or lawyer, the thoughtful clergyman or teacher, the wide-awake school boy or girl. (Penn Pub. Co., Philadelphia.)

King Gives Operating Table.

Visiting the hospital at Buxton, Devonshire, the other day, King Edward noted the fact that the operating table was of wood. He said: "You should have a glass one. I have a fellow feeling as to that." So he gave the hospital one.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Too Deep.

"Say, waiter! Where did you get this wine from?"

"From the cellar, sir."

"Don't you think you went too far down and got to the sewer instead?"—Judy.

Feet Comfortable Ever Since.

"I suffered for years with my feet. A friend recommended ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE. I used two boxes of the powder, and my feet have been entirely comfortable ever since. ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE is certainly a godsend to me. Wm. L. Swormstedt, Washington, D. C." Sold by all Druggists, 25c.

A New York bachelor has offered $1,000 to the married man who will cross his heart and say he would not swap places with him. No chance there for Dr. Chadwick.

WHERE IS FARMING MOST PROFITABLE, where are the conditions most favorable for the General Farmer, the Stock Raiser, Fruit or Truck Grower, where are the Greatest Advantages for the Home-seeker? Government statistics prove it is in the South, in the Southern Railway territory. We will tell you about it. Write for Free Publications. M. V. Richards, Land and Industrial Agent, Washington, D. C.

Mr. C. W. Armour artlessly remarks that the price of cattle is governed entirely by supply and demand, but we fear it is chiefly by demand.

Wanted—Representative in every community. Money-making home business. Any one can do it. Find out what it is. Send address. M. A. Donohue & Co., Chicago.

Some men, like mules, do little head work and are always kicking.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Honest labor bears a lovely face.—Thomas Dekker.

KATE EDWARDS, MURDERESS OF HUSBAND, SAVED FROM DEATH

KATE EDWARDS AND HER DAUGHTER

The death warrants in the case of Mrs. Kate Edwards, the white woman, and Samuel Greason, the negro, who were under sentence to be hanged at Reading, Pa., Feb. 16, were withdrawn by Gov. Pennypacker on recommendation of the board of pardons. Both were convicted of the murder of the woman's husband.

The lawyers for Greason will now apply to the Supreme court for an order opening his case in order to hear four new witnesses found by his attorneys. If the Supreme court grants the order the case will go back to Berks county for retrial. In the meantime Mrs. Edwards' case will be continued. But if the Supreme court refuses the order then the board of pardons will have to decide the case at its next meeting, which will be the third Wednesday in March.

When news of the action of the pardon board was sent to the jail at Reading Mrs. Edwards was lying on her cot, moaning and sobbing and giving full sway to her feelings. It was explained to her that she had at least been granted a new lease of life. It was hard to make her understand, and her replies were incoherent. It was a long time before she could be made to realize that she would not be hanged.

"Thank God, you couldn't have brought me better news," she said. "I know that I've done a great wrong, but I'm not such a bad woman at heart. I thank God again, and I thank all my friends."

History of the Crime.

The story of the tragedy is shocking. Kate Edwards was married when she was but 17. Edwards was 10 years her senior. He offered her a home and she married him. In the first year of their married life he had knocked her down half a dozen times, and on one occasion kicked her into insensibility.

According to the woman's story he made her drink and taught her children to do the same.

Edwards was found murdered in a cistern in his dooryard July 4, 1904.

The woman, her daughter, and several negroes, including Greason, were arrested. All of the negroes except Greason got off.

The woman was convicted. The girl was set free. Greason protested his innocence, but was convicted.

Kate Edwards realized the terrible fate rapidly approaching her and was tortured constantly by real and fancied horrors of death on the gallows. She wanted to live. Almost every hour of her life for her last few days was spent in weeping and bemoaning her fate, in having to leave her little child, Alma, born in prison nine days after her arrest.

American Missionary Decorated.

The American Board has just received word that the King of England has conferred the Kaiser-i-Hind decoration upon one of the missionaries in the Bombay presidency, India, Rev. Richard Windsor. This decoration is given only upon the recommendation of the officials of the Indian government and is always given for distinguished service in India. Mr. Windsor was born in England in 1835, but came to America in his childhood. He was appointed missionary of the American board and went to the Bombay presidency. He was one of the pioneers in that presidency in introducing industrial training as a means of educating the youth of that country.

Influence in French Party Politics.

"Party politics in France is full of geniality," says a writer. "In the recent contest for the presidency of the chamber M. Doumer defeated M. Brisson by a small majority. How did M. Brisson's friends account for this? Very simply. A friend of M. Doumer went about betting a thousand francs against his election. He laid this wager with fifteen of M. Brisson's supporters. They could not bear the idea of losing the money, so they popped into the voting urn tickets for M. Doumer. Their votes turned the scale."

Modiste Divulges Secret.

A too loquacious modiste has betrayed the secret of Maxine Elliott's young back—that svelte and bendable young back which preserves its unimpeachable waist line in the face of insinuating avoirdupois with an air of persistent youth. The true inwardness of the marvel is the absence of lacing up the spine. The corset fits like a jacket in the back, is long over the hips and laces on either side in front. The result is the smooth and uncorrugated outline.

Woman's Fine Bowling Record.

Mrs. Nellie Benson Lester, champion woman bowler of New York, made another world's record the other day, rolling up a score of 245. The best previous figure for a woman was Mrs. Lester's score of 232. She rolled her first game only three years ago.

California Pioneer Dead.

Maurice Enriquez, one of the oldest pioneers of California, and the last survivor of Gen. Fremont's battalion in the Mexican war, has just died at Los Angeles. He was born in Peru.

STOCK YARDS FOR SIBERIA.

British Company, with Immense Capital, Behind Project.

A British company, with a capital of 10,000,000 rubles, is founding a meat preserving establishment, fitted with the most modern machinery, about 120 miles from Petropavlovsk, district of Akmolinsk. This establishment will be joined to the Transsiberian railway at Petropavlovsk by a service of motor wagons, each with a carrying capacity of six hundredweight. Machinery and utensils for this establishment are said to be arriving daily. Petropavlovsk is the center of the steppe cattle rearing district of western Siberia. The preserved meat, it is said, will be dispatched to London, application having already been made to the authorities for favorable freight rates.—London Globe.

FIGHT ON STANDARD OIL.

Movement in Kansas Likely to Have Far-Reaching Effect.

Gov. Hoch, elected to the governorship of the state of Kansas last November, began the big fight now on between the state of Kansas and the Standard Oil company. He started it in his message by asking the legislature to establish a state refinery. This he followed with a speech demanding that the Standard company be "throttled." Then came charges in the newspapers of attempted bribery of legislators. Recently the Standard company announced it would accept no more oil from the Kansas fields. This, instead of "bringing the state to time," seems to have had the effect of uniting the people on the project for a refinery to be owned by the state.

GOV. E. W. HOCH OF KANSAS

FUTURE OF CHARLES M. SCHWAB.

Belief That He Will Again Take Prominent Part in Affairs.

There is considerable discussion in Wall street of Charles M. Schwab's business prospects. Many believe that he will again take a foremost place in the management of great enterprises and that the prestige he once enjoyed will be regained. Mr. Schwab is on his way to Mexico, where he will investigate a proposition to build a great mining tunnel which he has been asked to finance. The land where the tunnel is to be constructed is in the Guanajuato district. Mr. Schwab's friends say that for the time being his proposed trip to the Russian capital where he intended to negotiate a contract for warships, has been postponed.

New Point in Criminology.

Dr. J. Harty, a French criminologist, has recently made an examination of 4,000 delinquent soldiers of the French army and has found that in heigth, weight, breast measure, muscular power and general condition they averaged much better than the well-behaved soldiers. Dr. Marty does not imply that criminals are by nature better physically than noncriminals, but suggests that the condition of criminal families is so much more wretched than respectable ones that only the uncommonly strong survive.

Sudden and Surprising.

The Democratic defeat of last November was being discussed by Representative John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, who said it reminded him of the Mississippi farmer whose house and barns were picked up by a cyclone and blown into the Mississippi river. The farmer landed on top of a sawlog. As he came to the surface, blew the water out of his nose, wiped his eyes and got a better grip on the log, he said: "Well, that was so sudden, it is ridiculous."

Effect of Religious Wave.

"The wave of religious enthusiasm," says the London Express, "which is passing over the United Kingdom has resulted in the public houses in many towns being closed at noon for an hour while the bartenders, the proprietors and their patrons all go to church."

Must Be Young and Tender.

The following advertisement is taken from an English paper: "Smart lad wanted for butchering. Apply 6, Spotland road."

SAVE THE CHILDREN.

FREE MEALS SERVED UNFORTUNATE PUPILS.

Tardy Efforts of English Philanthropists to Relieve Situation Which Is a Blot on Great Nation's Fame—Good Results of Scheme.

"No experience is needed to pick out the typically underfed," says a writer regarding the children at a "board school" in Leeds, England. "Their looks and their clothing betray them at the first glance. On their faces is the careworn, anxious look which is characteristic. Their nondescript garments cover rather than clothe them. They are shod, when they are not actually barefooted, after a fashion that cripples their movements rather than protects their feet. Their whole appearance is eloquent of neglect, thriftlessness and dirt. Their hair is unkempt, without gloss and ominous of many evils; their permanent teeth seem to decay from the first moment of their appearance; the bones of their arms and legs hardly seem to be covered with flesh and blood. When there happens to be food at home they get some sometimes. It depends on mother's temper and how drunk father is. When there is none they scavenge abroad. The market places at night are a very favorite hunting ground. Here it is often possible to pick up half-rotten fruit or other wastage from the costers' stalls. Is there any system of purely mental education the wit of man has yet devised that is likely to transform these waifs of humanity into healthy, wholesome men and women or useful citizens? And there are thousands of them throughout Great Britain.

"At 12 o'clock sharp the free-feeders clatter into a classroom provided for the purpose and take their seats at the desks neatly covered with oilcloth. They are all the children of the very poor. Every child has a tin plate piled high with its dinner, a substantial slice of wholemeal bread, a tin spoon and a mug of water, served by the elder children. They make very short work of it. There is a clatter of spoons, a busy silence and in half an hour every trace of the interruption of the school routine is cleared away. The principal materials of the children's dietary are wholemeal bread, cocoa, meat, fish, suet, rice, lentils, potatoes, onions and bone gravy, with plenty of margarine and sugar. On these constituents, each carefully chosen for its food value, it is possible to ring the changes of a great variety of meals.

"It may be said that each of the children during the first ten weeks of this feeding increased in weight from one pound to five pounds. But statistics are hardly needed to show the improvement in the children's physique. It is only necessary to look at the free-feeders after seeing the underfed in the same school. They have lost their pinched and anxious look; there is color in their cheeks, life and brightness in their eyes and firm flesh on their bones. It is difficult to believe that they are of the same stock and same social category as their less fortunate schoolmates. Each meal costs 1 penny (2 cents) a head."

JURISDICTION A WIDE ONE.

How Supreme Court Justices Drank Wine Without Breaking Rule.

In Chief Justice Marshall's time the Supreme Court of the United States lived apart from the rest of the world, and dined together at a sort of mess, only once a year dining in public at the White House. Justice Story was once rallied on this aloofness, and explained it drolly:

"The fact is, we Justices take no part in the society of the place. We dine once a year with the President, and that is all. On other days we dine together and discuss at table the questions that are argued before us. We are great ascetics, and even deny ourselves wine except in wet weather."

Here the Justice paused, as if thinking this last statement placed too great a tax on human credulity, and then he added, slyly:

"What I say about wine, sir, gives you our rule, but it does sometimes happen that the Chief Justice will say to me when the cloth is removed: 'Brother Story, step to the window and see if it does not look like rain.' And if I tell him that the sun is shining, Chief Justice Marshall will sometimes reply: 'All the better; for our jurisdiction extends over so large a territory that the doctrine of chances makes it certain that it must be raining somewhere.'"—Philadelphia Record

Animals in Art.

"Sheep are in strong demand in the picture market," said the manager of a department store art gallery. "If I were a painter of animal studies I would confine myself entirely to pictures of sheep. They sell better than any other animal pictures. I suppose the reason is that sheep lend themselves to more artistic poses than any other quadruped subjects. They can be more effectively grouped, and the contour of their bodies is in soft and rounded lines well adapted to artistic work. Then sentiment is a factor in the popularity of these pictures. The women and children are always attracted by them, especially by pictures of sheep lost in a storm, which appeal to their sympathies. Cows are a poor second to sheep in popularity and the demand for horses is very light. The horse is a somewhat conventional subject and one very difficult to portray artistically, while the sheep can be easily and effectively introduced into a picture."—Philadelphia Record.

Pen Portrait of Great Novelist.

Here is a pen portrait of Robert Louis Stevenson, written by Dr. Alexander H. Japp: "Not so tall probably as he seems at first sight from his extreme thinness; but the pose and air could not be otherwise described than as distinguished. Head of fine type, carried well on the shoulders, and, in walking, with the impression of being a little thrown back; long brown hair, falling from under a broadish-brimmed Spanish form of soft felt hat, Rembrandtesque; loose kind of Inverness cape when walking and invariable velvet jacket inside the house."

Pays to Be Prepared.

In a great crisis the man who has prepared beforehand is the one who slips into the breach, and his name goes down in history as that of an illustrious citizen. Lincoln as a youth said: "The opportunity may come, I will be ready." In business it is the man who is prepared for more than he is doing who is given the promotion, who sees and seizes the opportunity.

HAD CATARRH THIRTY YEARS.

Congressman Meekison Gives Praise to Pe-ru-na For His Recovery.

CONGRESSMAN MEEKISON PRAISES PE-RU-NA.

Hon. David Meekison, Napoleon, Ohio, ex-member of Congress, Fifty fifth District, writes:

"I have used several bottles of Peruna and I feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feel encouraged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will be fully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."—David Meekison.

ANOTHER SENSATIONAL CURE: Mr. Jacob L. Davis, Galena, Stone county, Mo., writes: "I have been in bad health for thirty-seven years, and after taking twelve bottles of your Peruna I am cured."—Jacob L. Davis.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

YOU'RE NEEDED

The section traversed by the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ry. is very comprehensive. From St. Louis, Hannibal or Kansas City to Galveston or San Antonio is a stretch of over one thousand miles of territory, capable of sustaining a population many times that of the present. A thousand industries, soil of various degrees of fertility, a wonderful produce of plants and crops, oil, gas and minerals are to be found. Peopled by eager, pushing, wide-awake citizens who believe in the future of the Southwest and see the virtue of encouraging enterprises of every description and of getting more and better facilities the opportunity is apparent.

The Southwest is really in need of nothing save people. More men are needed—***you're needed.*** There are vast areas of unimproved lands—land not yielding the crops of which it is capable. The same thing in a different way is true of the towns. Few lines of business are adequately represented. There are openings for mills and manufacturing plants, small stores, banks, newspapers and lumber yards. The oil and gas fields of Kansas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma are practically new and offer wonderful opportunities for development along commercial lines.

THE OPPORTUNITY IS NOW.

The M. K. & T. has no lands for sale, we are simply interested in the upbuilding of the country. We believe in the Southwest, and know that with its present needs and opportunities, the prospects are brighter and the future more hopeful than in the older and more densely populated States. We want you to investigate conditions and satisfy yourself of the truthfulness of this.

On February 21st and March 7th and 21st, the M. K. & T. Ry. will sell excursion tickets from St. Louis, Hannibal and Kansas City to Indian Territory, Oklahoma and Central and Eastern Texas, at

$15 For The Round Trip

You should take advantage of this opportunity to see the Southwest for yourself.

THE MK AND T
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RY.

We are in possession of all sorts of information valuable alike to the investor and homeseeker. If you are interested tell us what you want, how much you have to invest and we will gladly furnish the information.

Write to-day for a copy of our book "Business Chances." It's free. Address

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G. W. SMITH, N. P. A., 316 Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill.
H. F. BOWSHALL, D. P. A., 408 Traction Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.
T. B. COOKERLY, D. P. A., 318 Citizens' National Bank Bldg., Des Moines, Ia.
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is sent (to mail subscribers only) for $1.00 a year, 75 cents for 6 months, 50 cents for 3 months. Every subscription stopped when the time is out.

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The Chicago Daily Review is a condensed newspaper for busy people. Omitting local, trivial, criminal and scandalous matter, it is able to give all the **news** in four pages, sell it for the low price of $1 a year and still make a reasonable profit.

The Chicago Daily Review is printed in **large, clear type,** easily read by young and old. It saves your eyes.

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SCIENCE AND TUBERCULOSIS

Methods of Fighting This Most Insidious of All Diseases—Best Plan Is to Keep Body in Proper Condition.

The "Cold Air Cure."

Cold air purifies the blood, energizes the heart, puts new vim into the muscles, helps the stomach, wakes up the liver, lifts the whole being to a higher plane of life.

The most successful consumption resort in the world is Davos, a winter resort in the Swiss Alps, near the Engadine, where the snow is six feet deep and the temperature close to zero all winter. Every winter hundreds of tubercular patients from all parts of the world resort to Davos to take the "cold air cure."

Cold air cures (there is no doubt about it), when accompanied by wise and skillful management, and careful regulation of diet. In the summer season this great healing force is available only in a small measure by means of cold baths, ice rubs, and fans; but in the winter season, the keen frosty air is everywhere, ready to be put to work as the great uplifting power it is when rightly applied.

The winter season alone provides continuous tonic conditions. The dense air, containing from one-eighth to one-fourth more oxygen than midsummer, stimulates all the vital processes to a higher degree of activity. Here is a healing force which is in operation day and night, and steadily lifts the patient up to a higher level until the ebbing tide of life turns backward, and renovating forces of the body resume their activities with all the old-time vigor.

The Price of Indoor Life.

Within the past twenty years there has been a steady development of confidence in the out-of-door method of treating pulmonary tuberculosis. The wonderful success that has attended the outdoor treatment in all countries, irrespective of altitude or special climatic advantages, has demonstrated the immense value of the out-door life as a curative means. This is not surprising, since man is naturally an out-of-door animal. The indoor life which most civilized human beings live is wholly artificial. We pay an enormous price for the luxury of living in houses. Not only pulmonary tuberculosis, but a large number of other chronic maladies are the natural outgrowth of the lowered vital resistance which results from the conditions imposed by modern civilized life.

We have become too much civilized. A mild return to savagery is the one thing needful at the present time. In cold weather we can not live out of doors, but we can take care to supply our living rooms, and especially our bed-rooms with an abundant supply of pure cold air. This is a very excellent remedy for morning headaches, which usually mean air-poisoning.

Appetite Juice.

The taking of food into the mouth is a signal to all the digestive organs to prepare for work. Even the sight and odor of food may cause an outflow of saliva, and at the same time the gastric juice pours into the stomach.

Pawlow, of St. Petersburg, in experiments upon a dog, observed that when food was introduced into the animal's stomach through an opening made for the purpose it was not acted upon; the digestive juice was not poured out, and the stomach apparently remained inert for nearly half an hour. On the other hand, when the animal was allowed to see and smell the food, the saliva and the gastric juice poured forth abundantly, even though the animal did not actually taste a morsel. It is important that the food should be retained in the mouth for a sufficient length of time to make the proper impression upon the nerves of taste, so that the entire digestive apparatus shall be thoroughly prepared to carry the food substances through the successive steps of the digestive process.

The thorough chewing of the food produces an abundance of what Pawlow calls "Appetite Juice," which is the best and most important juice formed by the stomach. Hence food must be well relished, and eaten with careful attention to very thorough mastication.

Vital Activity in Cold Weather.

The vital fires burn brighter in cold weather. The whole tide of life moves with greater activity. The process of digestion is quickened because the process of oxidation is increased.

The liver requires oxygen for making bile and performing all its varied functions, and the oxygen we breathe in cold air, improves the function of the liver, so it can do one-seventh more work than before.

The muscles, also, depend for their activity upon oxygen. In an excess of carbonic acid gas the muscles are asphyxiated, and so one feels depressed in warm weather.

A person does not get out of breath so easily in cold air as in warm. The woodchopper can swing his axe with more energy on a cold day. Cold air aids in the elimination of the poisonous matters which are all the time forming within the body.

When oxygen is not plentiful enough to make the vital fires burn sufficiently to consume the fuel and waste of the body, then much of the waste material is left behind in the form of imperfectly burned substances, which may be called cinders of the body.

Burning Up the Body Cinders.

All food must be burned within the body to be of any value. If too much food is shoveled in, the body furnace is clogged. If too little draft is supplied the fuel is not entirely consumed. This leaves "cinders" which are the cause of many chronic diseases, and of premature old age.

The fuel supply may be regulated in the dining room. The draft is dependent on the kind and amount of air breathed. Cold, crisp, fresh air furnishes perfect draft. The blood takes from this kind of air, when it is breathed in, just the element needed to burn the food.

Six breaths of out-door air contain as much of this element—oxygen—as seven breaths of overheated, indoor air. As man breathes about eighteen times per minute this means a loss of four thousand breaths a day by living in a hot, close indoor atmosphere. The amount taken in depends on the habits of life. A deep breath must be earned. A few moments vigorous outdoor exercise will do it. The nostrils dilate, the chest heaves, the heart quickens, the lungs expand, and the fresh air is pumped into the body at a rapid rate. The draft is open. The cinders are burning up. The whole system is being cleared of rubbish.

Don't be afraid of cold air. There's life and health out of doors.

Alcohol vs. Strength.

The laborer, the traveler, and the soldier use alcohol under the delusion that it produces strength. When fatigued, the laborer takes a glass of grog, and feels better. He imagines himself stronger. His increased strength, however, is wholly a matter of imagination.

The use of alcohol makes a man feel stronger—makes him believe that he can do more work, endure more fatigue and hardship, and withstand a greater degree of cold than he could without it; but when an actual trial is made, it soon becomes apparent that the ability is lacking. Numerous experiments have shown that alcohol decreases muscular strength. Says Dr. Brunton, "The smallest quantity takes somewhat from the strength of the muscles." Says Dr. Edmunds, of London, "A stimulant is that which gets strength out of a man."

Some years ago a series of experiments were made for the purpose of determining the influence of alcohol upon the muscular strength. The combined strength of all the different groups of muscles in the body was found, in the case of a healthy young man, to be 4,881 pounds. The young man was then given two ounces of brandy, and the test was repeated. He felt confident that his strength was increased. In fact, it was found to be only 3,385 pounds, a loss of more than one-third. A notable diminution in strength was still present ten hours after the administration of the brandy.

Real Healing Agents.

There are many fictitious remedies. Some make a man feel better when he is really getting worse. The most valuable measures which can be employed in dealing with the sick may be said to be baths, exercise and diet. The chronic invalid can be made well only by being reconstructed. The sick man must be transformed into a healthy man by a process of gradual change. He has been months or years in tearing down his constitution and substituting an inferior grade of material. Now this process must be reversed, and little by little, the old tissues must be torn down and new tissues built in their place.

Warm baths help throw off stored up poisons, and cold baths hasten the destruction of waste tissues, increase the activity of the heart and of all the organs, encourage the formation of the digestive fluids, and increase the appetite for food.

By means of exercise the movement of the blood is quickened and the old diseased tissues are broken down and carried out of the body. Exercise always diminishes weight. By exercise a normal appetite is earned and deep breathing encouraged.

Pure simple food is the proper material with which to construct a new and healthy body. Man is built of what he eats. The house is no better than the material. Thus baths, exercise, and a natural dietary constitute a curative trio, each helping the other.

WHOLESOME RECIPES.

Tomato Sauce—One quart strained tomatoes, one tablespoonful nut butter, one grated onion. Mix well and boil five minutes. Thicken with cornstarch to the consistency of thick cream. Salt to taste.

Cream of Peanut Soup—One cupful ground peanuts; one-half teaspoonful celery salt; one small onion cut fine; one pint cooked tomatoes. Cook slowly and long. When done rub through a colander and add three pints of rich milk or part milk and part cream. Let come to a boil and serve at once.

Macaroni with Kornlet—Boil until tender one and one-half cups of macaroni, broken into inch lengths, in salted water. Rub one can of hulled sweet corn through a colander or use the prepared Kornlet, and add to it one pint of cream or nut cream. Heat to boiling and thicken with one tablespoonful of flour. Mix with the cooked macaroni, add one and one-fourth teaspoonfuls of salt; turn into a pudding dish and brown in a hot oven.

Date Dainties—Wash and steam for about ten minutes some choice dates. Split one side, remove the seed, putting in its place one-fourth of a walnut meat; press together and roll in powdered sugar.

Where's the Man?

Thomas Hunter, the president of the New York normal college, was addressing a band of young women.

"Young women," said Mr. Hunter, "make excellent teachers. I know young women whose genius in this work is as wonderful as the genius of a great painter. Such young women, of course, are rare. But good teachers, extremely good teachers, are not rare. Any one can become a good teacher who likes the work.

"But if you dislike the work, turn to anything else but teaching. We cannot succeed ever in what we hate.

"Bad teachers, when we find them, are persons who dislike the work. They are like the young girl in the country town who said to one of her friends:

"'Yes, I am going to take up teaching.'

"The friend looked amazed.

"'You?' she exclaimed. 'You a school teacher? Why, I'd rather marry a widower with nine children.'

"'So would I,' said the other. 'But where is the widower.'"—Kansas City Journal.

His Troublesome Tool Chest.

When the journeyman plumber went to a Harlem apartment house to fix a broken steampipe his tool chest attracted attention. It was an army knapsack that had seen service in the Philippines.

"Yes," said the plumber, in response to a question by the woman who lived in the apartment, "that is an army knapsack. My son brought it home with him from the Philippines. When I asked him to give it to me to improvise into a tool chest he did so. I did not want it simply because it was an army knapsack or because it had been with my son in the Philippines. I wanted it because it was light, strong and useful. After I had fixed it up it exactly filled the idea of a tool chest I had carried in my mind for a long, long time. But," with a sigh, "I shall have to give it up."

"Why?" inquired the woman of the house.

"Because," replied the plumber, "it takes half my time answering questions about the blamed thing."—New York Press.

BEAUTIFUL WOMEN

HOW THEY MAINTAIN THE CHARMS OF THEIR SEX.

The Importance that Attaches to the Care of the Blood If One Wants Bright Eyes and a Clear Complexion.

Every sensible woman naturally wishes to appear attractive. She knows the value of bright eyes, delicate complexion and lively spirits. She knows also that good health is at the basis of her charms, and that good blood is the source of good health.

Miss Mamie Conway has a complexion which is the admiration of all who know her. Asked if she could make any suggestions that would be helpful to others less fortunate, she said:

"My complexion would not have pleased you, if you had seen it two years ago. It was then about as bad as it could be, and it gave me a great deal of dissatisfaction. If you want a good complexion you must take care of your health, especially of the condition of your blood. My health was at that time completely broken down. I was nervous, had frequent headaches, a torpid liver and a great deal of pain in that region. I suffered also from indigestion. It was clear that my blood was in bad condition, for pimples broke out all over my face."

"It is hard to realize that, for there isn't the slightest trace of such blemishes now."

"It was unfortunately quite otherwise then, and a long time passed before I found anything that gave me any relief. I became very weak and listless. The doctor's medicine did me no good, and I took a number of highly recommended tonics with no better result. As soon, however, as I began to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People my complexion cleared up, and after I had taken two boxes there was not a sign of a pimple left on my face. My cheeks became rosy, I gained flesh and have had perfect health ever since."

Rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes are merely signs of healthy blood. They have come not only in the case of Miss Conway, whose home is at 1241 East Eighth street, Canton, Ohio, but to thousands of women for whom Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have made new blood. There is no surer way for you to obtain them, than to buy a box of these pills from any druggist and try them for yourself. They correct irregularities and banish weakness.

Proof That Fame Is Fleeting.

A half a dozen years ago there were four pre-eminently great after-dinner orators in New York city. They were Chauncey M. Depew, Joseph H. Choate, Elihu Root and Judge Henry Howland. Mr. Depew is not asked once where he was ten times then, and declines most of the invitations he receives. Mr. Choate is engaged in diplomatic business abroad. Mr. Root accepts only on special occasions. Judge Howland is seldom heard from.

The Rochester Herald says of Miss Myrtle Reed's "Love Letters of a Musician": "Miss Reed's books are exquisite prose poems—words strung on thought-threads of gold—in which a musician tells his love for one whom he has found to be his ideal. The idea is not new, but the opinion is ventured that nowhere has it been one-half so well carried out. The ecstasy of hope, the apathy of despair, alternate in these charming letters, without one line of cynicism to mar the beauty of their effect." (G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York.)

Washington's "Continental" Sunday.

Society in Washington seems determined to introduce "the continental Sunday" and ministers and laymen are struggling against the movement. Sunday dinners are becoming more and more popular, and there are Sunday theater parties for evening concerts, followed by gay supper gatherings. Perhaps the chief influence in favor of the new order of things is found in the diplomatic corps, to the members of which a Sunday marked by important social affairs is a matter of course. Thus far the White House has neither followed nor set the example of having such entertainments.

Laws for Fruit Growers.

Orchardists in Tasmania are subject to a fine of from $2.50 to $5, with costs, if they fail to bandage their trees to keep down the coddling moth, or if they fail to gather and destroy any infested fruit. Wormy apples sent to market are liable to confiscation and destruction, and the shipper be prosecuted. In New South Wales all infested fruit coming from other colonies may be seized or destroyed, or returned to the shipper at his own expense. Fruit growers are generally assisting the government in enforcing these laws. Similar laws in this country for a few years would see a hardship to many parties, but would be a benefit to fruit growers and to the country if they were strictly enforced.

READS THE BOOK.

"The Road to Wellville" Pointed the Way.

Down at Hot Springs, Ark., the visitors have all sorts of complaints, but it is a subject of remark that the great majority of them have some trouble with stomach and bowels. This may be partly attributed to the heavy medicines.

Naturally, under the conditions, the question of food is very prominent.

A young man states that he had suffered for nine years from stomach and bowel trouble, had two operations which did not cure, and was at last threatened with appendicitis.

He went to Hot Springs for rheumatism and his stomach trouble got worse. One day at breakfast the waiter, knowing his condition, suggested he try Grape-Nuts and cream, which he did, and found the food agreed with him perfectly.

After the second day he began to sleep peacefully at night, different than he had for years. The perfect digestion of the food quieted his nervous system and made sleep possible.

He says: "The next morning I was astonished to find my condition of constipation had disappeared. I could not believe it true after suffering for so many years; then I took more interest in the food, read the little book 'The Road to Wellville,' and started following the simple directions.

"I have met with such results that in the last five weeks I have gained eight pounds in spite of hot baths which take away the flesh from any one.

"A friend of mine has been entirely cured of a bad case of indigestion and stomach trouble by using Grape-Nuts Food and cream alone for breakfast.

"There is one thing in particular—I have noticed a great change in my mental condition. Formerly I could hardly remember anything, and now the mind seems unusually acute and retentive. I can memorize practically anything I desire." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

PREFERS HADES TO POLITICS.

Ex-Judge Emphatically Announces That He Wants a Rest.

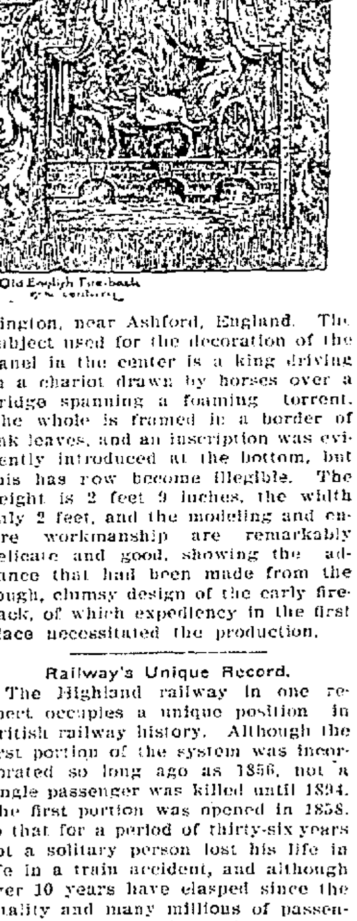
Ex-Judge Samuel Miller, who has just finished twenty years on the bench in Mercer, Pa., and who thinks a political rest is due him, wrote a letter to the Western Press, a local paper, in which he says:

"Every now and then some cuss uses your columns to mix me up in politics. The last item was in last week's Press that I am opposing the election of Prof. Ghering. I have no more interest in the election or defeat of the professor than I have in the eclipse of the moon. I've had all the politics I want. Once United States District Attorney George Jenks, asking about moving to Washington, said if given a choice between Washington and hell he'd take hell, and so if I am given a choice between Pennsylvania politics and hell, I'll take the same choice Jenks did.

"Of course, I'd want some reasonable assurance that I'd be reprieved at the end of three months."

Fire-back Used Centuries Ago.

A very fine example of old-time fire backs has been discovered in an old seventeenth century house at Kennington, near Ashford, England. The subject used for the decoration of the panel in the center is a king driving in a chariot drawn by horses over a bridge spanning a foaming torrent. The whole is framed in a border of oak leaves, and an inscription was evidently introduced at the bottom, but this has now become illegible. The height is 2 feet 9 inches, the width only 2 feet, and the modeling and entire workmanship are remarkably delicate and good, showing the advance that had been made from the rough, clumsy design of the early fire-back, of which expediency in the first place necessitated the production.



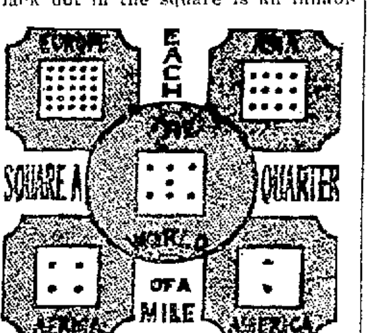
Old English Fire-back

Railway's Unique Record.

The Highland railway in one respect occupies a unique position in British railway history. Although the first portion of the system was incorporated so long ago as 1856, not a single passenger was killed until 1894. The first portion was opened in 1858, so that for a period of thirty-six years not a solitary person lost his life in life in a train accident, and although over 10 years have elasped since the fatality and many millions of passengers have during the period traveled over the system the total of fatal train accidents to passengers yet remains at one.

Parceled Out.

Labeled with the names of four continents are four small squares. Each of these is intended to represent a square quarter of a mile of the land of each continent named, and each black dot in the square is an inhabitant. So, counting the dots, there would be twenty-five "land owners" to each square quarter mile in Europe, twelve in Asia, four in Africa and only two to the square quarter mile in America.



Recovered Money Ate by Goat.

Probably one of the oddest claims ever made on a bank is recorded as having been made against the National Bank of Belgium. An old peasant woman had laid on the grass a jacket containing bank notes of small denomination for $240 in the pocket, and while she was at work her pet goat had got at the notes and eaten them. The animal was killed, and the chewed paper recovered from the stomach was submitted in support of a claim for compensation, which the bank paid after verifying the facts by chemical analysis and other inquiry.

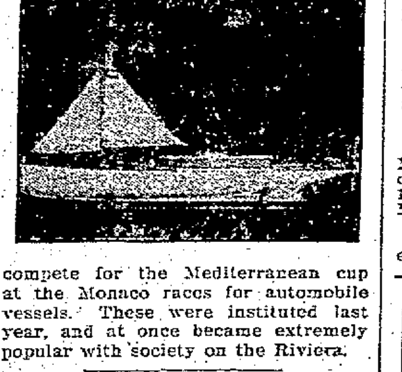
Women With Beards.

Two German doctors have been looking into the question of bearded women, and they have discovered that out of every 1,000 sane females 200 are bearded.

Of these 230 have only a slight down, forty have a very visible beard, and ten are unmistakably adorned with this hirsute appendage. Out of 1,000 insane women examined 481 had slight beards, while fifty-six had beards well grown.

Covered Motor-Boat.

The craft of which this is a model differs from former motor-boats in being decked over and in being rigged for small sails. She is entered to compete for the Mediterranean cup at the Monaco races for automobile vessels. These were instituted last year, and at once became extremely popular with society on the Riviera.



In One Choir Seventy Years.

Mr. James Ayres has completed his seventieth year as a member of the church choir at Blisworth. Mr. Ayres, who is 84 years of age, was in his place in the choir on New Year's day.—London Chronicle.

SPIDERS THAT SHAM DEATH.

Peculiar Behavior Due to a Reflex Action Not to Design.

An investigation has been carried out by an Australian scientist on the phenomenon of the sham death of spiders. Certain of the spiders, when their web is jarred or torn, always pull their legs up under them and feign death. In this rigid condition they are readily overlooked and many times escape destruction on this account. A study of the behavior of these animals after the removal of certain portions of their nervous systems shows that the action is a reflex one. That is to say, the spider assumes the immobile conditions, not as the result of any intelligent action of an animal seeking to save itself, but as the result of the nature of its nervous system. The act is performed after the spider is decapitated.

It is probable, therefore, that this trick is not the result of intelligence, but is carried out because the animal is built that way and cannot help himself. This, of course, may have absolutely no bearing on the "playing possum" of the higher animals, their action may be due to intelligent volition.

THE NEIGHBORS ALL USE THEM NOW.

Quick Cure of Rheumatism by Dodd's Kidney Pills. How They Saved the Shop of a Kansas Blacksmith—Cure was Permanent too.

Goodland, Kan., Feb. 20th.—(Special)—So quick and complete was the cure of N. E. Albertson, a local blacksmith, that it almost seems like a miracle. He had Rheumatism so bad he feared he would have to give up his shop. One box of Dodd's Kidney Pills drove away all the pains and they have never returned. Speaking of his cure Mr. Albertson says:

"I had Rheumatism in my shoulders and arms for years. Part of the time it was so bad I could not sleep at night. My arm hurt so that it seemed I would have to give up my blacksmith shop. I went to the drug store and bought one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills and took them. I have not had the Rheumatism since. A great many of the neighbors are using Dodd's Kidney Pills since they saw how they cured me."

EARN "DOTS" IN AMERICA.

Parisian Needleworkers Come for No Other Purpose.

The manager of a large dressmaking establishment in New York says: "I suppose that the most un-American immigrants we get in this country are not the Chinese or the Poles or the Hungarians, but the Parisian seamstresses, milliners and lingerie-workers. These women come here to save the price of a 'dot' out of our high American wages. It takes from two to five years to do that. In all that time they never mix with Americans, never visit a theater, never make the first attempt to learn the language. Some of them go to the French church on Sundays; otherwise they never leave their rooms except to shop. This prenuptial period in New York is just a time dropped out of their lives. They talk of nothing day after day but what they'll do when they get back to Paris and begin to live again."

To Florida Thro' Old Battlefields.

"Dixie Flyer" leaves Chicago over C. & E. I. at 7:00 p. m., and arrives at Jacksonville 8:40 second morning. Through sleepers. Daylight ride through the most picturesque and historic section of the South. "Chicago and Florida Limited" leaves Chicago over C. & E. I. 1:15 p. m., and arrives Jacksonville 7:55, St. Augustine 9:25 the next evening. Solid Train with Dining and Observation Cars.

Both trains use the NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, between Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta, the famous "Battlefields Route."

For folders and interesting literature call on or write to BRIARD F. HILL, Northern Pass. Agent, N., C. & St. L. Ry., 350 Marquette Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

To the housewife who has not yet become acquainted with the new things of everyday use in the market and who is reasonably satisfied with the old, we would suggest that a trial of Defiance Cold Water Starch be made at once. Not alone because it is guaranteed by the manufacturers to be superior to any other brand, but because each 10c package contains 16 ozs., while all the other kinds contain but 12 ozs. It is safe to say that the lady who once uses Defiance Starch will use no other. Quality and quantity must win.

Cancer Institute.

An institute for cancer investigation to be in the immediate vicinity of the Academy Hospital at Heidelberg, will be begun soon and its completion is expected in the spring of 1906. It will be the first large institution of its kind in Germany, and probably in Europe, where scientific investigation will be combined with treatment of patients.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Satisfied.

"Do you know," said the first potato bug, "that folks bake and boil and roast these things?"

"Do they?" said the second potato bug. "Well, I'm no epicure, I'll continue to eat mine raw."

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Division of Labor.

He promised to look out for her
From dawn to darkness dim
When they were wed; but did not say
She'd busy be from dark to day
A looking out for him!

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight 5c cigar. Made of ripe, mellow tobacco, so rich in quality that many who formerly smoked 10c cigars now smoke Lewis' "Single Binder." Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A pretty telephone girl may be preferable, but a plain one will answer.

Proper Title of Russian Ruler.

The general allusion to the ruler of Russia as the "czar" is, strictly speaking, incorrect. His official title is "emperor and autocrat." "Czar" is the old Russian word for "lord" or "prince," and was abandoned by Peter the Great on his triumphal return from Poltava, his crowning victory over Charles XII of Sweden. Since then the Russian monarch has been officially entitled "emperor," and at the congress of Vienna in 1815 his right to the imperial term was admitted by the powers with the proviso that, though he was emperor, he had no precedence over the kings of western Europe.

Now and Then

Some thorough and careful physician invents, in his practice, some special medicine, that proves so universally successful whenever prescribed, that he proceeds to place it before the public to be reached through the newspapers. This is the history of Dr. Caldwell's (laxative) Syrup Pepsin. For years, prescribed by Dr. W. B. Caldwell for constipation, and all disorders of liver, stomach, and bowels, it was at last manufactured on a large scale, and is now the most successful medicine in the world for these diseases. A pure, scientific tonic, laxative syrup, pleasant to take and perfect in results. Try it. Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Money back if it fails.

Argentine Railways.

The Argentine Republic will spend in the next five years, $10,000,000 on new railways and branch lines. Up to the present time most of the rolling stock in use on the Argentine railroads has been imported from England, Germany and Belgium.

"The World To-day" is helpful, uplifting and entertaining. It is lavishly illustrated, many pictures being in colors, and by engaging contributors who know how to tell their story, it makes fact as interesting as fiction.

Girls who cannot sing the old songs would probably be appreciated more if they also declined to tackle the new.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Life is repaid by the joy of living it.—David Starr Jordan.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Every hour has only sixty minutes. Don't waste any of them.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The more you think of men, the less you think of them.

"Dyspepsia Tormented Me for Years. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me." Mrs. A. S. Dougherty, Millville, N. J. Used over 30 years. $1.00.

Fair and softly goes far.—Miguel Cervantes.

Try me just once and I am sure to come again. Defiance Starch.

Don't you hate people with wet smiles?

Mapl-Flake

For breakfast gives that satisfied feeling without the depression of over-eating.

Ask your grocer.

DIRT CHEAP

THOUSANDS OF ACRES OF GOOD LAND IN NORTHERN MICHIGAN

$5 TO $10 PER ACRE

Cut-Over Lands

Vast tracts of fertile land from which the timber has been removed by lumbermen and forest fires. The stumps are so rotted that the land is easily cleared and made ready for the plow. Good locations near schools, churches and markets abound.

Burnt-Over Lands

Timbered Lands

Thousands of acres of good hardwood land are also for sale. There is a ready market for all timber products and the land is valuable to the settler. Immense areas have grown up to wild grass upon which all stock readily fattens.

Wild Grass Lands

For full particulars write to
E. W. MacPHERRAN, Land Commissioner,
D. S. S. & A. Ry., Marquette, Mich.

FARM LAND

Truths that Strike Home

Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the **bulk** coffee he sells you. How *can* he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—**or with what**—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how *can* you expect purity and uniform quality?

LION COFFEE, the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES, is of necessity uniform in quality, strength and flavor. For OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, LION COFFEE has been the standard coffee in millions of homes.

LION COFFEE is carefully packed at our factories, and until opened in your home, has no chance of being adulterated, or of coming in contact with dust, dirt, germs, or unclean hands.

In each package of LION COFFEE you get **one full pound** of Pure Coffee. Insist upon getting the genuine. (Lion head on every package.)

(Save the Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

A Marvel of Relief

ST. JACOBS OIL

For Lumbago and Sciatica

Health of American Women

A Subject Much Discussed at Women's Clubs—The Future of a Country Depends on the Health of Its Women.

Mrs T. C. Willadsen   Miss Mattie Henry

At the New York State Assembly of Mothers, a prominent New York doctor told the 500 women present that healthy American women were so rare as to be almost extinct.

This seems to be a sweeping statement of the condition of American women. Yet how many do you know who are perfectly well and do not have some trouble arising from a derangement of the female organism which manifests itself in headaches, backaches, nervousness, that bearing down feeling, painful or irregular menstruation, leucorrhœa, displacement of the uterus, ovarian trouble, indigestion or sleeplessness? There is a tried and true remedy for all these ailments. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored more American women to health than all other remedies in the world. It regulates, strengthens and cures diseases of the female organism as nothing else can. For thirty years it has been curing the worst forms of female complaints.

Such testimony as the following should be convincing:

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Ia., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I can truly say that you have saved my life and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words. For two years I spent lots of money in doctoring without any benefit for menstrual irregularities and I had given up all hopes of ever being well again, but I was persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and three bottles have restored me to perfect health. Had it not been for you I would have been in my grave to-day."

Miss Mattie Henry, Vice President of Danville Art Club, 639 Green St., Danville, Va., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—"Many years' suffering with female weakness, inflammation and a broken down system made me more anxious [illegible] Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health and I am so grateful for it that I want every suffering woman to know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will do for her."

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. No other medicine in the world has received such unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine for you need the best.

A light heart, a cheerful countenance, and all the charms of grace and beauty are dependent upon proper actions of the bodily organs. You cannot look well unless you feel well.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice and medicine have restored thousands to health. Address Lynn, Mass.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

WANTED — TRAVELING SALESMEN

In this county. Our men are making from $75 to $160 a month selling our household and stock remedies, flavoring extracts, spices and toilet articles direct to consumers. Exclusive territory. Goods are furnished on credit. **NO CASH OUTLAY.** Pleasant, profitable, life long position. No experience necessary. [illegible]

THE S. D. CONFER MEDICAL COMPANY, Dept. C, ORANGEVILLE, ILL.

MONEY LOST IN MINING OR OIL STOCKS [illegible]

WHAT'S THE USE OF SAYING "GIVE ME A 5 CENT CIGAR," WHEN BY ASKING FOR A

"CREMO"

YOU GET THE BEST 5 CENT CIGAR IN AMERICA

"The World's Largest Seller"

Salzer's National Oats

Greatest oat of the century. Yielded in Ohio 187, in Mich. 231, in Mo. 255, and in N. Dakota 310 bus. per acre. You can beat that record in 1905.

For 10c and this notice

we mail you free lots of farm seed samples and our big catalog, telling all about this oat wonder and thousands of other seeds.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

Chicks Well Hatched Are Half Sold

To be profitable an incubator must hatch chicks in average lots of fertile eggs set, good, strong, healthy chicks that will live and grow to maturity. That's what the

SURE HATCH INCUBATOR does. [illegible] Sold on 30 DAYS TRIAL, [illegible] **$10** [illegible]

SURE HATCH INCUBATOR COMPANY,
Clay Center, Neb.   Indianapolis, Ind.

BEST Ever Grown.

None better and none so low in price, 1c per pkt. and up, postpaid. Finest illustrated catalogue ever printed sent **FREE**. Enormous stock of every variety. A great lot of extra pkgs. of seeds, novelties, presented free with every order. Some sorts onions only 60c per lb. Other seed equally low. 40 years a seed grower and dealer and all customers satisfied. No old seed. Send yours and neighbor's names for big illustrated free catalogue.

R. H. SHUMWAY, Rockford, Ills.

REAL ESTATE.

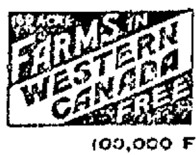
If You Desire to improve your condition come to Haskell County, Texas, buy a home for from $5 to $15 per acre, where fine stock, cotton, wheat and abundant crops of everything are grown, make money and enjoy living in healthy pleasant climate with good schools, churches and society. Write for description of county and land we offer for sale on liberal terms. **SANDERS & WILSON, Haskell, Texas.**

OKLAHOMA LANDS FOR SALE. Good improved farms from $10 to $25 per acre. Pasture lands for $3 to $5 in Woods county, north central Oklahoma. Good soil, good water, healthful climate; principal crops wheat, corn, broomcorn, cotton, all kinds of fruit and vegetables. Liberal terms arranged with part cash payments. Write for circulars containing many bargains and information. **E. D. Sells, Box 44, Cleo, Okla.**

BUY A HOME in Southeast Missouri, the coming farming country of the Union. Mild and healthy climate, deep productive soil, will raise anything adapted to climate such as corn, wheat, oats, cotton, clover, timothy, fruits and vegetables. Land from $5 to $40 per acre. With small payment can make good terms on balance. Write us for list of cheap farm lands. **F. Cooper Real Estate Co., Puxico, Mo.**

The Biggest Farm Bargain in Missouri, must be taken soon. Good stock and grain farm, lays well, good soil, well improved, handy to school, church and town; 100 to 500 acres. Easy terms. Write owner today. **LOYD W. PROUTY, Fulton, Mo.**

FARMS For Sale on crop payments. **J. MULHALL, Sioux City, Iowa.**



THE FARMERS on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada carry the banner for yields of wheat and other grains for 1904.

100,000 FARMERS

receive $55,000,000 as a result of their Wheat Crop alone.

The returns from Oats, Barley and other grains, as well as cattle and horses, add considerably to this.

Secure a Free Homestead at once, or purchase from some reliable dealer while lands are selling at present low prices.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agents—C. J. Broughton, Room 430 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. Rogers, third floor, Traction Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.; T. O. Currie, Room 12 B, Callahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENTS

NEKOOSA.

We notice by the Wood County Reporter that Grand Rapids is to elect a county superintendent of schools this spring. How long since? We supposed that Grand Rapids has nothing to do about the choice of county superintendent.

Mrs. A. F. Coffman of Necedah was here Monday evening to see her daughter Sadie. She was on her way to Marshfield.

Mrs. A. J. Cowie was called to Appleton Monday on account of the serious illness of her sister-in-law.

School closed Wednesday as it was a legal holiday.

The revival meetings at the Congregational church continue all this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Huggins are mourning the loss of their youngest child, who died Friday night.

Mrs. Lefevre, mother of Mrs. Prue died at the home of her daughter Sunday morning. The remains were taken to Marinette for burial.

Herman Gash of Port Edwards was in town Monday looking for a house to move into. No place like Nekoosa after all. Herman tried both Grand Rapids and Port Edwards since he left here a couple of years ago.

Miss Mary Burroughs is still on the sick list.

Agonizing Burns

are instantly relieved, and perfectly healed, by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. C. Rivenbark, Jr., of Norfolk, Va., writes: "I burnt my knee dreadfully; that it blistered all over. Bucklen's Arnica Salve stopped the pain, and healed it without a scar." Also heals all wounds and sores. 25c at Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

PORT EDWARDS.

A. E. Purdy was a Grand Rapids visitor Saturday.

The three months old child of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Saeger is very sick.

Miss Minnie Smith returned from La Crosse Friday evening.

Will Surprison was at the Rapids Sunday, calling on friends.

Emile Wendlund and daughters, the Misses Clara and Anna, attended church at Nekoosa Sunday morning.

Mrs. Res Garrison and Miss Carolyn Garrison of your city were calling at Emile Garrison's Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hinaman and children of Thorpe are visiting with Elmer Babcock and family.

Miss Anna Gabler is very sick with pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Leroux attended the La Pine Flembling wedding at Grand Rapids Saturday.

Messrs. and Mesdames Shuh and Weber and the Misses Moyer and Phil and Walter Weber of South Centralia and Miss Clara Casper of the Rapids visited Sunday at the Wm. Loverance home.

Mrs. A. E. Gurdy, who has been sick with la grippe, is convalescing.

Miss Fannie Burrows was a shopper to your city Saturday.

Beautiful eyes and handsome face are eloquent commendations. Bright eyes are windows to a woman's heart. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes bright eyes. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.

BABCOCK.

Frank Harrington, a brother of Mrs. Fred Wright and a former resident of this village, who was killed on the Central road on Sunday morning, was brought here for burial on Tuesday noon. He leaves a widow and one son eight years old, who have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Baker left for Chicago this noon in the interest of Mrs. Baker's health, who has been very poorly for some time past.

Mrs. Chas. Loring, of Milwaukee, who was the delegate to the Woodmen Circle convention in Grand Rapids on Friday last, was the guest of Mrs. Sam Griffith on Saturday.

Mrs. P. E. Ward and Mrs. Sam Griffith were in Grand Rapids on Friday in attendance at the Woodmen Circle convention held in that city.

Mrs. Eliza Green of Bridgeport, Conn., arrived in the village on Saturday evening for a visit at the home of W. J. Sullivan.

The married people's cinch party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Rhineholt on Saturday evening. There were eight tables played. The royal prizes were won by Mrs. Labus and J. Aldich and the consolation by Mrs. Baker and Sam Giflith.

Mr. and Mrs. Aldrich of Winona, mother and father of Jay of our village, are here for a visit.

Mrs. E. Crotteau is seriously sick with la grippe, her many friends hope for her speedy recovery.

There's a pretty girl in an Alpine hat,
A sweeter girl with a sailor brim,
But the handsomest girl you'll ever see,
Is the sensible girl who uses Rocky
Mountain Tea.

REMINGTON.

Joe Surdick made a trip to Pittsville one day last week.

Gustav Sauger, Victor Hariboskie and John Harboskie all went to work at Nekoosa about a week ago.

Miss Agnes Keenan will close a successful term of school next Friday. Owing to the severe weather the attendance has been few of late.

Services were held at Babcock last Monday by the Lutherans. Very few attended as it was such a cold day.

Grave Trouble Foreseen.

It needs but little foresight, to tell, that when your stomach and liver are badly affected, grave trouble is ahead, unless you take the proper medicine for your disease, as Mrs. John A. Young, of Clay, N. Y., did. She says: "I had neuralgia of the liver and stomach, my heart was weakened, and I could not eat. I was very bad for a long time, but in Electric Bitters, I found just what I needed, for they quickly relieved and cured me." Best medicine for weak women. Sold under guarantee by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co., druggist, at 50c a bottle.

BIRON.

The Modern Brotherhood of America will give a dance party at Posley's hall March 3d. Their state deputy, G. W. Morrool will be present and during the evening will give a short address for the good of the order and anyone wishing to take advantage of a very low rate in joining the order can do so at this time. Steib's orchestra has been engaged to furnish music. Come all and have a good jolly time. We wish also to mention to all parties who have not attended any of the series of dances given in Posley's hall that there is a large barn in connection with the hall which is free to all parties attending the dance.

Frank Sweeney has accepted a position as deputy for the Fraternal National Reserve and starts out on his duty Monday. Frank has a good insurance to solicit and says he is going to give it a trial to see what kind of an insurance man he will make. The way he came at the boys in this vicinity there is no question but what he will make a success of it.

The masquerade given at Posley's hall Wednesday the 15th, was well attended especially by masked persons. All who were present report having a very pleasant time. We must give special praise for the good supper that was given in connection with the dance.

John Mours is very sick this week with typhoid fever.

Geo. Bates of Rudolph took in the masquerade Wednesday and while here stopped with his sitser, Mrs. G. J. DeMars.

Mrs. Albert Benson was taken ill while visiting her brother, George Reimer, and is at this writing quite sick.

Edward Luffman, millwright, spent Sunday with his family at Merrill returning Monday noon.

Harry Abrams of Nekoosa took in the masquerade Wednesday and while here gave us all a pleasant visit.

Wm. Surprising spent Sunday with Joseph Faubart of Port Edwards.

Messrs. George Fisher and C. A. Sipe took advantage of the fine day, Monday, by taking a fast drive after George's new horse.

John Andrews was confined to the house the latter part of last week from a fall he received while working in the mill.

Mrs. Chas. Aberhart was a Biron visitor Monday and while here was the guest of Mrs. Kempfort.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Snyder attended the funeral of Mrs. Slusser Saturday at the Rapids.

Joseph Faubart and his daughter Delia drove to the Rapids Sunday. Miss Delia remained as she has accepted a position as counter in the Consolidated Water Power & Paper Co. for a few weeks. While there she will remain with Mrs. Boucher.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Haydock were at Grand Rapids Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Lupa were at Grand Rapids Monday on business.

KELLNER.

At last we have a few nice days. The roads are improving and every body is happy as can be.

Mrs. A. M. Buss is quite ill although she is gaining slowly.

Jessie and Hazel Billings are both ill with colds.

A merry party of young people gathered at the home of Gottlieb Jeecks Saturday. Dancing and various amusements were indulged in. Judging by the lateness of the hour when some of our prominent young men returned we should say every one had a good time.

Mr. Naakes, our section foreman, had a crew of extra men during the last two weeks on account of snow.

While driving along the road between his home and this place Monday James Blow met a wolf which tried to pass him. Jim took after him with his whip and killed him in the deep snow.

W. H. Witt is laid up for a few days with a severe cold.

Chas. Turbin and Wm. Jueggo are again seen on our streets having come back from the woods.

Herman Hanneman is confined to his home with LaGrippe.

John Boles, O. D. Billings and D. E. Rice are transacting business in your city today.

C. W. Jeecks has added some baked beans, oil and axle grease to his saloon stock and is now running a store in the saloon.

ARMENIA.

C. C. Nelson drove to Nekoosa Saturday returning Sunday.

Rutherford Hayes of Spring Creek spent Sunday at D. Rodeghiers.

Joe Echel has returned home from the woods.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Valentine Rodeghiers a daughter Feb. 10.

Frank Goodness was a visitor of Guy Parks Sunday.

Ed Goodness made a trip to your city last week.

H. Nelson made a trip to the Miner store last Saturday.

Isn't it nice Leo when school lets out at three? Anyhow somebody thinks so.

Mrs. Spice and son Dick spent Sunday at the Wells home.

L. W. Joslyn spent Sunday with the M. Solchenberger family.

Where was Ole Sunday? I don't know.

The Misses Cad Nelson and Mayme Finel visited with Pet Nelson Sunday.

Mrs. T. Myrold and sons, Charley and Olaf and daughter Petra visited at R. O. Slinings Sunday.

If Your Cough Sounds as if you were Hollow Inside

don't loose your heart. Some wise Doctor will tell you to go to Colorado, or, some other section, but stop the cough by using Gloria Lung Balsam, and nature will do more than change of climate. It is made of healing balms and best for children. Sold by John E. Daly.

RUDOLPH.

Mrs. Mose Sharkey departed Tuesday for an extended visit at New Orleans and Texas. While in New Orleans she will take in the Mardi Gras and visit her daughter, Maud, who is on the road with a theatrical company, and later visit her brother in the state of Texas.

Mersch Bros. have sold their cheese factory in the town of Carson to W. E. Warren of Ridgeford, Wis. Mr. Warren will transform the plant from a cheese factory into a creamery. He is an experienced butter maker and comes well recommended. He expects to locate his family in Carson shortly.

Miss Daisy Bratton departed for Heafford Junction Sunday for an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. Cave.

Mr. and Mrs. Barney St. Dennis entertained a party of their neighbors Sunday evening at cards.

John Golen is again employed at the creamery.

John Fitzgerald and Chas. Karnitz of Grand Rapids spent Sunday in this burg.

Miss Dora Johnson is visiting at Fenwood this week.

Mina Hayes is visiting relatives in your city for a short time.

Mrs. Fred Logan and daughter visited relatives at Dunbar since the past writing.

Miss Grace Clark was pleasantly surprised on Tuesday evening of last week by a party of her friends, the occasion being her sixteenth birthday. All present report having spent a very pleasant evening.

Don't Forget "How can I forget Warner's White Wine of Tar," says Mrs. M. Burgess of Byars, Ill. "It cured me when I was thought to be in the last stages of consumption." For sale by F. L. Steib & Co.

Miss Belle Akey spent Sunday here, being on her way to Grand Rapids to visit friends.

Frances Dupre of your city spent a few days at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Mose Sharkey, the past week.

Mrs. Oliver Akey spent Sunday with relatives at Junction City.

The Chambers Creamery Co. are harvesting the seasons ice and it is of a fine quality this year.

Rev. Van Sever made his usual trip to Altdorf on Sunday.

Elmer Crotteau has been seriously ill the past week and under the doctors care. His friends hope to see him out before long.

The dance Thursday nigth was not as well attended as it ought to have been, perhaps on account of the roads. All those that attended report a first class time.

There was a very pleasant dance party given by John Corner at his home Friday evening the 10th. All who were present report having a fine time.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Picketts, who moved from here in November, are sorry to hear of Mrs. Pickett's death, which occurred about two weeks ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Garber are rejoicing over the advent of a brand new baby.

Dr. Jackson is ailing with a cold. Guess the doctor will have to take a dose of his own medicine.

F. M. Logan is right in style with a flannel around his throat and a bad cold.

Wm. Berkhardt from Cheteck is visiting at A. J. Chambers.

Mr. Tuey has returned from a two weeks' trip out west.

A representative of the Bell Telephone company was here negotiating to get a line here from Mersch's cheese factory. So far nothing definite has been done.

Eugene Juneau of Merrill visited here a few days the past week.

A large number of neighbors surprised Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hamm on Sunday afternoon, the occasion being Mr. Hamm's birthday All report an enjoyable time

Piltz Bros. have been at work on a snow plow for the town for some time. They expect to try it this week.

Messrs. Logan and Freeman have put in gasoline lamps, which gives their place of business a metropolitan appearance

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sharkey's youngest child is very sick with a cold.

James Kilday has been very unfortunate this winter, having lost two horses. His youngest boy has been very sick with pneumonia.

Harry Brys has been sick the past week with catarrh of the stomach.

The dance of last Thursday was not very largely attended, but those who did attend report a good time. The Big Four of Grand Rapids furnished the music. The people in this vicinity are well pleased with these orchestra boys for their good behavior and pleasing manners.

There will be a big dance given here on the 2nd of March, and a good time for all who attend. It will be the last dance before Lent.

John Hassel was a Grand Rapids visitor on Monday.

Louis Akey of Grand Rapids was down here last week on business.

William Upperman of Grand Rapids is here again this week pressing and shipping hay.

Miss Marie Kugal was in Milladore Sunday visiting with her brother.

Mr. Simons was the guest of Mr. Tuey on Monday.

Miss Orellia Akey and little niece, Beatrice St. Dennis, were the guests of relatives in Grand Rapids the fore part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Sutor were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. Lyonnais on Sunday.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. Daly Drug and Jewelry Co.

NEW ROME.

Archie York of Spring Creek called on friends while on his way to Nekoosa Saturday.

The Shadow party at Mr. J. Amundson's was not as well attended as usual on account of the bad roads.

The snow plow has been on the roads in this berg in places but they are drifted full again.

R. O. Slining and daughter, Cynthia, of Armenia visited relatives in New Rome Sunday.

Willie and Howard Amundson made a business trip to Nekoosa Monday.

The Willing Workers meet with Mrs. J. Amundson Wednesday of this week.

A. W. Sweat was in Nekoosa Saturday.

HANSEN.

W. H. Bean has moved his family to Park Falls for the winter.

Arthur Hamel returned from Park Falls last Thursday where he has been at work the past two months.

A. P. Bean finds it quite difficult to get any wood to your city. He has his sleigh on top of the wood most of the time.

Wm. Shirley went to your city today with a load of wood.

John Shutz returned to his home from Mayville today.

A. P. Bean went to Park Falls Friday on business.

PLOVER.

An Epworth League rally will be held at the M. E. church Friday evening, Feb. 24, and Saturday, Feb. 25. Several leagues will be represented and good talent has been secured on the program. Let all come and enjoy the treat. Light refreshments will be served after the service Friday evening and a public dinner Saturday to visiting members and delegates.

Frank McGown lost a horse recently.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Maxfield have been confined to their rooms by sickness this week.

The M. W. A. initiated two members last Saturday night. The local camp now numbers 56.

Mr. William Hartwell is spending the week at Madison, attending the Farmer's Institute and visiting friends.

A deputy has been canvassing the village recently in view of organizing a Beaver camp here. We are informed that twenty persons had up to last Saturday decided to join the order.

The recent death of Mrs. H. Mellor caused a feeling of sadness and regret among the employes of the paper mill, many of whom had met and formed a pleasant acquaintance with the estimable lady.

DEXTERVILLE.

Harold and Louis Pinning and Otto Perner of Pittsville were down last Sunday to attend services at the Mission.

Miss Lucy Penny has been a guest at the home of her uncle, Ed Penny, the past week.

Will Monegan left for Scofield Sunday morning, where he has employment.

There are all indications of a general breakup, the roads are getting so bad that James Hiles expects to quit hauling logs this week.

The dance party at Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Miller's last Saturday evening proved to be one of the most enjoyable events of the season.

Ask Roy Penny what kind of roads there are between here and Veedum.

Miss Arntz of your city is a guest at the Downing home.

Mrs. F. A. Downing went to Millston last Saturday to visit with her parents.

F. P. Hiles of Forest county was here between trains Tuesday.

Dr. Wood of Pittsville made a professional call in town last Sunday.

Wm. Downing closed a deal last Friday with Mr. Moore of Chamberlain, S. D., when Mr. Moore became owner of the Downing farm 3 miles east of Dexterville. Mr. Moore seems to be a very nice man and we will be glad to have them in our midst. His family arrived the first of the week.

We are glad to hear that Wm. Downing, who had a stroke of paralysis, is getting along nicely He is able to get around on crutches and we hope will be able to get out again soon.

Will Hastings of La Crosse spent Sunday with friends and relatives here. He came from Merrill where he has been to help care for his brother, George, who has had stroke of apoplexy. Will says he is getting along fine.

MEEHAN.

L. T. and B. S. Fox went down to Monroe Center last week to attend the installation of officers of T. W. Harton camp, No. 803, S. of V. They report a large and enthusiastic gathering and a fine program. They are loud in their praise of the good people of that town.

Mrs. Mary Smith of Spencer, Iowa, is visiting relatives here.

County Supt. Een visited the schools in this vicinity recently.

Miss Lottie Barton of Grand Rapids was the guest of friends here over Sunday.

Harry King and wife of Grand Rapids visited friends in this vicinity last week.

A. E. Pike of New Rome, who has been in this vicinity for a few days, started for home Monday.

Arthur Clendening came home from Dancy last week. He is arranging to go to St. Louis in the near future.

B. S. Fox is distributing some fine Plano calendars, published by the International Harvesting Machine Co.

The Best in the World.

Dr. J. W. Hamilton, of San Francisco, Cal., says: I have sold Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup for years. It is the best cough remedy I ever saw and has no equal for asthma. For sale by F. L. Steib & Co.

STRONGS PRAIRIE.

Everybody is very busy with their snow plows nowadays.

The literary society at Strongs Prairie Wednesday eve was well attended. We hope to get more new members right along to take part with us, you will all find it very interesting.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamdon Boomfield left today for Plainfield to visit relatives and friends.

Walter Wyman thinks there is no song like the sweet piece, There will be a Farmer's Institute held at W. M. Fiegel's hall at Strongs Prairie Feb. 23rd and 24th, also a big dance after the institute. Everybody bring your families and come and have a good time.

Mr. Walslegger was seen driving thru the country with a new cow one day last week.

Oscar Strand has moved his family to Big Flats where he intends to farm this summer. We wish him good success.

Elmer Sally had the misfortune of running onto a tree one day last week, he skinned his nose quite badly.

B. Gecy and son, Casper, made a business trip to Necedah Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Preston are on the sick list this week.

Geo. Winker is making goo-goo eyes at some of the school girls at Strongs Prairie.

Nora Sunby has returned home from Necedah. She now intends to stay home for awhile.

James Mares has bought a new organ. We expect to hear James will be teaching lessons before long.

The Peterson Bros. were sawing wood for C. Marks last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Hammond spent Wednesday and Thursday with Mr and Mrs. James Mares.

The farmers are very busy hauling wood to town. They are quite discouraged with the bad roads.

Edwin Oltenddort escorted two young ladies home from the literary society Wednesday eve and we noticed he had quite a broad smile the next day.

MARKET REPORT.

Potatoes, ℘ bushel	18
Wheat, No. 2, ℘ bushel	98
Rye, ℘ bushel	65 70
Oats, ℔ bushel	.31
Corn, shelled, ℘ 100 lbs	1.05
Hay, marsh, ℘ ton	5.00
Hay, timothy, ℘ ton	7.00@8.00
Eggs, ℘ dozen	.22
Butter, ℘ ℔	18 @24
Beans, ℘ bushel	@ 1.50
Peas, ℔ bushel	.75
Onions, ℘ bushel	75
Beef, live, ℘ 100 lbs	$2.00 @ 3.00
Beef, dressed, ℘ 100 lbs	$4.00 @ 6.00
Pork, live	3½ 4
Pork, dressed	5½ 6
Veal, live, ℘ ℔	.05
Veal, dressed, ℘ ℔	.06@.07
Chickens, live, ℘ ℔	.6 @ .8
Chickens, dressed, ℘ ℔	8 @ .12
Turkeys, live, ℘ ℔	11 @ .14
Turkeys, dressed, ℘ ℔	13 @ .16
Flour, patent, ℘ bbl	6.50
Feed, ℘ ton	20.50
Middlings, ℘ ton	18 50
Bran, ℘ ton	18.50

All Mothers Know

the great danger to babies in bad fits of coughing. Gloria Lung Balsam will stop it almost instantly, so don't be without it. Sold by John E. Daly.

Chicago & Northwestern Ry.

GOING NORTHWEST.

o. 423 leaves Chicago	3:00 a. m
No. 423 leaves Milwaukee	7:30 a. m
No. 423 arrives Fond du Lac	9:50 a. m
No. 423 arrives Grand Rapids	1:25 p. m
No. 423 arrives Marshfield	2:15 p. m
No. 409 leaves Chicago	3:00 p. m
No. 409 leaves Milwaukee	5:00 p. m
No. 409 arrives Fond du Lac	6:45 p. m
o. 409 arrives Grand Rapids	10.05 p. m
No. 439 arrives Fond du Lac	6:30 a. m
No. 275 arrives Grand Rapids	4:45 p. m

GOING SOUTHEAST.

No. 410 leaves Grand Rapids	5:15 a. m
o. 410 arrives Fond du Lac	8:50 a. m
No. 410 arrives Milwaukee	10:45 a. m
No. 410 arrives Chicago	1:15 p. m
No. 436 arrives Grand Rapids	4:25 a. m
No. 439 arrives Fond du Lac	3:40 p. m
No. 416 leaves Marshfield	12:35 p. m
No. 416 leaves Grand Rapids	1:25 p. m
No. 416 arrives Fond du Lac	4:55 p. m
No. 416 leaves Milwaukee	7:10 p. m
o. 416 arrives Chicago	9:30 p m

NEKOOSA BRANCH.

SOUTH BOUND.

Leave Grand Rapids	7:15 a. m.	1:35 p. m
Arrive Nekoosa	8:45 a. m.	2:05 p. m

NORTH BOUND.

Leave Nekoosa	9:10 a. m.	3:00 p. m
Arrive Grand Rapids	9:35 a. m.	3:30 p. m

Tickets on sale for all points in the United States and Canada. Baggage checked through.

J. C. WILLARD, Agent.

Wisconsin Central Line.

SOUTH BOUND.

Arrive Marshfield	2 20 p. m.	7:30 a. m
Leave Grand Rapids	3:20 p. m.	8:30 a. m
Arrive Minneapolis	7:25 p. m.	7:05 p. m
Arrive St. Paul	7:40 p. m.	8:00 a. m
Arrive Eau Claire	10:25 p. m.	11:00 a. m
Arrive Chippewa Falls	11:00 p. m.	1:30 a. m
Arrive Ashland	7:25 p. m.	8:40 a. m
Arrive Duluth	4:00 p. m.	

NORTH BOUND.

Leave Grand Rapids	9:35 a. m.	5:05 a. m
Arrive Marshfield	10:35 a. m.	6:05 p. m
Arrive Chippewa Falls	1:10 p. m.	8:30 p. m
Arrive Eau Claire	1:40 p. m.	9:20 p. m
Arrive Ashland	4:15 p. m.	7:46 a. m
Arrive Duluth	7:10 p. m.	11:15 a. m
Arrive St. Paul	4 30 p. m.	8:15 a. m
Arrive Minneapolis	5:10 p. m.	8:50 a. m

NEKOOSA TRAINS.

GOING NORTH.

Grand Rapids	9:35 a. m.	5:05 p. m 6:00 p. m
South Centralia	9:30 a. m.	5:15 p. m 5:00 p. m
Port Edwards	9:25 a. m.	5:10 p. m 4:55 p. m
Nekoosa	9:15 a. m.	5:00 p. m 4:45 p. m

GOING SOUTH.

Grand Rapids	8:30 a. m.	3:50 p. m
South Centralia	8:35 a. m.	3.25 p. m
Port Edwards	8:40 a. m.	3:30 p. m 3:40 p. m
Nekoosa	8:50 a. m.	3:40 p. m 4:00 p. m

J. W. Hancoc, Agent.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

GOING NORTH.

No. 3 passenger, daily except Sunday	7.27 a. m
o. 5 passenger, daily except Sunday	5:38 p. m
No. 63, freight	12:35 p. m

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 passenger, daily	10:10 p. m
No. 8 passenger, daily except Sunday	12:35 p. m
No. 92 freight	12:45 p. m

Passenger trains going south make close connections at New Lisbon with regular trains going east and west.

Baggage checked through.

Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada. G. O. ANDERSON, Agent.

Green Bay & Western Ry.

GOING EAST.

No. 8 freight departs	5:00 a. m
No. 4 passenger departs	8:40 a. m
No. 2 passenger departs	2:42 p. m
No. 10 freight arrives	6:00 p. m
No. 28 (Sunday only) departs	7:00 a. m

GOING WEST.

No. 9 freight departs	4:00 a. m
No. 1 passenger departs	10:22 a. m
No. 3 passenger arrives	9:30 p. m
No. 7 freight arrives	7:30 p. m
No. 27 (Sunday only) arrives	9:50 p. m

Tickets for Sunday trains sold at reduced rates.

Refrigerator cars for dairy shipments for all points east or south on train No. 10, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Regular tickets on sale for all points in United States and Canada. Baggage checked through. For any information apply to the local agent. Telephone 360. Residence phone 134.

A. D. HILL, Local Agent.

Wine of Cardui Cured Her.

213 South Prior Street,
ATLANTA, GA., March 21, 1903.

I suffered for four months with extreme nervousness and lassitude. I had a sinking feeling in my stomach which no medicine seemed to relieve, and losing my appetite I became weak and lost my vitality. In three weeks I lost fourteen pounds of flesh and felt that I must find speedy relief to regain my health. Having heard Wine of Cardui praised by several of my friends, I sent for a bottle and was certainly very pleased with the results. Within three days my appetite returned and my stomach troubled me no more. I could digest my food without difficulty and the nervousness gradually diminished. Nature performed her functions without difficulty and I am once more a happy and well woman.

OLIVE JOSEPH,
Treas. Atlanta Friday Night Club.

Secure a Dollar Bottle of Wine of Cardui Today.

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AND STEAM FITTING

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A. GITCHELL,
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

ARE YOU GOING ABROAD?

Or are you going to buy any tickets from Europe? If so, remember that I represent all the leading steamship lines sailing between this country and Europe and am in a position to furnish promptly the very best accommodations at the lowest rates. I represent: The Hamburg American; The Cunard; The White Star; The American; The Red Star; The Holland-American The Allan; The Allan State; The Beaver; The Dominion, and The Scandinavian Lines and shall be pleased to furnish on application rates, sailings, and all information desired concerning any of these lines.

JOHN CASBERG,
CENTRALIA, WIS.

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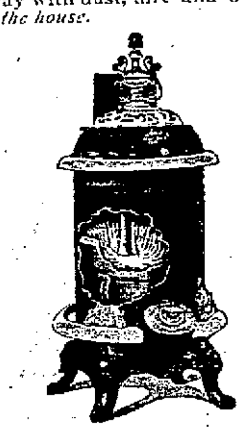
It cuts the fuel bill in two because it burns the gas arising from burning coal. Gas goes via the chimney in other stoves. Cole's Hot Blast really makes $3.00 soft coal work like $9.00 hard coal. Come in and see that smokeless feed door. Does away with dust, dirt and smoke *in the house.*



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Sole Agent.
East Side, near City Hall

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Address: DR. BREWER, 1234 Chicago Ave., Evanston, Ill.

Will be at Dixon House, this city, on Thursday, April 6. Stevens Point, April 5

T. A. TAYLOR. WM. SCOTT.

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Telephone No. 364.

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Wouldn't seem to beat two pair, in this case. But any old-timer, who has "sat in" with a little party "just to make the play a bit more interesting," will tell you that they always do. But we aren't worrying about what can

Beat Two Pair

one of a kind is all we have and all we want. Of course we've switched the subject and are talking about business now—our own business, too. We aren't caring what

Any One

else does in business. We intend to do the square thing. We aren't the kind to hold an ace or two up our sleeves. Our stock of Building Material of all kinds can't be beat. In other words it is a royal flush. If you ask those who have dealt with us in the past, they

Will Tell You

that our Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Lath, Shingles, Mouldings and everything else you could possibly use in building anything whatsoever are of the best. The best of everything. That's what we sell. Don't we get the jack-pot?

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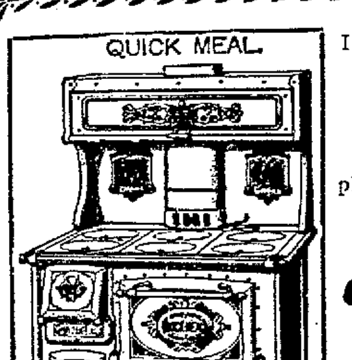
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS., EAST SIDE.



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